

THE UNITING CHURCH IN AUSTRALIA

REGULATIONS

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DEFINITIONS

Unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates, the definitions in Paragraph 3 of the Constitution shall apply to words when used in the Regulations and —

Beneficiary Fund means the Beneficiary Fund established pursuant to Regulation 3.1.6(d);

Code of Ethics means the Code of Ethics for Candidates, Community Ministers, Deacons, Deaconesses, Interns, Lay Pastors, Ministers of the Word, Pastors, Youth Workers and Ministers from another denomination serving in an approved placement relating to their professional and pastoral responsibilities, as approved by the Assembly or the Assembly Standing Committee from time to time;

Policies for the Prevention of Sexual Misconduct means those policies approved by the Assembly or the Assembly Standing Committee from time to time to deal with allegations of sexual misconduct against lay staff of the Church and its agencies, against members, adherents and volunteers, and against members in positions of leadership or responsibility;

Professional Supervision means the relationship a Minister has with another professional whereby the Minister is assisted to maintain the boundaries of the pastoral relationship and the quality of their ministry;

Responsible body means any body of the Church to which specific responsibilities are assigned by the Constitution or by any Regulation, by-law or rule;

Youth Worker means a person accredited by the Church to the specified ministry of Youth Worker.

Words in the singular shall include the plural and vice versa. Reference to a **Congregation** may thus refer to more than one Congregation where those Congregations are linked together for particular purposes.

[NOTE:

– the word “Korean” in brackets after a Regulation indicates that there is an approved alternative Regulation for Korean congregations. The alternative Regulations are found elsewhere in this publication.]

1. MEMBERSHIP

1.1 GENERAL

RECOGNITION OF MEMBERS

1.1.1 The members of the Church shall be:

- (a) those persons who at the date of the first Assembly are members of any one of the uniting churches, except those who decline to be members of the Church.
- (b) persons who at a later date become members in accordance with the procedures of the Church.

FORMS OF MEMBERSHIP

1.1.2 The membership of the Church shall be in one of the following forms:

- (a) baptised members — comprising all baptised persons who have not yet become confirmed members.
- (b) confirmed members — comprising persons confirmed by the Church or in a manner recognised by the Church.
- (c) members-in-association — being persons who are granted such recognition in accordance with Regulations 1.4.1. and 1.4.2.

1.2 BAPTISED MEMBERS

BAPTISED MEMBERS

- 1.2.1**
- (a) The names of candidates for baptism shall normally be submitted to the Church Council for prior approval.
 - (b) The sacrament shall be administered by water and in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit according to an order which meets the requirements of the Assembly.

- (c) Normally the sacrament shall be administered in the presence of the Congregation within whose life the candidates or the parents of the candidates are currently or promise in future to be involved.

RECORD OF BAPTISMS

- 1.2.2** A record of each person baptised shall be made as prescribed in the records of the Congregation in which the sacrament was administered.

BAPTISMAL CERTIFICATE

- 1.2.3** All persons baptised shall be issued with a baptismal certificate in the form approved by the Assembly.

NURTURE OF BAPTISED PERSONS

- 1.2.4** The Congregation and the Church Council shall seek to ensure that all baptised persons are nurtured within the fellowship of the Church, equipped for witness and service in the community and prepared for confirmation.

1.3 CONFIRMED MEMBERS

CONFIRMED MEMBERS

- 1.3.1** Prior to confirmation the names of candidates shall be submitted to the Church Council for approval.

PREPARATION FOR CONFIRMATION

- 1.3.2** Candidates for confirmation who have not been previously baptised shall be baptised either prior to or in conjunction with the confirmation.

CONDITIONS AND MODE OF CONFIRMATION

- 1.3.3** Confirmation shall be according to an order which meets the requirements of the Assembly and which makes provision for the candidate to declare: acknowledgement of Jesus Christ as Saviour and Lord, determination to follow him in daily life, intention to participate actively in the fellowship of the Church and to support its work, and resolution to seek the extension of the reign of God in human society.

CONFIRMED MEMBERS ROLL

- 1.3.4** Following confirmation the person's name shall be recorded on the roll of confirmed members.

1.4 MEMBERS-IN-ASSOCIATION

MEMBERS-IN-ASSOCIATION

- 1.4.1** A person may apply to the Church Council for recognition as a member-in-association if the person:
- (a) is a member of another Christian denomination but not actively engaged in the life of that denomination and participates in the corporate life of the Congregation and accepts the polity and discipline of the Church; or
 - (b) participates actively in the corporate life of two Congregations of the Church and is enrolled as a confirmed member of the other Congregation.

ADMISSION OF MEMBERS-IN-ASSOCIATION

- 1.4.2** A person so recognised by the Church Council shall be admitted to membership according to an order which meets the requirements of the Assembly and the person's name shall then be entered on the roll of members-in-association.

1.5 MEMBERS' RIGHT TO VOTE

- 1.5** All confirmed members and members-in-association shall have the right to vote:
- (a) at meetings of the Congregation in respect of which they are enrolled.
 - (b) in any committee, council or other body to which they, being eligible, have been appointed.

1.6 MEMBERSHIP ROLLS

MEMBERSHIP ROLLS

- 1.6.1**
- (a) The rolls of the Congregation shall be kept by the Church Council and shall include:
 - (i) a roll of baptised members indicating the name, place and date of baptism, and, in the case of infants, the date of birth of the infant and the names of parents;
 - (ii) a roll of confirmed members indicating the name, the date of admission, transfer, removal or other action concerning each member;
 - (iii) a roll of members-in-association, including the name of the other denomination and congregation in which membership is retained; and
 - (iv) a roll of adherents.
 - (b) The Church Council shall annually undertake a review of the rolls and in making the review, shall consider whether any person who is enrolled as a member-in-association in accordance with Regulation 1.4.1(b) continues to participate actively in the corporate life of both Congregations.

REMOVAL OF NAME FROM ROLL

- 1.6.2**
- (a) A member's name shall be removed from the roll when such member
 - (i) dies;
 - (ii) is transferred to another Congregation;
 - (iii) resigns or otherwise signifies a desire to discontinue membership; or
 - (iv) is declared by the Church Council to be a person no longer qualified to be recognised as a member.
 - (b) The removal of a member's name from the roll in accordance with (a)(iv) shall not be effected until the member has first been given reasonable notice that the matter is to be considered, and until reasonable efforts have been made by the Minister and the Church Council to offer the member pastoral care.
 - (c) Any person who considers that their name has been wrongfully removed from the roll of members shall have the same rights of appeal as those set out in Regulation 5.2.3.

INSPECTION OF ROLLS BY PRESBYTERY

- 1.6.3** The rolls shall be available for inspection by the Presbytery at such intervals as it determines. In the event of a Congregation being disbanded its roll shall be forwarded to Presbytery for safe keeping.

1.7 TRANSFERS

TRANSFER OF MEMBERS

- 1.7.1** (a) A member or the parents or guardians of a baptised member may request and shall be granted by the Church Council a certificate of transfer to a specific Congregation in another place. In addition, the secretary of the Church Council shall forward an appropriate letter to the secretary of the Church Council of the new Congregation.
- (b) In the event of a member moving beyond the bounds of the Congregation but no certificate of transfer being sought, the secretary of the Church Council shall forward an appropriate letter to the secretary of the Church Council related to the new Congregation, if known. If no request for transfer is received within two years of a member leaving the Congregation the member's name shall be removed from the members' roll and the reason for the removal entered therein.

ADMISSION OF MEMBERS BY TRANSFER

- 1.7.2** (a) Any member of the Church possessing a certificate of transfer may apply to the appropriate Church Council and shall be granted admission to membership, which shall be recognised by an appropriate ceremony and the member's name entered on the roll.
- (b) A person who is a confirmed member of another denomination desiring to transfer membership to the Church shall present a certificate of transfer or other evidence to the Church Council which shall determine the matter. A person so accepted shall be received and recognised at an appropriate ceremony and the member's name entered on the roll of confirmed members.

1.8 ADHERENTS

ADHERENTS

1.8.1 In addition to a roll of members, a roll of persons who, though not members or members-in-association, regularly attend the services of worship and share in the life of the Congregation shall be kept. Such persons shall be known as adherents of the Church.

PRIVILEGES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1.8.2**
- (a) Adherents may attend and speak at meetings of the Congregation but not in the determination of any item of business.
 - (b) Adherents may be appointed as members of committees of the Congregation.

2. MINISTRY

2.1 DEFINITIONS

In Part 2 unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates:

Applicant means a person who has applied to become a candidate for the ministry of Minister of the Word or of Deacon;

Candidate means a person preparing for ministry as a Minister of the Word or Deacon, whose application for candidature has been approved in accordance with these Regulations;

Certificated Candidate means a candidate to whom ~~the Ministerial Education Commission has issued a statement has been issued~~ certifying that the education and formation requirements of ordination have been fulfilled;

Minister means Minister of the Word, Deacon or Deaconess (see Para 3, Constitution);

Ordinand means a candidate who has fulfilled the requirements for ordination;

Placements Committee means the Advisory Committee on Ministerial Placements referred to in Regulation 3.7.4.2;

Period of discernment means a period during which a person will engage with the Church to explore a call to ministry;

Selection panel means the selection panel referred to in Regulation 2.3.2.4;

Student means a person who is undertaking a course of study in a theological college; the term ‘student’ does not carry any necessary implication, of subsequent candidature for ministry.

[Korean]

2.2 DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF THE SPECIFIED MINISTRIES

DUTIES OF A MINISTER (See Para 3, Constitution)

- 2.2.1** (a) Within the ministry of the whole Church, Jesus Christ calls men and women to proclamation of the gospel in word and deed through the ministry of the Word and the ministry of Deacon. This calling is exercised by:
- (i) preaching of the Word;
 - (ii) presiding at the celebration of the sacraments;
 - (iii) providing for other persons to preside at worship and/or preach within the pastoral charge in which the Minister is in placement;
 - (iv) witnessing in the community to the gospel of Jesus Christ;
 - (v) guiding and instructing the members of the Church and equipping them for their ministry in the community;
 - (vi) nurturing candidates for baptism and confirmation;
 - (vii) pastoral oversight and counsel wherever needed;
 - (viii) serving in the community, especially among those who are hurt, dis-advantaged, oppressed or marginalized;
 - (ix) careful attention to administrative responsibilities;
 - (x) due observance of the discipline of the Church;
 - (xi) the enhancement of the Minister's own gifts for the work of ministry;
 - (xii) pioneering new expressions of the gospel and encouraging effective ways of fulfilling the mission of the Church.
- (b) Every Minister shall participate fully and regularly in the public worship of God and the mission and fellowship of the Congregation with which the Minister is enrolled (See Reg. 2.9.3).
- (c) Every Minister shall report annually to the Presbytery with which the Minister is enrolled on the ways in which the duties of a Minister as prescribed in Regulations 2.2.1(a) and (b) are being exercised.

DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF THE MINISTRY OF PASTOR

- 2.2.2** (a) Pastor is a specified lay ministry of the Church and means a lay person commissioned by a Presbytery, (or a Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), to minister within a Congregation, community or Church based organisation for the purpose of undertaking one or more of the following tasks:
- (i) teaching the beliefs and practices of the Church; and / or
 - (ii) pastoral oversight of members and / or groups operating under the auspices of the Church; and / or
 - (iii) leadership of worship in congregations or faith communities of the Church; and / or
 - (iv) evangelism or service beyond a gathered congregation but which is exercised under the auspices of the Church.
- (b) No appointment of a person to a remunerated position, which involves the exercise of the responsibilities outlined in Regulation 2.2.2(a), shall be made without prior consultation with the Presbytery (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment).
- (c) The Presbytery shall consider designating a ministry location as appropriate for the ministry of Pastor when lay persons are making a significant contribution of their gifts to the Church by fulfilling any of the tasks set out in Regulation 2.2.2(a) in ministry locations designated as appropriate for the ministry of Pastor (See Reg. 2.6.9).

DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAY PREACHER

- 2.2.3** (a) The ministry of Lay Preacher is one in which lay persons may participate in the proclamation of the gospel and in witness to Christian faith and experience, and for which they have received gifts and are called by the Holy Spirit.
- (b) A member of the Church who is recognised as a Lay Preacher may conduct services of worship in the Congregation in which such Lay Preacher holds membership and in any other Congregation to which the

Lay Preacher may be invited by the Minister, or where there is no Minister in placement the Church Council.

- (c) Any Lay Preacher transferring membership from one Congregation to another shall be recognised as such in the Congregation to which transfer is made.

DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF THE MINISTRY OF YOUTH WORKER

2.2.4 In these Regulations Youth Worker means a person accredited by the Church to the specified ministry of Youth Worker, a ministry directed primarily to persons aged between 12 and 25 years. The scope of this ministry includes:

- (a) assisting the Church to proclaim the gospel of Jesus Christ to young people;
- (b) assisting the Church to guide and nurture young people in the Christian faith and membership of the Church;
- (c) training and assisting leaders and other volunteers in youth ministry;
- (d) empowering young people for participation in the community and in the Church;
- (e) assisting the Church in mission with young people in the community and engaging in mission with young people on behalf of the Church;
- (f) being an advocate for young people in the community and in the Church;
- (g) undertaking activities which enhance the Youth Worker's gifts and skills in youth ministry;
- (h) co-operating with other Youth Workers, with members of other specified ministries and with lay members of the Church in the above areas of ministry.

DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAY PASTOR

- 2.2.5** The ministry of Lay Pastor is a specified lay ministry, normally stipended and full-time, and is a pastoral ministry within a local or particular setting.

DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNITY MINISTER

- 2.2.6** (a) Community ministry is a specified lay ministry of the Church.
- (b) In Regulations 2.2.6, 2.4.8, 2.7.6, 2.9.6 and 2.9.7 unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates:
- (i) **community** means people of a particular locality or people who belong to a particular cultural group or sub-group;
 - (ii) **Community Minister** means a leader from within a community commissioned by a Presbytery to minister within that community; Community Ministers are normally non-stipended and part-time.
- (c) The scope of the community ministry will be determined by the Presbytery and may include:
- (i) providing a ministry of service within a community;
 - (ii) seeking to establish a new Congregation in a community;
 - (iii) working within an existing Congregation.

2.3 CANDIDATURE AND SELECTION

PERIOD OF DISCERNMENT

- 2.3.1** (a) Any member of the Church may engage in a period of discernment subject to and in accordance with the guidelines approved by the Assembly Standing Committee (on the advice of the Ministerial Education Commission). The purpose is to enable the member and the Church together to discern the nature of the ministry to which God may be calling the member.
- (b) A member of the Church who is considering making application for candidature to either of the two ordained ministries shall engage in a period of discernment.

2.3.2 PROCESS FOR CANDIDATURE FOR A MINISTER

QUALIFICATIONS REQUIRED OF AN APPLICANT FOR CANDIDATURE

- 2.3.2.1** (a) An applicant for candidature as a Minister shall satisfy the Presbytery:
- (i) that the applicant is, and for the period of twelve months prior to making an application under Regulation 2.3.2.2 has been, a confirmed member of the Church;
 - (ii) that the applicant is suitable in character, personality and spiritual maturity and has the capacity to exercise the responsibilities of the specific ministry for which application is made; and
 - (iii) that the applicant has engaged satisfactorily in the period of discernment.
- (b) The Presbytery may waive the 12 month requirement in (a)(i) in exceptional circumstances.
- (c) An applicant for candidature as a Minister shall, in addition to the requirements of paragraph (a), satisfy the Presbytery:
- (i) that the applicant has satisfactorily completed the final years of secondary education at a level sufficient to secure entrance to a degree course in an Australian University; or
 - (ii) that the applicant has educational qualifications acceptable to the Assembly as equivalent thereto;

provided that any applicant who cannot so satisfy the Presbytery may be permitted to proceed with the application upon condition that prior to final determination of the application by the Synod selection panel under Regulation 2.3.2.4, an academic qualification referred to in sub-paragraphs (c)(i) and (c)(ii) is obtained or the applicant undertakes and satisfactorily completes a precandidature course of education which complies with the standards prescribed from time to time by the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly and for

which course credit may, where appropriate, be given in the course of training for the specific ministry.

APPLICATION FOR CANDIDATURE FOR MINISTER

2.3.2.2 (a) (i) Any person seeking to become a candidate shall make written application to the Presbytery through the Minister of the Congregation (or through the appropriate member of the ministerial team in the Congregation) in which the applicant holds membership. If there is no Minister of the Congregation in which the applicant holds membership, the application may be made directly to the Presbytery.

(ii) The applicant shall make available to the Presbytery such additional information and material as is prescribed under these Regulations or as may be required by the Presbytery or by the Ministerial Education Board, including information on the applicant's participation in the period of discernment.

- (b) An application may be lodged at any time prior to the commencement of a course of study or during a course of study or subsequent to a course of study, provided that any candidate must fulfil or have fulfilled the pre-requisites for and the demands of the course of study as set out in these Regulations.
- (c) Acceptance as a student of a theological college neither presupposes nor precludes subsequent acceptance as a candidate.
- (d) Acceptance as a candidate does not preclude subsequent acceptance for service in one of the other specified ministries of the Church.
- (e) Any former certificated candidate of the Church may apply to a Presbytery for readmission as a candidate, in which case Regulations 2.3.1 to 2.3.2.5 shall apply.

PRESBYTERY RESPONSIBILITIES IN SELECTION OF CANDIDATES FOR MINISTER

2.3.2.3 (a) As soon as possible following receipt of an application the Presbytery shall request a confidential report from ~~the~~ an appropriate Minister and shall seek comment from the Church Council where the applicant's membership is held and other referees, and shall then consider the application in accordance with the Regulations.

The Presbytery or a designated committee of the Presbytery shall:

- (i) receive the application together with the confidential report of the Minister and the comments of the Church Council;
- (ii) consider the references submitted by the nominated referees and by other persons as it sees fit;
- (iii) interview the applicant;
- (iv) conduct such other tests or call for such other information as it may require or as may be required by the selection panel; and
- (v) prepare a report and recommendation to the selection panel.

(b) In considering its report and recommendation under Regulation 2.3.2.3(a)(v) the Presbytery or Presbytery committee shall satisfy itself regarding the matters mentioned in Regulation 2.3.2.1, and have regard, among other things, to:

- (i) the nature of the services to be performed within the ministry for which application is made;
- (ii) the present qualifications and apparent potential of the applicant;
- (iii) the spiritual maturity and motivations of the applicant; and
- (iv) the applicant's personality and character.

A two-thirds majority of members present shall be required to commend the applicant to the Synod selection panel as suitable for candidature. Alternatively, the Presbytery may defer such commendation or may reject the application.

(c) Where the Presbytery resolves to commend the applicant to the selection panel, the Presbytery shall forward to the selection panel its report and resolutions together with

other reports, references and information conveyed to it in accordance with Regulation 2.3.2.2 and 2.3.2.3.

SELECTION PANEL OF CANDIDATES FOR MINISTER

- 2.3.2.4** (a) Each application for candidature shall be considered by a selection panel comprising the members appointed by the Ministerial Education Board pursuant to Regulation 3.7.4.3(c)(iii)(3). and a representative appointed by the applicant's Presbytery. A Presbytery may appoint a different representative in relation to each application for candidature from the Presbytery.

Duties

- (b) The selection panel shall have before it all relevant documents and:
- (i) arrange for medical, psychological and other assessments;
 - (ii) seek further information as it considers necessary;
 - (iii) meet with the applicants; and
 - (iv) determine the outcome of applications forwarded by Presbyteries.
- (c) In considering the applications before it, the selection panel shall have regard, among other things, to:
- (i) the spiritual maturity and motivation of each applicant;
 - (ii) the capacities and assessed potential for leadership of each applicant;
 - (iii) the ability and assessed potential of each applicant to fulfil the requirements of the course of studies (where applicable) and the responsibilities of the specified ministry;
 - (iv) the most appropriate vocational direction for each applicant in accordance with the applicant's gifts; and
 - (v) the character and personality of the applicant.
- (d) The selection panel shall determine the application by:
- (i) acceptance of the applicant as a candidate for the ministry applied for, with or without any conditions attached to that acceptance, or

- (ii) deferral of the application, with or without any conditions which must be satisfied before further consideration of the application; or
- (iii) acceptance of the applicant for a form of ministry other than that for which application was made, or
- (iv) encouragement of the applicant to continue to exercise a ministry as a lay member of the Church but rejection of the application to serve in one of the specified ministries.

and shall inform the applicant and the Presbytery of its decision.

- (e) The resolution of the selection panel accepting an applicant shall:
 - (i) specify the ministry for which the applicant is accepted as a candidate and, if appropriate, specify any conditions which may attach to the acceptance, and make recommendations relative to the candidature; and
 - (ii) refer the candidate to the Ministerial Education Board.

RIGHT OF APPEAL AGAINST A DECISION OF THE PRESBYTERY OR THE SELECTION PANEL

- 2.3.2.5**
- (a) An applicant may appeal against a decision made pursuant to Regulation 2.3.2.3(b), or 2.3.2.4(d)(ii), (iii) or (iv), only on the ground that correct procedures have not been followed in accordance with the Regulations.
 - (b) The appeal is to be made within 14 days of receipt of the communication of the decision. The appeal shall be lodged with the Synod Secretary in writing.
 - (c) The Synod Standing Committee shall appoint an appeal committee of three persons to determine the matter. The appeal committee shall consult with the applicant and the Presbytery and, when appropriate, the selection panel. The appeal committee shall then either dismiss the appeal or require the Presbytery or the selection panel to reconsider the application. A decision of the appeal committee shall be final.

CHANGE OF ORDAINED MINISTRY

- 2.3.2.6** (a) A Minister of the Word or Deacon may apply in writing to the Presbytery to be accepted as a candidate for the other ordained Ministry. If accepted, and when all requirements for ordination to the other ministry have been satisfied, such person shall be ordained, and shall cease to be recognised in their previous ministry.
- (b) The Presbytery shall deal with the application in terms of Regulations 2.3.2.3 to 2.3.2.5, with the exception of requiring a report and recommendations of the Church Council and confidential report of the Minister.

TERMINATION OF CANDIDATURE

2.3.2.7 The Presbytery which has the pastoral care and oversight of the candidate may terminate the candidature on any one of the following grounds that:

- (a) the candidate has resigned;
- (b) following consultation with the faculty and the Ministerial Education Board, in the judgment of the Presbytery, the candidate is not considered suitable for the work of the specified ministry;
- (c) as advised by the faculty or other training authority, the candidate has not attained satisfactory standards in the course of training or that, in the judgment of the faculty, the candidate is not considered suitable for the work of the specified ministry.

Consideration of termination of candidature may be initiated by the Presbytery, the faculty or the Ministerial Education Board.

Any candidate for ministry whose candidature has been terminated by the Presbytery in accordance with Regulation 2.3.2.7(b) or (c) may appeal to the Synod which shall refer the matter to the Convenor of the Standing Appeal Panel to be dealt with under Part 6 of these Regulations.

PROCESS FOR THE SELECTION OF A PASTOR

- 2.3.3.** (a) A person may make application for the ministry of Pastor by:

- (i) applying for a ministry appointment that is designated by the Presbytery, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), as appropriate for the exercise of the ministry of Pastor; or
 - (ii) offering to serve the Church in an approved placement, through a written application to the Synod.
- (b) In considering and determining applications made under Regulation 2.3.3(a)(i) the appointing body shall have reference to:
- (i) confidential testimonials, supplied at the request of the appointing body, from ~~the an appropriate Minister, of the applicant's Congregation and the Church Council of the applicant's Congregation;~~
 - (ii) the gifts and graces appropriate to the particular expression of the ministry of Pastor for which the person is applying;
 - (iii) the applicant's spiritual maturity and sense of call;
 - (iv) the applicant's capacity for exercising this ministry and perceived potential to meet the required competencies for the ministry of Pastor;
 - (v) the applicant's personality and character; and
 - (vi) the applicant's willingness to accept the doctrine, polity and discipline of the Church.
- (c) A Synod body designated by the Synod shall have responsibility for considering and determining applications made under Regulation 2.3.3 (a)(ii). The procedures to be followed by the Synod body shall be approved by the Synod and shall include:
- (i) ~~requests for confidential testimonials from the an appropriate Minister, of the applicant's Congregation and the Church Council of the applicant's Congregation;~~
 - (ii) an interview with the applicant;
 - (iii) consideration of the applicant's:
 - (1) gifts and graces appropriate to the ministry of Pastor;
 - (2) spiritual maturity and sense of call;

- (3) capacity for exercising this ministry and perceived potential to meet the required competencies for the ministry of Pastor;
- (4) personality and character; and
- (5) willingness to accept the doctrine, polity and discipline of the Church.

PROCESS FOR CANDIDATURE AND SELECTION OF LAY PREACHERS

- 2.3.4** (a) Any person offering to serve as a Lay Preacher must be:
- (i) a confirmed member of the Church and must have held the status of a confirmed member for twelve months or more or have held equivalent status in another church acknowledged by the Church; and
 - (ii) assessed by the Presbytery as a person of suitable character, personality, spiritual maturity and capacity to exercise the responsibilities of Lay Preacher.
- (b) Applicants shall make written application to the Presbytery through the Minister of the Congregation (or through the appropriate member of the ministerial team in the Congregation) in which the applicant holds membership. If there is no Minister of the Congregation in which the applicant holds membership, the application may be made directly to the Presbytery;
- (c) The Minister of the Congregation or, if there is no such Minister, the Presbytery, shall notify the Church Council of the application, after which the Church Council shall interview the applicant and forward the application, with its report and recommendations, to the Presbytery within ninety days after receipt of the application by the Minister of the Congregation.
- (d) The Presbytery shall request a confidential report from an appropriate Minister and shall make such other investigations and enquiries as it sees fit and may interview the applicant and shall either accept the applicant as a candidate for training as a Lay Preacher or reject the application providing that a two-thirds majority vote of members present shall be required for acceptance.

2.4 FORMATION, EDUCATION AND RECOGNITION

FORMATION AND EDUCATION FOR A MINISTER

2.4.1 A candidate for Minister:

- (a) shall undertake formation and education requirements in accordance with the standards set by the ~~Ministerial Education Commission~~ Assembly, and as prescribed by the faculty or theological college council to which the candidates is referred by the Ministerial Education Board;
- (b) may request a leave of absence or deferral of studies from the Ministerial Education Board (See Reg 3.7.4.3(c)(ii)).

PASTORAL CARE OF CANDIDATES AND CERTIFICATED CANDIDATES

- 2.4.2 (a) The Presbytery which commended the applicant who has been accepted as a candidate shall arrange for the pastoral care and oversight of the candidate in consultation with the faculty or theological college council.
- (b) A candidate who has satisfactorily completed the prescribed course shall remain under the pastoral care and oversight of the Presbytery until the candidate is ordained or otherwise admitted to a specified form of service of the Church or resigns or has the candidature terminated as provided for under these Regulations or is transferred to the pastoral care and oversight of another Presbytery.
- (c) When a Presbytery transfers a candidate or certificated candidate to the pastoral care and oversight of another Presbytery, it shall provide the latter Presbytery with a report on progress towards readiness for the ministry intended.

COMPETENCY DEVELOPMENT FOR MINISTRY OF PASTOR

- 2.4.3 **Core competencies** means those competencies determined by the ~~Ministerial Education Commission~~ Assembly as essential for all persons that exercise the Ministry of Pastor.

General competencies means those competencies determined by the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly as essential for all persons exercising a particular ministry role, for example chaplain, youth worker, etc.

- (a) A Pastor shall develop the general competencies identified by the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly as appropriate for the particular ministry in which the Pastor is engaged.
- (b) The Presbytery, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), shall identify the general competencies yet to be developed by the Pastor and the time frame within which they shall be acquired.
- (c) The Presbytery that has oversight of the Pastor, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), shall monitor the progress of the Pastor to ensure that the relevant competencies are being developed.

TRAINING FOR A LAY PREACHER

2.4.4 (a) The Synod shall establish or approve training centres to assist in the training of Lay Preachers and shall establish a committee or other such body to direct such training and to conduct such examinations as are prescribed at a standard determined by the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly.

- (b) Candidates for training as Lay Preachers shall be required to undertake such preparation and training as are prescribed by the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly.

RECOGNITION AND ORDINATION OF A MINISTER

2.4.5 Recognition

- (a) A Minister is recognised by ordination, by admission from another denomination (See Reg 2.5.1), or by the re-admission of a former Minister (See Reg. 2.5.2). A Minister is recognised as such for the whole of life unless that recognition is withdrawn.

Approval for Ordination

- (b) A candidate for ordination shall:
 - (i) affirm a sense of vocation appropriate to a Minister of the Word or a Deacon;
 - (ii) express adherence to the polity and discipline of the Church, and be prepared to make the required ordination vows;
 - (iii) have complied with the current requirements of the Church for the education of Ministers of the Word or of Deacons;
 - (iv) submit, where applicable, an enrolment form and health statement for membership of the Beneficiary Fund or such other required particulars to enable the candidate to become a member of the Beneficiary Fund.

- (c) The ordaining Presbytery shall be satisfied as to the suitability of the character and abilities of the candidate for ministry as a Minister of the Word or a Deacon as the case may be. In the case where the ordaining Presbytery has not previously had pastoral care of the candidate, it shall be guided in its decision by the report of that Presbytery which last had pastoral care of the candidate.

- (d) A person who fulfils the requirements for ordination shall be ordained, after accepting a call made or approved by a Presbytery, Synod or the Assembly. The Presbytery with the pastoral responsibility for the ordinand may itself perform the ordination or, if the ordinand is to minister within another Presbytery, may arrange for that other Presbytery to ordain the ordinand.

- (e) If a candidate has fulfilled all other requirements for ordination and, with the prior approval of the Presbytery and Synod, has accepted a call to a pastoral charge overseas, the Presbytery may ordain that person.

Service of Ordination

- (f) The ordination service shall be conducted by the Presbytery in accordance with a form authorised by the Assembly.

- (g) Ordination shall:

- (i) be by prayer and the laying on of hands.
 - (ii) be presided over by the chairperson of the Presbytery or the chairperson's appointee.
 - (iii) include at least four members of the ordaining Presbytery (at least two of whom shall be Ministers and at least two of whom shall be lay persons).
- (h) The ordination shall take place at such time as the Presbytery may arrange and shall normally be in the presence of a Congregation, though not necessarily the Congregation among whom the ordinand is to minister.

RECOGNITION OF MINISTRY OF PASTOR

2.4.6 A person shall be recognised as a Pastor when after having applied:

- (a) the person has been a confirmed member or member in association of the Church for a period of twelve months prior to being recognised as a Pastor; and
- (b) the Presbytery, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), is satisfied that the applicant can demonstrate the core competencies (See Reg. 2.4.3); and
- (c) the person is appointed to a ministry location designated as appropriate for the ministry of Pastor (See Reg. 2.6.9).

At the time of recognition the Presbytery (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment) shall advise the Placements Committee.

RECOGNITION OF LAY PREACHERS

2.4.7 Recognition

- (a) The Church recognises as Lay Preachers:
 - (i) persons who at the time of the inauguration held the office of Lay Preacher or Local Preacher in any one of the uniting churches, and who signified adherence to the Basis of Union;
 - (ii) persons who are subsequently recognised as Lay Preachers in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Assembly.

- (b) A former Minister whose recognition has been withdrawn under the provisions of Regulation 2.10.3(a), and who is in good standing with the Church, may upon request be recognised as a Lay Preacher.
- (c) Candidates who have fulfilled the training requirements and passed the prescribed examinations may apply to the Presbytery through their Church Council for recognised as Lay Preachers.
- (d) Recognition is dependent upon the candidate demonstrating an understanding of and affirming adherence to the Basis of Union.
- (e) The Presbytery shall determine whether or not a candidate is to be recognised as a Lay Preacher and shall, where appropriate, arrange for a service of worship at which such recognition will be acknowledged before the Church, and shall issue a certificate of recognition as a Lay Preacher.
- (f) Each Presbytery shall maintain a roll of Lay Preachers and on the advice of the appropriate Church Council shall from time to time enter the names of Lay Preachers according to the following classifications:
 - (i) active;
 - (ii) inactive - unavailable for an extended period;
 - (iii) retired.

CANDIDATURE PROCESS FOR COMMUNITY MINISTER

(The Ministry of Community Minister has closed to new candidates)

- 2.4.8** (a) During the period of candidature the candidate shall:
- (i) undertake the required studies, as determined by the Ministerial Education Board. In determining the educational requirements the Ministerial Education Board shall take into account the candidate's life experience and experience in the church, the part-time nature of community ministry, and the specific nature of the ministry to be exercised.;
 - (ii) minister under the terms and conditions, approved by the Presbytery, which shall include:
 - (1) a description of the ministry;

- (2) how the minister will relate to other ministers, lay and ordained;
 - (3) proportion of time to be given to the ministry;
 - (4) any provision for expenses and other financial arrangements;
 - (5) anticipated duration of the placement.
- (b) During the period of candidature the Presbytery shall monitor the candidate's progress and provide regular reports to the Ministerial Education Board committee (See Reg. 3.7.4.3(d)).
- (c) A candidate will be commissioned by the Presbytery, according to the form of service authorised by the Assembly, when
- (i) the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly (on the recommendation of the Ministerial Education Board) certifies that the required course of studies has been completed;
 - (ii) the Presbytery is satisfied as to the candidate's readiness for commissioning, and
 - (iii) the community, Congregation or other appropriate body affirms that it will accept the candidate as a Community Minister.

YOUTH WORKER ACCREDITATION

2.4.9 Subject to Regulation 2.10.6, the accreditation of a Youth Worker shall continue while the Youth Worker is:

- (a) in a placement;
- (b) awaiting an initial or new placement; or
- (c) on a leave of absence (See Reg. 2.6.1(c)).

2.5 PROCESS FOR THE ADMISSION OF MINISTERS

2.5.1 (a) Any person in the ministry of another denomination may apply to a Synod for admission to a ministry in the Church.

- (b) The criteria for eligibility of a minister of another denomination for admission as a Minister in the Church shall be:
- (i) if the applicant be seeking admission to the ministry of the Word, the applicant's ordination shall have been to the ministry of the Word and Sacraments in a denomination of the church catholic recognised by the Church for the purposes of this Regulation;
 - (ii) if the applicant be seeking admission to the ministry of Deacon, the applicant shall have been admitted to a ministry comparable to the ministry of Deacon in the Church in a denomination of the church catholic recognised by the Church for the purpose of this Regulation;
 - (iii) unless there are special circumstances the applicant shall have received an education (academic study and ministerial formation) comparable to that required of certificated candidates for the corresponding ministry in the Church or attained competency comparable to that required of Ministers;
 - (iv) the applicant shall declare that upon admission to the particular ministry the undertakings required by the Church will be given;
 - (v) unless there are special circumstances the applicant shall produce evidence of good standing in the denomination from which the applicant comes.
- (c) The question whether an applicant has satisfied the criteria for eligibility shall be decided by or at the direction of a committee on the admission of Ministers from other denominations appointed by the Assembly Standing Committee.
- (d) (i) Where a decision has been made pursuant to Regulation 2.5.1(e) that an applicant does not meet the criteria for eligibility in Regulation 2.5.1(b), the applicant may seek a review of the decision by request in writing to the General Secretary of the Assembly on the ground that having regard to all the material before the decision makers the

decision was unreasonable. The request for review shall be made no later than 21 days after notification of the decision and shall contain the arguments upon which the applicant relies in requesting the review.

(ii) Upon receipt of the written request for review the General Secretary of the Assembly shall appoint a review panel consisting of three persons, at least one of whom shall have expertise in the issues which are the subject of the review. The review panel shall elect its own chairperson.

(iii) The review panel shall be provided with the written request for review and with all documents and materials relied upon in the making of the decision under review, together with a report outlining the reasons for the decision reached, and may at its discretion consider such further information.

(iv) The review panel may:

- (1) dismiss the application for review;
- (2) refer the matter back to the committee referred to in Regulation 2.5.1(c) for reconsideration; or
- (3) set aside the decision and determine that the criteria for eligibility have been met, where it determines that having regard to the material before it the decision was unreasonable.

Where the review panel dismisses the application or determines that the criteria for eligibility have been met, its decision is final.

(e) An application shall be submitted to the Secretary of the Synod and shall include:

(i) an affirmation by the applicant of willingness to accept the doctrine, polity and discipline of the Church;

(ii) at least three personal testimonials;

(iii) details of education of the applicant;

(iv) details of service with any denomination in which the applicant has served;

(v) where applicable an enrolment form and health statement for membership of the Beneficiary Fund or such other required particulars to enable the

applicant to become a member of the Beneficiary Fund;

(vi) such other evidence of eligibility of the applicant for the ministry to which admission is being sought as the Secretary requires;

(f) Upon receipt of the application the Secretary shall:

(i) arrange for tests and interviews considered to be appropriate by the Synod or its Standing Committee or such other committee as either shall appoint;

(ii) seek a determination as to the eligibility of the applicant in accordance with the criteria in Regulation 2.5.1(a)–(d);

(iii) seek evidence of the applicant's sincerity of intention and ability to integrate into the Church;

(iv) seek a statement from the chairperson of any Presbytery of the Church in whose area the applicant has served another denomination;

(v) make such other enquiries as the Secretary thinks fit.

(g) The Synod or its Standing Committee shall then proceed to determine the application in any one of the following ways:

(i) acceptance;

(ii) provisional acceptance, subject to confirmation of such acceptance following the completion of a satisfactory period of probationary service which may include specified supplementary training;

(iii) deferment for further consideration and determination at the next meeting of the Synod or by its Standing Committee;

(iv) rejection.

(h) A Minister admitted from the ministry of another denomination shall be recognised in a service arranged by the Presbytery in accordance with provisions laid down by the Assembly.

APPLICATION BY A MINISTER OF ANOTHER DENOMINATION TO SERVE IN A PLACEMENT

- 2.5.1 (a) This Regulation shall apply to any minister of another denomination
- (i) whose ordination to ministry of that denomination is recognised by the Assembly and
 - (ii) who desires to apply to serve in a Placement in the Church.
- (b) The application shall be made to the Synod.
- (c) A placement or placements shall be for no more than three years in total unless the Synod or the Assembly (in the case of an Assembly placement) determines otherwise after considering:
- (i) any mutual understanding, written or unwritten, between the Church and a partner church concerning the placement of Ministers from the partner church into a ministry of the Church;
 - (ii) in a case where the applicant has also applied for admission as a Minister of the Church and has engaged in the process relating to that admission in good faith, whether that process is likely to be completed within the three year period; and
 - (iii) any other matters that it considers relevant.
- (d) The Synod shall assess the suitability of an applicant to serve in a ministry of the Church having regard to:
- (i) whether the applicant is of good standing in the denomination in which he/she has been ordained and in each denomination in which the applicant has subsequently been in ministry;
 - (ii) the commitment of the applicant to the Church;
 - (iii) the educational attainments of the applicant;
 - (iv) if the applicant is not an Australian citizen, the applicant's immigration status;
 - (v) the language proficiency of the applicant relevant to the context;
 - (vi) any guidelines or requirements laid down by the Assembly; and
 - (vii) advice in relation to the previous ministry experience of the applicant.

- (e) The Synod shall seek confirmation from the Assembly that the ordination of the denomination from which the applicant comes has been previously recognised and, if not, request the Assembly to consider such approval.
- (f) The Synod shall determine whether the applicant is required to complete any ongoing education or formation.
- (g) In conjunction with the Presbytery, the Synod shall appoint a mentor who will work with the applicant to ensure any education or formation requirements under 2.5.1(f) are met.
- (h) A placement shall not be extended where an application made under Regulation 2.5.2 has been completed and the result of that application was that it was rejected or deferred.

ADMISSION OF A MINISTER FROM ANOTHER DENOMINATION

- 2.5.2 (a) Any minister of another denomination whose ordination to ministry of that denomination is recognised by the Assembly may apply to a Synod for admission as a Minister of the Word or Deacon.
- (b) The Synod will not process an application by an applicant who has had no, or limited, prior experience in the Church until the applicant has served in a placement in the Church for at least 12 months unless the Synod decides to shorten the period of prior service by reason of exceptional circumstances.
- (c) In considering an application, the Synod shall
- (i) take account of the
 - matters referred to in Regulation 2.5.1(d);
 - standards for ministerial education and formation prescribed by the Assembly;
 - experience of the applicant and the Church in a placement; and
 - (ii) determine whether the applicant is required to undertake formation for ministry in the Church.
- (d) The Synod shall then proceed to determine the application in any one of the following ways:

- (i) acceptance subject to issue of a certificate of completion by the Assembly;
 - (ii) provisional acceptance, subject to satisfactory completion of all requirements of the Assembly and the Synod within such period as the Synod shall determine;
 - (iii) deferment for further consideration; or
 - (iv) rejection.
- (e) A minister of another denomination whose admission as a Minister of the Church is approved shall be recognised as a Minister of the Word or a Deacon in a service arranged by the Presbytery in accordance with provisions laid down by the Assembly.
- (f) Any person whose application for admission has been rejected by the Synod under Regulation 2.5.2(e) may appeal on the grounds that the process followed did not comply with these Regulations. The appeal shall be dealt with under Part 6 of these Regulations.

ROLE OF THE ASSEMBLY IN THE ADMISSION OF MINISTERS FROM ANOTHER DENOMINATION

2.5.3

- (a) The Assembly shall establish guidelines for assessing the suitability of, and requirements for the education and formation of, ordained ministers of other denominations who apply to serve in a placement for a Minister in the Church or for admission as a Minister of the Word or Deacon and shall provide such guidelines to the Synods.
- (b) The guidelines referred to in Regulation 2.5.3(a) shall include a requirement that, unless there are special circumstances, the applicant shall have received an education (academic study and ministerial formation) comparable to that of certified candidates for the corresponding ministry in the Church or attained competency comparable to that required of a Minister.
- (c) The Assembly shall provide oversight of the process of the application, assessment and admission, and will establish and maintain a list of ordained ministries of

denominations of the church catholic that are recognised for the purposes of this Regulation.

- (d) In determining if a person's ordination to a ministry in a denomination of the church catholic shall be recognised by the Church for the purposes of this Regulation the Assembly or the body which it designates to make the decision shall consider
- (i) if the person seeking admission as a Minister of the Word, or to serve in a placement in the Church to fulfil substantially the responsibilities of a Minister of the Word, has been ordained to the ministry of the Word and Sacraments in a denomination of the church catholic.
 - (ii) if an applicant seeking admission to the ministry of Deacon or to serve in a placement in the Church to fulfil substantially the responsibilities of a Deacon, has been ordained to a ministry in a denomination of the church catholic that is comparable to the ministry of Deacon in the Church.
- (e) On the advice of the Synod in which the application is made, the Assembly shall issue a certificate of completion of requirements for admission of an ordained minister of another denomination as a Minister of the Word or Deacon.
- (f) If the Assembly refuses to recognise the ordination of a person to ministry in another denomination in a case where the person is applying to serve in a placement in the Church or to become a Minister of the Church, the applicant may appeal against the decision of the Assembly and the appeal shall be dealt with under Part 6 of these Regulations.

ADMISSION OF A FORMER MINISTER

2.5.2 (a) Any former Minister of the Church may apply for readmission and the application shall be dealt with in a similar manner to an application from a minister of another denomination (See Reg. 2.5.1).

- (b) Any person who was a minister or deaconess in one of the uniting churches at anytime prior to the date of union may

apply for admission as a Minister of the Word or Deacon and the application shall be dealt with in a similar manner to an application from a minister of another denomination (See Reg. 2.5.1).

- 2.5.3.1** (a) Any former Minister of the Church may apply for readmission as a Minister.
- (b) Any person who was a minister or deaconess in one of the uniting churches at any time prior to the date of union may apply for admission as a Minister of the Word or Deacon and the application shall be dealt with in the same manner as an application from a former minister of the Church seeking readmission as a Minister. If there is no Minister of the Congregation in which the applicant holds membership, the application may be made directly to the Presbytery.

PROCESS FOR ADMISSION OF A FORMER MINISTER

- 2.5.3.2** (a) Any former Minister seeking readmission shall make written application to the Presbytery through the Minister of the Congregation (or through the appropriate member of the ministerial team in the Congregation) in which the applicant holds membership and shall make available to the Presbytery such additional information and material as is prescribed under these Regulations or as may be required by the Presbytery or by the Synod.
- (b) As soon as possible following receipt of an application the Presbytery shall request a confidential report from the appropriate Minister and shall seek comment from the Church Council where the applicant's membership is held and other referees, and shall then consider the application in accordance with the Regulations.
- (c) The Presbytery or a designated committee of the Presbytery shall:
- (i) receive the application together with the confidential report of the Minister and the comments of the Church Council;

- (ii) consider the references submitted by the nominated referees and by other persons as it sees fit;
 - (iii) appoint a support person for the applicant who shall assist the applicant in understanding and complying the requirements of the process.
 - (iv) The support person may attend any Presbytery or Synod meetings where the applicant is in attendance but may not speak in those meetings;
 - (v) interview the applicant;
 - (vi) conduct such other tests or call for such other information as it may require; and
 - (vii) prepare a report and recommendation to the Synod panel.
- (d) An applicant shall satisfy the Presbytery or the designated committee of the Presbytery that
- (i) the applicant is, and for the period of twelve months prior to making an application, has been a confirmed member of the Church, unless the Presbytery waives this requirement;
 - (ii) the reasons for the applicant having recognition as a Minister of the Church or as a Minister or Deaconess of one of the uniting churches withdrawn; and the reasons offered by the applicant for why those reasons no longer apply; and
 - (iii) the applicant is suitable in character, personality and spiritual maturity and has the capacity to exercise the responsibilities of the specific ministry for which application is made.
- (e) A two-thirds majority of members present at the meeting of the Presbytery or the designated committee of the Presbytery shall be required to commend the applicant to the Synod panel as suitable for readmission. Alternatively,

the Presbytery may defer such commendation or may reject the application.

- (f) Where the Presbytery or the designated committee of the Presbytery resolves to commend the applicant to the Synod panel, the Presbytery shall forward to the Synod panel its report and any resolutions together with other reports, references and information conveyed to it in accordance with Regulation 2.5.2 (a), (b) and (c).

SYNOD PANEL

2.5.3.3 (a) Each application for readmission shall be considered by a panel comprising members appointed by the Synod Standing Committee and a representative appointed by the applicant's Presbytery.

Duties

- (b) The Synod panel shall have before it all relevant documents and:
- (i) arrange for medical, psychological and other assessments that it considers to be necessary;
 - (ii) seek further information as it considers necessary;
 - (iii) meet with the applicant; and
 - (iv) determine the outcome of application forwarded by the Presbytery.
- (c) In considering the application before it, the Synod panel shall have regard, among other things, to the issues considered by the Presbytery in Regulation 2.5.3.2 (d).
- (d) The Synod panel shall determine the application by:
- (i) acceptance of the application for readmission, with or without any conditions attached to that acceptance, or
 - (ii) deferral of the application, with or without any conditions which must be satisfied before further consideration of the application; or

(iii) rejection of the application for readmission

and shall inform the applicant and the Presbytery of its decision.

RIGHT OF APPEAL AGAINST A DECISION OF THE PRESBYTERY OR THE SYNOD PANEL

2.5.3.4 (a) An applicant may appeal against a decision made pursuant to Regulation 2.5.3.2 (e) or 2.5.3.3 (d) only on the ground that correct procedures have not been followed in accordance with the Regulations.

(b) The appeal is to be made within 14 days of receipt of the communication of the decision. The appeal shall be lodged with the Synod Secretary in writing.

(c) The Synod Standing Committee shall appoint an appeal committee of three persons to determine the matter. The appeal committee shall consult with the applicant and the Presbytery and, when appropriate, the Synod panel. The appeal committee shall then either dismiss the appeal or require the Presbytery or the Synod panel to reconsider the application. A decision of the appeal committee shall be final.

2.6 PLACEMENT AND APPOINTMENT

DESIGNATION OF MINISTERS

2.6.1 (a) Every Minister shall be designated as on active service, on leave of absence, retired, not available for placement or awaiting placement.

Active Service

- (b) A Minister shall be designated as in active service if the Minister is
- (i) in an approved placement designated by a Synod or the Assembly for the regular exercise of the duties of a Minister (See Reg. 2.2.1);
 - (ii) seconded to another church for a defined period by the Placements Committee at the request of such

- other church for the regular exercise of the duties of a Minister (See Reg. 2.2.1);
- (iii) serving in an ecumenical or Church-related body for a defined period with the approval of the Placements Committee for the regular exercise of the duties of a Minister (See Reg. 2.2.1);
 - (iv) regularly and faithfully exercising the duties of a Minister (See Reg. 2.2.1) in a situation other than those described in (i), (ii) or (iii) above, with the approval of the Placements Committee on the recommendation of the Presbytery. The Placements Committee may at any time, after review of the work of the Minister or on the recommendation of the Presbytery, declare that the Minister is no longer in active service.

Leave of Absence

- (c) A Minister, Youth Worker and Lay Pastor may be granted leave of absence from active service by the Placements Committee on the recommendation of the Presbytery for a defined period for reasons which the Placements Committee considers sufficient.

Retirement

- (d) A Minister may retire
 - (i) permanently
 - (1) after reaching the age of 55;
 - (2) on the issue of a medical certificate by the Synod's Medical Advisers that the Minister is unfit for active service and the Beneficiary Fund has determined a pension will be paid, or
 - (3) for any other reason which the Placements Committee after consultation with the Presbytery considers sufficient.
 - (ii) temporarily for a defined period with the approval of the Placements Committee on the recommendation of or with the concurrence of the Presbytery on the issue of a medical certificate by the Synod's Medical Advisers that the Minister is temporarily unfit for active service and the Beneficiary Fund has determined a pension will be paid. Such temporary retirement may be extended

or varied by the Placements Committee and at the end of the period of temporary retirement the Minister shall be available for active service or seek permanent retirement.

Not Available for Placement

- (e) A Minister shall be designated as not available for placement:
 - (i) at any time when the Placements Committee on the recommendation of or with the concurrence of the Presbytery determines that for a defined period the Minister shall not be in active service for any reason which the Placements Committee and the Presbytery consider to be sufficient, and such designation may be extended or varied by the Placements Committee after consultation with and concurrence of the Presbytery;
 - (ii) during a period of suspension determined by the Committee for Discipline pursuant to Regulation 5.7.4(r)(iii) or (v), or by an Appeal Panel on appeal from the Committee for Discipline unless a stay of the suspension is granted (See Reg. 5.7.8).

Awaiting Placement

- (f) Any Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor who is not in active service and who is not on leave of absence, retired or designated not available for placement shall be designated as awaiting placement.

ELIGIBILITY OF MINISTERS FOR CALL

- 2.6.2**
- (a) The secretary of the Placements Committee shall prepare and maintain a list of Ministers who are eligible to accept a call.
 - (b) The list shall include the names of Ministers in the fifth and subsequent years of a placement (or, in the case of a first placement following ordination, the third or subsequent year).
 - (c) A Minister in placement shall be eligible to accept another placement to become effective at any time after the completion of five years (or, in the case of a first placement after ordination, three years).

- (d) No approach shall be made except by the Placements Committee to any Minister whose name does not appear on the list. When a Congregation or other body wishes for special reasons to approach such a Minister, it shall request the Placements Committee (in the case of a Congregation, the request shall be made through its Presbytery), and the Placements Committee may at its discretion approach the Minister concerned after consultation with the Presbytery in the bounds of which the Minister is placed or with any other appropriate body. In the case of an approach to a Minister not listed which may result in an inter-Synod transfer, the prior consent of the Placements Committee of the other Synod shall be obtained.

- (e) Ministers who are listed as eligible to accept a call shall ensure that an up-to-date ministerial profile, prepared according to Assembly guidelines, is lodged with the secretary of the Placements Committee.

CREATING APPROVED PLACEMENTS

- 2.6.3**
- (a)
 - (i) An approved placement is the position of responsibility for the regular discharge of the duties of the ministerial office to which a Minister is or may be called.
 - (ii) Youth Workers and Lay Pastors may also be called to approved placements.
 - (iii) A Synod may from time to time declare that certain positions which are not under the jurisdiction of the Church (but which require the regular discharge of the duties of the ministerial office) are approved placements in which Ministers or ordinands may serve. Deacons, because of the particular focus of their ministry, may often serve in placements which are not under the jurisdiction of the Church.

 - (b) A Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor shall be called to serve in an approved placement as provided in these Regulations.

- (c) A call to a placement gives effect to the perceived will of God as expressed by a decision of a council or councils of the Church and by the response of the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor concerned. After careful consideration and prayer, the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor discerns therein an expression of the will of God in relation to ministry at that time.
- (d) With the agreement of the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor and the body which calling him or her to a placement within the bounds, a Presbytery may determine that a portion of the Minister's, Youth Worker's or Lay Pastor's time be available to serve the Church beyond the particular placement. Such time shall be related to specific activities and the arrangements shall be documented, monitored and reconsidered annually.
- (e) Approved placements within the bounds of the Assembly shall be designated by the Assembly or its Standing Committee.
- (f) Approved placements within the bounds of a Synod shall be designated by the Placements Committee

PRIORITY PLACEMENTS

- 2.6.4**
- (a) The Placements Committee may designate certain approved placements as Priority placements.
 - (b) Priority placements shall be made by the Placements Committee.
 - (c) Subject to consultation with the Presbytery or other body concerned, the Placements Committee may approach any Minister in whatever year of placement to fill a Priority placement.

ISSUING CALLS

- 2.6.5**
- (a) The Placements Committee has responsibility for issuing calls:
 - (i) to ordinands in respect of their initial placements;
 - (ii) to Ministers received under Regulation 2.5.1 in respect of their initial placements;
 - (iii) for filling Priority placements;

- (iv) for filling placements at the request of a Presbytery.
- (b) Placements within the bounds of a Presbytery shall be made by the Presbytery with the exceptions listed in Regulation 2.6.5(a). The Presbytery shall consult with the Placements Committee concerning all vacancies in the Presbytery.
- (c) Any Presbytery may refer any or all of its responsibilities in placement matters to the Placements Committee.
- (d) A Presbytery may delegate any or all of its responsibilities regarding placements to its Pastoral Relations Committee.
- (e) Synod placements shall be made by the Synod with the exception of placements listed in Regulations 2.6.5(a).
- (f) Assembly placements shall be made by the Assembly.
- (g) Each placement shall be made in consultation with the Minister and any other body concerned.

PLACEMENT PROCESS FOR A CONGREGATION OR PRESBYTERY PLACEMENT

2.6.6 Decision to Seek a Placement

- (a) At the earliest opportunity after a vacancy exists or is known to be impending in a placement over which the Presbytery has oversight, the Presbytery and the Congregation or other body affected by the vacancy shall jointly conduct a special consultation/mission study in order to recommend if the vacancy shall be filled, and if so
 - (i) recommend to the Placements Committee which of the Specified Ministries is appropriate, which Council or body should issue the call and whether the placement will be a Congregation, Presbytery or other body placement;
 - (ii) prepare a profile for the placement according to the Assembly guidelines; and
 - (iii) recommend whether to seek Placements Committee approval to advertise for expressions of

interest although such approval is not required for Youth Worker placements.

- (b) A placement profile shall be submitted for approval by the Church Council and by the Presbytery before submission to the Placements Committee.

Appointing a Joint Nominating Committee

- (c) For a placement to be filled by call of the Congregation, a Joint Nominating Committee shall be constituted as follows:
 - (i) at least two persons appointed by the Presbytery, one of whom shall be appointed by the Presbytery as chairperson, and preferably at least one of whom shall be a member of the Pastoral Relations Committee;
 - (ii) two to six persons appointed by the Congregation;
 - (iii) in circumstances where the Presbytery considers a larger Joint Nominating Committee advisable, up to four additional persons appointed by the Congregation.
- (d) Half the number of members of the Joint Nominating Committee shall constitute a quorum, of whom at least one shall be a Presbytery appointee and at least one shall be an appointee of the Congregation or other body.
- (e) For a placement to be filled by the call of the Presbytery, Presbytery shall appoint a Joint Nominating Committee with a maximum of eight members, the majority of whom are Presbytery members. Other persons with involvement or interest in the particular ministry may be included.
- (f) For placements known as Presbytery Minister/Officer, the Joint Nominating Committee will consist of those appointed by the Presbytery together with two persons appointed by the Placements Committee, at least one of whom is not a serving Presbytery Minister/Officer.

Recommendations from Placements Committee

- (g) After considering the placement profile and the list of Ministers, Youth Workers and Lay Pastors eligible for a new placement, the Placements Committee shall

recommend up to three Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors for consideration by the Joint Nominating Committee:

- (i) the Placements Committee may choose to appoint one of its members together with a Placements Committee member from the Presbytery concerned, to meet with the Joint Nominating Committee prior to consideration of eligible Ministers;
 - (ii) the Joint Nominating Committee may itself suggest names of Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors for the Placements Committee to consider;
 - (iii) Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors may express interest in having their names considered for one or more placements;
 - (iv) the Placements Committee may recommend a Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor for no more than two placements at any one time.
- (h) The profile of each recommended Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor will be forwarded to the Joint Nominating Committee, and the reasons for the recommendation shall be communicated by the Placements Committee to the Joint Nominating Committee.
- (i) The profile of the Congregation or other body will be forwarded to the Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors concerned, and the reasons for the recommendation shall be communicated by the Placements Committee to the Ministers.
- (j) The Pastoral Relations Committee on behalf of the Presbytery may, if it wishes, comment to the Joint Nominating Committee on the appropriateness of one or more of the names of Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors recommended by the Placements Committee to fill the vacancy.

Joint Nominating Committee Conversation

- (k) The Joint Nominating Committee may approach for conversation only those Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors whose names have been recommended to it by the

Placements Committee. Similarly, Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors may approach for conversation only those Joint Nominating Committees recommended to them by the Placements Committee:

- (i) conversation may include formal and informal discussions, mutual visits and informal gatherings;
 - (ii) while there is no obligation on either the Joint Nominating Committee or a Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor to proceed to call, they are to take into account that the recommendations emerge from the collective wisdom of the Church;
 - (iii) the Joint Nominating Committee may have conversations with each recommended Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor before making a decision on any; similarly, Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors may have conversations with each Joint Nominating Committee before making a decision on any;
 - (iv) at any time a Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor or a Joint Nominating Committee may decline to proceed with a conversation and will advise the Placements Committee in writing of their reasons for doing so.
- (l) The Joint Nominating Committee shall make a decision about the recommended names of Ministers, Youth Workers or Lay Pastors provided by the Placements Committee within two months of receiving them. This decision will normally be conveyed to the Placements Committee through the Presbytery appointee/s on the Joint Nominating Committee.

Issuing A Call

- (m) When the Joint Nominating Committee wishes to recommend that a call be issued, it must obtain the approval of the Presbytery or, where authority has been delegated under Regulation 3.7.3(b)(vi), of the Pastoral Relations Committee. When approval has been granted, and the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor consents to the recommendation, the Joint Nominating Committee shall:

- (i) for placements in a Congregation, recommend to a meeting of each Congregation involved in the placement that a call be issued;
 - (ii) for Presbytery placements, recommend to a meeting of the Presbytery that a call be issued; if the Presbytery placement is to provide the primary ministry in particular Congregations, those Congregations shall be given opportunity to express their mind on the recommendation prior to any Presbytery decision to issue a call.
- (n) If a Congregation or Presbytery resolves to issue a call, letters of call are to be sent within three days of the decision being made by the body issuing the call. The letter shall include the date on which the placement will commence. The Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor shall respond within fourteen days of receiving the letter of call.

PLACEMENTS OTHER THAN CONGREGATIONS AND PRESBYTERIES

- 2.6.7** (a) Where the body in which a Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor is to be placed is neither a Congregation nor Presbytery, the principles set out in Regulation 2.6.6 shall be followed as closely as possible.
- (b) If the placement is a Chaplaincy position, the Joint Nominating Committee should include representatives of the Presbytery, the agency in which the placement is situated and at least one serving chaplain.
- (c) Joint Nominating Committees responsible for Synod or Assembly placements shall seek from Placement Committees the names of persons who could be considered suitable to fill a vacancy. These Joint Nominating Committees may also advertise for expressions of interest.

EXTENSION OF CONGREGATION PLACEMENTS BEYOND THE TENTH YEAR

- 2.6.8** (a) (i) A placement in a Congregation may be extended by the Presbytery beyond the tenth year by

- agreement of the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor, Congregation and Presbytery.
- (ii) Any extension shall require a two-thirds majority by secret ballot of those present in each of the meetings of the Church Council, the Congregation and the Presbytery.
- (b) Such extensions may be for periods of up to five years at a time.
 - (c) A decision to extend a placement may be made at any time during the ninth and tenth year of a placement, or, in the case of any subsequent extension, at any time during the last two years of the current extension.
 - (d) When considering requests for extension the Presbytery shall:
 - (i) consult with the Congregation, and give consideration to the continued growth in the mission and development of the Congregation;
 - (ii) consult with the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor, and give consideration to the welfare and vocational growth of the minister; and
 - (iii) seek advice from the Placements Committee.

[Korean]

DESIGNATING AN APPOINTMENT AS APPROPRIATE FOR THE MINISTRY OF PASTOR

- 2.6.9** (a) A ministry location shall be designated as an appropriate appointment for the exercise of the ministry of Pastor for the purposes of these Regulations when
- (i) the position description of the role the person undertakes includes one or more of the tasks named in Regulation 2.2.2; and the Presbytery, (or Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment) designates that the position description and ministry location are suitable for the exercise of the ministry of Pastor; or
 - (ii) a lay person is appointed to fill an approved placement.
- (b) When the Presbytery, (or Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or Assembly in the case of an Assembly

- appointment), has resolved to recognise a ministry location as appropriate for the exercise of the ministry of Pastor, it shall advise the faith community, congregation(s) or other appropriate body and the Placements Committee.
- (c) Before making an appointment
 - (i) the appointing body in the case of an application made under Regulation 2.3.3(a)(i) shall obtain advice from the Presbytery that the applicant has been able to demonstrate the core competencies; and
 - (ii) the Synod body in the case of applications made under Regulation 2.3.3(a)(ii) shall satisfy itself that the applicant can demonstrate the core competencies for the ministry of Pastor.
 - (d) Where an applicant cannot demonstrate the core competencies the Presbytery (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), may grant permission to make the appointment subject to a three month probation period by the end of which time the person shall have demonstrated the core competencies.

2.7 STIPENDS AND CONDITIONS

STIPEND

- 2.7.1** (a) A Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor called to serve in an approved placement under the jurisdiction of the Church shall be paid a stipend:
- (i) if full-time, not less than the minimum rate determined by the Synod;
 - (ii) if part-time, calculated on a proportionate basis of the minimum rate determined by the Synod.
- (b) In exceptional circumstances a Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor serving in a particular full-time or part-time approved placement may be paid a stipend on a different basis than provided for in (a) above or no stipend subject to:
- (i) the approval of the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor;

- (ii) the approval of the Presbytery or other appointing body and the Placements Committee, taking into account the fairness of the arrangements in the circumstances;
- (iii) a review at any time at the request of the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor; and
- (iv) no less frequently than every two years, after a review initiated by the Presbytery or other appointing body, a reassessment of the stipend approved by the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor, the Presbytery or other appointing body and the Placements Committee.

Any such arrangement shall not transfer to another Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor called to serve in the placement.

- (c) Provision for the housing of Ministers in placement and for travelling allowances, leave entitlements, insurances and expenses of such Ministers shall be made in accordance with the determination of the Synod or other determining body.

CONDITIONS OF PLACEMENT

- 2.7.2**
- (a) A placement of a Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor shall normally commence on the first day of the month and terminate on the last day of the month.
 - (b) A placement may commence and terminate at any time as agreed between the Presbytery and Congregation or other body which calls the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor, having regard to the needs of the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor and the Congregation or other body to which the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor is called and the normal expectation that not less than three months notice of termination of a placement will be given.
 - (c) A Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor entering a new placement may be permitted by the Congregation or other body to which the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor is called or, failing their agreement, by the Presbytery, to assume responsibilities on a designated date after the

placement commencement date but normally no later than:

- (i) the fifteenth day after the placement commencement date in respect of an intrasynod move;
- (ii) the twenty-first day after the placement commencement date in respect of an intersynod move.

CONDITIONS OF PLACEMENT FOR MINISTERS

- 2.7.3** (a) The placement of a Minister in a pastoral charge shall normally be made for an undefined term but shall not continue beyond ten years except as provided in Regulation 2.6.8.
- (b) Placements other than in Congregations shall be of such duration as the body making the placement determines and shall normally be reviewed every fifth year in a manner to be determined by the body making the placement.
- (c) Placements current at the date of the first Assembly shall continue in the terms of the original terms of placement unless otherwise agreed between the parties.

[Korean]

CONDITIONS OF APPOINTMENT FOR A PASTOR

- 2.7.4** (a) The Presbytery, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), shall approve the terms and conditions of appointment.
- (b) The appointment shall be subject to regular evaluation by the Presbytery, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), in consultation with the Pastor and the Congregation or other appropriate body.

CONDITIONS OF PLACEMENT FOR YOUTH WORKERS AND LAY PASTORS

- 2.7.5** The placement of a Youth Worker or Lay Pastor shall normally be made for a period of three years, with the possibility of

extension of up to three years at a time to a total maximum of ten years. In the final year of the initial term or any subsequent extension, a decision shall be taken by the body making the placement as to whether or not the Youth Worker or Lay Pastor is invited to continue for a further term in the placement. In the case of a placement in a Congregation, the decision of the Presbytery shall be made on the advice of the Church Council. Extensions beyond the tenth year shall be determined in accordance with Regulation 2.6.7.

CONDITIONS OF APPOINTMENT FOR COMMUNITY MINISTERS

- 2.7.6** (a) Prior to commissioning the Presbytery shall consult with the candidate and with the community, Congregation or other appropriate body, to consider the need for any revision to the position description and conditions of appointment determined at the time the candidate commenced their ministry.
- (b) The Presbytery may review the terms and conditions of appointment as and when it sees fit and shall do so no less frequently than each two years.
- (c) The minimum term of appointment of a Community Minister is two years. The appointment may continue for an indefinite period subject to regular evaluation by the Presbytery in consultation with the Community Minister, the community, Congregation or other appropriate body.
- (d) The Presbytery shall evaluate the community ministry no less frequently than each two years, and may do so at any time at its own initiative or at the request of the Community Minister, the community, Congregation or other appropriate body.

2.8 INDUCTION, COMMISSIONING AND COMMENCEMENT SERVICES

INDUCTION

- 2.8.1** (a) The Presbytery (or the Synod in the case of a Synod placement, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly

placement), shall be responsible for inducting a Minister into a placement.

- (b) The Presbytery shall participate in any service of worship in which a Minister is inducted or commissioned.
- (c) The induction shall be conducted in the manner prescribed by the Assembly.

COMMISSIONING OF A PASTOR

2.8.2 The Presbytery, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), shall be responsible for conducting a service of commissioning. The commissioning service shall be conducted on the commencement of an appointment of a Pastor and in accordance with a form authorised by the Assembly.

SERVICE TO MARK THE COMMENCEMENT OF A PLACEMENT OF A YOUTH WORKER OR LAY PASTOR

- 2.8.3**
- (a) The Presbytery shall be responsible for conducting a service to mark the commencement of a placement of a Youth Worker or Lay Pastor in a placement within the bounds of the Presbytery.
 - (b) The Synod or Assembly shall be responsible for conducting a service to mark the commencement of a placement of a Youth Worker in a placement in the Synod or Assembly or their agencies or any other body, and shall ensure that the appropriate Presbytery participates.

2.9 ACCOUNTABILITIES AND MEMBERSHIPS

ACCOUNTABILITY OF A MINISTER

2.9.1 Each Minister shall be accountable and responsible in matters of faith and discipline to the Presbytery in which their name is listed on the Presbytery roll.

ACCOUNTABILITY OF A PASTOR

2.9.2 (a) A Pastor shall be accountable to the Presbytery which has oversight of the Pastor in matters of faith and discipline

and to the appointing body for the exercise of their ministry.

- (b) Pastors are subject to the Code of Ethics and Part 5 of these Regulations.

MEMBERSHIP OF A MINISTER

2.9.3 A Minister in a placement in a Congregation(s) shall be listed on the roll of confirmed members of one Congregation within the pastoral charge.

In all other cases, a Minister shall be listed on the roll of confirmed members of the Congregation with which the Minister chooses to be actively involved and the Minister shall advise the Presbytery of the Congregation chosen.

MEMBERSHIP OF A PASTOR

2.9.4 A Pastor shall be:

- (a) included on the roll of confirmed members, or members-in-association, of a Congregation in which the Pastor is serving, or, where the appointment is other than in a Congregation, included on the roll of confirmed members, or members-in-association, of the Congregation with which the Pastor chooses to be actively involved;
- (b) a member of the Church Council of the Congregation in which the Pastor is serving, if serving in a congregational context unless the Presbytery, after consultation with the Congregation, determines otherwise;
- (c) a member of the Presbytery (See Reg. 3.3.4(c)(i)), and eligible for election as a lay member of the Synod and the Assembly.

MEMBERSHIP ENTITLEMENTS OF A MINISTER FROM ANOTHER DENOMINATION

2.9.5 (a) A person who is ordained or recognised as a minister in a church of another denomination recognised by the Church, and who

- (i) has been seconded, commissioned, released or otherwise authorised by that other denomination to work in the Church, and
- (ii) is serving in an approved placement to fulfil substantially the responsibilities of a Minister,

shall be eligible to be elected or appointed to membership of any body or council of the Church (including but not limited to, a Church Council, a Synod or the Assembly).

- (b) If such body or council is so constituted that any member must be counted as either a lay or a ministerial member, then a person so appointed or elected shall be counted as a ministerial member.
- (c) A person who satisfies the provisions of Regulation 2.9.5(a) and who would if a Minister of the Church be, ex officio, a member of any council of the Church shall, while so serving, be a member ex officio of such council.
- (d) Except as may have been otherwise arranged by the Church with a person serving in accordance with this Regulation such a person shall (except in respect of any matter affecting the status of the person as a minister in a church of another denomination) as far as possible enjoy all the rights and privileges and be subject to the same responsibilities and obligations as would apply to a Minister of the Church.

ACCOUNTABILITY OF A YOUTH WORKER, LAY PASTOR OR COMMUNITY MINISTER

2.9.6 A Youth Worker, Lay Pastor, Community Minister or candidate for Community Minister are:

- (a) under the pastoral care and oversight of the Presbytery of which they are a member
- (b) in matters of faith and discipline, accountable to the Presbytery, and are (with the exception of the candidate for Community Minister) subject to Part 5 of these Regulations;
- (c) in the exercise of their ministry, accountable to:

- (i) the Presbytery, in the case of placements or appointments in a Congregation or a Presbytery;
- (ii) the Synod or its delegated body, in the case of placements or appointments in a Synod or Synod agency;
- (iii) the Assembly or its delegated body, in the case of placements or appointments in the Assembly or an Assembly agency;
- (iv) the body with whom they are placed or appointed, and the Synod or its delegated body, in the case of placements other than in a Congregation, Presbytery, Synod or the Assembly.

MEMBERSHIP OF A YOUTH WORKER, LAY PASTOR OR COMMUNITY MINISTER

2.9.7 (a) A Youth Worker, Lay Pastor or Community Minister shall be:

- (i) included on the roll of confirmed members, or members in association, of a Congregation in which they are serving, or, where the placement is other than in a Congregation, included on the roll of confirmed members, or members in association, of the Congregation with which they choose to be actively involved;
 - (ii) a member of the Church Council of the Congregation in which they are serving, if serving in a congregational context.
 - (iii) a member of the Presbytery (See Reg. 3.3.4(c)(i)), and
 - (iv) eligible for election as a lay member of the Synod and the Assembly.
- (b) A candidate for Community Minister is a member of the appropriate Church Council and an associate member of Presbytery.

2.10 TERMINATION AND WITHDRAWAL OF RECOGNITION

TERMINATION OF PLACEMENT OF A MINISTER, YOUTH WORKER OR LAY PASTOR

2.10.1 Placement in a Congregation

- (a) A placement in a Congregation within the bounds of a Presbytery may be terminated at any time by the Presbytery according to the procedures in this Regulation.
- (b) Any decision by a Presbytery to terminate a placement in a Congregation shall normally be made as a result of a consultation on the life and witness of the Congregation. The Presbytery shall consider any request for the termination of a placement in a Congregation made by the Church Council pursuant to a resolution carried by a two thirds majority of members present at a special meeting.
- (c) A placement in a pastoral charge shall not be terminated by the Presbytery within the first five years (or in the case of the first placement of a Minister following ordination, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor, three years) except in special circumstances, and either:
 - (i) at the request of the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor, or
 - (ii) at the request of the Church Council by a two thirds majority of members present at a special meeting, or
 - (iii) at the initiative of the Presbytery after consultation with the Placements Committee.
- (d) Where a Presbytery has delegated its authority to its Pastoral Relations Committee a Church Council may appeal to the Presbytery against any decision of the Committee.
- (e) Any decision of the Presbytery or its Pastoral Relations Committee to terminate a placement shall be by a two thirds majority of those present at the meeting.
- (f) A placement in a pastoral charge shall not be terminated by a Presbytery during the term of any extension beyond ten years pursuant to Regulation 2.6.8 except on the same conditions as set out in (c) above.

Placements Other Than Congregations

- (g) Placements other than in Congregations may be terminated at any time by the Presbytery, Synod or Assembly as the case may be, after consultation with the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor and other bodies concerned.

Placements Committee

- (h) The Placements Committee:
 - (i) acting on its own initiative or on the request of a Presbytery, the Synod or the Assembly may terminate a placement at any time;
 - (ii) shall act on its own initiative only after consideration of the good of the whole Church and either in order to meet the particular needs of a Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor or to provide ministry in a Priority placement;
 - (iii) shall terminate a placement only after consultation with the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor, the pastoral charge, other appropriate bodies and the relevant Presbytery.
- (i) Whenever a council or the Placements Committee is considering terminating a placement it shall appoint a person to provide pastoral care and support to the Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor.

Appeal

- (j) A Minister, Youth Worker or Lay Pastor whose placement has been terminated shall have a right of appeal which shall be dealt with in accordance with Part 6 of these Regulations. The appeal shall be directed to:
 - (i) the Synod Secretary when the termination decision is made by a Presbytery;
 - (ii) the Assembly General Secretary Synod Secretary of the Synod in which the appeal arises, who on the advice of the Convenor of the Standing Appeal Panel shall refer the appeal to another Synod for action, when the termination decision is made by a Synod, Placements Committee or Assembly; and
- (k) Any Appeal Panel appointed to review a decision to terminate by the Assembly shall not include members of the Assembly Standing Committee.

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TERMINATION OF RECOGNITION OF A PASTOR

2.10.2 The recognition of a Pastor shall cease upon:

- (a) the acceptance by the appointing body of the Pastor's resignation from a ministry location which has been designated as appropriate for the ministry of Pastor;
- (b) the determination by the Presbytery, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment), that the general competencies identified by the ~~Ministerial Education Commission~~ Assembly as appropriate for the particular ministry in which the Pastor is engaged have not been demonstrated within the period of time determined by the Presbytery, (or the Synod in the case of a Synod appointment, or the Assembly in the case of an Assembly appointment);
- (c) the termination of the appointment of the Pastor for whatever reason; or
- (d) the determination of the Committee for Discipline pursuant to Regulation 5.7.4(r)(vi), subject to the Regulations relating to appeal.

Where a Pastor is appointed to an approved placement the Regulations related to the termination of a placement shall not apply.

WITHDRAWAL OF RECOGNITION OF A MINISTER

2.10.3 The recognition of a Minister may be withdrawn by the Synod by reason of:

- (a) the acceptance by the Presbytery with which the Minister is enrolled of a resignation from the ministry;
- (b) continuing in the designation of awaiting placement for more than two years unless the Placements Committee and the Presbytery both agree, by a two-thirds majority of those present and voting, that there are circumstances

which warrant the extension of the term by a further year;
or

- (c) a determination of the Committee for Discipline pursuant to Regulation 5.7.4(r)(vi), subject to the Regulations relating to appeal.

WITHDRAWAL OF RECOGNITION OF A LAY PREACHER

2.10.4 (a) Recognition shall be withdrawn by the Presbytery if the Lay Preacher ceases to be a member of the Church.

- (b) The Presbytery may withdraw recognition by a two thirds majority of those present and voting if after receiving a report from the Church Council or arising from consultation on the life and witness of a Congregation in accordance with Regulation 3.1.4, it determines that the Lay Preacher has failed to maintain a satisfactory relationship with the life of the Church or is no longer conforming to standards of a member and Lay Preacher of the Church or complying with the discipline of the Church, including the Code of Ethics for Lay Preachers.

- (c) If a Lay Preacher whose recognition has been withdrawn in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation seeks to be reinstated, the Church Council shall consider and determine the matter, after consultation with the Presbytery by which recognition was withdrawn.

- (d) Any Lay Preacher whose recognition has been withdrawn by the Presbytery may appeal to the Synod which shall appoint a committee to review the matter and the determination of this committee shall be final.

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT OF A COMMUNITY MINISTER

2.10.5 (a) The Presbytery may terminate the appointment of a Community Minister at any time when, after consultation with the Community Minister and with the community, Congregation or other appropriate body, it is satisfied of any of these reasons:

- (i) the request of the Community Minister, the community, Congregation or other appropriate body;

- (ii) the need for the community ministry has ceased;
 - (iii) the Community Minister is no longer a member of the community;
 - (iv) the Community Minister is no longer living within the faith and unity of the Church as expressed in the Basis of Union;
 - (v) the Community Minister refuses to undertake continuing education;
 - (vi) the Community Minister refuses to accept the oversight of the Presbytery;
 - (vii) the Community Minister is no longer able to fulfil the requirements of the ministry.
- (b) A decision to terminate the appointment requires a two thirds majority of those present and voting at a Presbytery meeting. Before a decision is taken, the Presbytery shall afford the Community Minister an opportunity to address the Presbytery, in person or through a representative.
- (c) The appointment shall terminate if the Committee for Discipline has so determined pursuant to Regulation 5.7.4(r)(vi).
- (d) In the event of termination of appointment, the Presbytery is responsible for the ongoing pastoral care of the person, the community, Congregation or other appropriate body.
- (e) When an appointment is terminated, the person ceases to be a Community Minister. Such a person is eligible to be invited to take up community ministry in another community, in which case the person's previous preparation, experience and record of ministry shall be taken into account by the Presbytery and the Ministerial Education Board.

WITHDRAWAL OF ACCREDITATION OF A YOUTH WORKER

- 2.10.6** (a) The accreditation of a Youth Worker may be withdrawn by the Synod by reason of:
- (i) the acceptance by a Presbytery of a resignation from the ministry of Youth Worker; or
 - (ii) continued failure to accept a placement without, in the opinion of the Synod, reasonable cause.

- (b) The accreditation of a Youth Worker shall, subject to the Regulations relating to appeal, be withdrawn by the Synod where the Committee for Discipline has so determined pursuant to Regulation 5.7.4(r)(vi).

WITHDRAWAL OF RECOGNITION OF A LAY PASTOR

2.10.7 The recognition of a Lay Pastor shall cease upon:

- (a) the acceptance by the Synod of a resignation from the ministry of Lay Pastor;
- (b) the termination of the placement of, or expiry of a leave of absence granted to, a Lay Pastor where the Lay Pastor does not immediately commence a new placement or other ministry position recognised by a Presbytery; or
- (c) the determination of the Committee for Discipline pursuant to Regulation 5.7.4(r)(vi), subject to the Regulations relating to appeal.

2.11 COLLEGIATE AND TEAM MINISTRY RELATIONSHIPS

MINISTERS-IN-ASSOCIATION

- 2.11.1**
- (a) Any Minister who is not in an approved placement in a Congregation(s) nor designated not available for placement may on the invitation of a Church Council and with the approval of the Presbytery become a Minister-in-Association to fulfil such pastoral, preaching or other responsibilities as may be agreed with the inducted Minister(s) prior to the approval by Presbytery.
 - (b) The term of service of a Minister-in-Association shall be not more than two years. It may be renewed with the approval of the Presbytery.
 - (c) The term of service of a Minister-in-Association shall cease whenever there is a change of or within any placement in the Congregation or pastoral charge. A new invitation may be issued after the change in accordance with Regulation 2.11.1(a).

- (d) The Church Council shall be responsible for determining any appropriate remuneration for a Minister-in-Association.

COLLEGIATE MINISTRY

2.11.2 Where within any one pastoral charge more than one Minister is placed to share the ministerial responsibilities,

- (a) they shall be recognised as colleagues of equal standing;
- (b) for the better fulfilment of the mission of the Church, the better use of gifts and graces of the Ministers and the better ordering of the life of the pastoral charge, specified responsibilities may from time to time be allocated to a particular Minister, as determined either
 - (i) by the Ministers serving in the pastoral charge, with the approval of the Church Council; or
 - (ii) by the Church Council, with the approval of the Ministers serving in the pastoral charge.

In the event of disagreement, either the Church Council or any of the Ministers may refer the matter to the Presbytery which shall investigate and determine any or all of the matters in question. Any arrangements made at the time of the commencement of the placement of the Ministers shall be taken into account in any determinations made under this Regulation.

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MINISTRY TEAMS

2.11.3 (a) Church Councils and other appropriate bodies may determine that a ministry team is to function within a pastoral charge or part of a pastoral charge, for the purpose of better enabling Christ's mission within the pastoral charge, and shall designate the members of the ministry team. A ministry team may consist of Ministers serving in placements in the pastoral charge, those in specified ministries serving in the pastoral charge, and other lay and ordained leaders, whether stipended or non-stipended.

- (b) A Church Council or other appropriate body will designate the member of the ministry team who has

responsibility for convening meetings and co-ordinating ministry functions.

- (c) In the event of disagreement on the composition of the ministry team or the designation of the person under (b), the Church Council or any of the Ministers, Lay Pastors or Youth Workers within the pastoral charge may refer the matter to the Presbytery, which shall investigate and determine the matter.
- (d) The composition of the ministry team and the designation of the person under (b) may be reviewed by the Church Council or other appropriate body whenever deemed appropriate, and shall be reviewed when there is a change in a ministerial placement.

3. GOVERNMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

3.1 RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONGREGATIONS AND COUNCILS

PURPOSE AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF A CONGREGATION (See Para 23, Constitution)

3.1.1

- (a) A Congregation, as the embodiment in one place of the one holy catholic and apostolic church, shall be those members and adherents who worship, witness and serve as a fellowship of the Spirit in Christ, and who meet regularly to hear God's Word, to celebrate the sacraments, to build one another up in love, to share the wider responsibilities of the Church, and to serve the world, and who are recognised as a Congregation by the Presbytery.

- (b) In fulfilling its purpose a Congregation shall:
 - (i) bear witness to that unity that is both Christ's gift and his will;
 - (ii) build up the members and adherents in faith and love;
 - (iii) sustain the members and adherents in hope;
 - (iv) nurture the members and adherents in their growth in grace;
 - (v) equip the members and adherents for engagement in worship, witness and service in the world as they participate in the mission of Christ;
 - (vi) discipline its members in love;
 - (vii) maintain pastoral oversight;
 - (viii) encourage each member and adherent to participate in the life of the Congregation and endeavour to provide opportunity for that participation; and
 - (ix) provide means whereby the members and adherents may be sustained in fellowship, in prayer and in confession, in baptism and in the Lord's Supper, in mutual reception of and mutual exertion in the Gospel proclamation and service.

- (c) The responsibilities of a Congregation include:

- (i) participating in shared responsibilities with any related Congregations;
- (ii) fulfilling the ministry of the Church in and to the community;
- (iii) appointing Elders and other members of the Church Council, and members of other bodies, as required; (See Reg. 3.3.2)
- (iv) appointing member(s) to the Presbytery; (See Reg. 3.3.4)
- (v) making arrangements to call a Minister in accordance with the Regulations; (See Reg. 2.6.6)
- (vi) providing facilities and resources in support of the work of the Congregation, including stipends and allowances and other provisions for the support of the ministry, provided that stipends shall be the first charge on the funds of the Congregation;
- (vii) meeting as required to transact business that belongs to the Congregation;
- (viii) advising the Church Council on property matters affecting the Congregation;
- (ix) maintaining all necessary and appropriate relationships with the Presbytery and other councils and bodies;
- (x) such other things as are consistent with the purposes of the Church and not the specific responsibility of any other council or body within the Church.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CHURCH COUNCIL (See Para 24, Constitution)

- 3.1.2** (a) The Church Council shall give priority in its life to building up the Congregation in faith and love, sustaining members in hope, and leading the Congregation to a fuller participation in Christ's mission in the world. This priority shall be reflected in the agenda of its ordinary meetings.
- (b) The responsibilities of the Church Council include:
- (i) sharing with the Minister(s) in mission and in the pastoral care and spiritual oversight of the Congregation;
 - (ii) nurturing the members and adherents in their growth in grace;

- (iii) making decisions in accordance with the Regulations concerning baptism, confirmation and membership, and the keeping and reviewing of the rolls of the Congregation; (See Part 1 of these Regulations)
- (iv) assisting the Minister(s) in the conduct of worship and in the administration of the sacraments;
- (v) determining the time and place of services of public worship;
- (vi) carrying out its functions in accordance with the Regulations concerning applicants for the specified ministries;
- (vii) managing the financial affairs and the general administration of the Congregation including the reception, preparation and presentation of all necessary budgets, statements and reports;
- (viii) arranging for audit, presentation and examination of the accounts of all the funds of the Congregation; (See Reg. 3.8.7)
- (ix) managing and controlling property in accordance with the Regulations; (See Reg. 4.4.1)
- (x) preparing and presenting to a meeting of the Congregation an annual report concerning the life and work of the Congregation including its worship, mission and service, and making recommendations with regard to the program for the ensuing year;
- (xi) exercising oversight of the appointment of officers and leaders of Congregational organisations;
- (xii) referral of matters to Presbytery as prescribed;
- (xiii) discipline of members (See Reg. 5.1.2 – 5.2.5);
- (xiv) carrying out its functions in relation to Ministers-in-Association (See Reg. 2.11.1).

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PRESBYTERY (See Para 26, Constitution)

3.1.3 Without limiting the generality of the responsibilities of a Presbytery as set out in Paragraph 26 of the Constitution, a Presbytery shall be responsible for:

Oversight of Ministers

- (a) pastoral and administrative oversight of all Ministers and pastoral charges within the bounds, including:
 - (i) counselling and disciplining of Ministers in accordance with Regulations 5.4.1 – 5.4.3

- (ii) ensuring Ministers receive regular professional supervision;
 - (iii) providing opportunities for further training;
 - (iv) determining the intervals at which Ministers shall be counselled by its Pastoral Relations Committee in accordance with Regulations 3.7.3(b) and 5.4.3(a)
- (b) maintaining and reviewing annually the roll of Ministers;
- (c) including on its roll of Ministers:
- (i) Ministers in approved placements in the Assembly or a Synod who are placed on the roll of the Presbytery by designation of the Assembly or that Synod;
 - (ii) Ministers in approved placements in the Presbytery;
 - (iii) Ministers in approved placements in Congregations or other pastoral charges within the bounds of the Presbytery; and
 - (iv) Ministers who are listed on the rolls of confirmed members of Congregations within the bounds of the Presbytery other than those who are on the rolls of other Presbyteries by reason of (c)(i), (ii) or (iii) above or by decision of the Synod.

Oversight of Congregations

- (d) oversight of all Congregations within the bounds, including:
- (i) the formation of, the alteration of the bounds of and the dissolution of Congregations and other pastoral charges within the bounds; (See Reg. 3.4.1 and 3.4.4)
 - (ii) conducting consultations on the life and witness of Congregations within the bounds in accordance with Regulation 3.1.4;
 - (iii) receiving and dealing with matters referred to it by Congregations and Church Councils as provided for in Regulation 3.3.3(d) and the transmission of those matters where appropriate;

Wider Work of the Church

- (e) promoting the wider aspects of the work of the Church, including;
 - (i) setting up agencies as may be determined;
 - (ii) arranging for the contribution by Congregations of funds for the purposes of the Presbytery, the Synod and the Assembly and other approved purposes;
 - (iii) the promotion and conduct throughout the Presbytery of such activities as will encourage and instruct the people generally toward a better understanding and a fuller participation in the whole range of Christian witness and service;

Selection and Oversight of Candidates

- (f) taking such part in the selection, pastoral care and oversight of candidates for the specified ministries of the Church as required by the Synod and/or Assembly;
- (g) dealing with applications from Ministers of the Word or Deacons concerning change of ordained ministry in accordance with Regulation 2.3.2.6;

Ordination, Accreditation or Recognition of Specified Ministries

- (h) the ordination of candidates who have fulfilled the prescribed requirements for the office of Minister of the Word or Deacon;
- (i) recognising specified ministries;

Oversight of Lay Preachers

- (j) the exercise of oversight of Lay Preachers within its bounds;

Placement and Appointment of Specified Ministries and Supervision of Vacancies

- (~~j~~k) the supervision of vacancies in pastoral charges and the filling thereof subject to any right of the bodies concerned to take part in the placement of Ministers;
- (~~k~~l) the placement of Lay Pastors and Youth Workers as may be required;

(lm) designating appointments for the Ministry of Pastor and recognizing and commissioning Pastors;

(mm) in the exercise of its responsibility for the oversight of congregations during periods when the cCongregation has not Minister in placement: supervision of vacancies in pastoral charges.

(i) appointing one or more Presbytery Liaison Persons who shall have the right to attend and speak at any meeting of the Congregation or its Church Council, and who shall liaise with the Congregation on behalf of the Presbytery, during the vacancy. In most cases ~~When a eCongregation is seeking to fill a vacancy,~~ this role will normally be given to one or more of the Presbytery-appointed members of the Joint Nominating Committee.

(ii) assisting the nurture and care of the Congregation by the appointment, when considered appropriate by the Presbytery, of a Minister not classified under Regulation 2.6.1(e) to become an Associated Minister to fulfil such pastoral, preaching or other responsibilities as may be agreed with the Church Council and the Presbytery. The Church Council shall recommend to the Presbytery any appropriate remuneration for the person to be appointed and shall be responsible for the payment of the agreed sum. The appointment shall be reviewed annually by the Presbytery.

Administration

(no) such administrative functions as may be necessary for the satisfactory working of the Presbytery, including:

- (i) receiving and dealing with applications to acquire property or to sell, mortgage, exchange or lease the property of pastoral charges in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Acts and Regulations;
- (ii) submitting Presbytery reports and records annually to the Synod;
- (iii) appointing a qualified auditor who shall audit the books of account and report to the Presbytery at least annually. (See Reg. 3.8.7)

Other

- (ep) such other responsibilities as may be prescribed by the Assembly or Synod including the appointment of members of those councils;
- (pq) providing for persons other than Ministers of the Word or Deacons to preside at the celebration of the sacraments where, in the opinion of the Presbytery, circumstances so require;
- (er) determining from time to time, and for good and sufficient reasons, the extent to which a Minister who is designated as on leave of absence, retired or not available for placement (See Reg. 2.6.1) shall be limited in the exercise of all or any of the functions of ministerial office. Any such determination shall be immediately reported to the Moderator and the Secretary of the Synod;
- (fs) delegating the duties of an officer of the Presbytery to another officer as the Presbytery may determine.

CONSULTATIONS ON LIFE AND WITNESS OF A CONGREGATION

- 3.1.4**
- (a) Consultations on the life and witness of a Congregation shall be conducted by the Presbytery with the Congregation including any Ministers, Youth Workers, Pastors or Lay Pastors serving in placements in the Congregation and any Community Ministers serving in the Congregation.
 - (b) The purpose of the consultation shall be to strengthen the life and witness of the Congregation, to assess future ministerial and lay leadership needs, and to review the records of the Congregation.
 - (c) A consultation shall normally take place every five years at the discretion of the Presbytery regardless of the duration of any current placement.
 - (d) The Presbytery may conduct a consultation at any time on its own initiative, or at the request of the Church Council or of a Minister serving in a placement in the Congregation.

- (e) The persons appointed by the Presbytery to undertake the consultation shall:
 - (i) consult with such bodies and persons within the Congregation as it determines;
 - (ii) report to the Presbytery and the Congregation; and
 - (iii) make such recommendations regarding the life and witness of the Congregation (including matters relating to placements and property) as they think fit.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SYNOD (Paragraph 32, Constitution)

3.1.5 The Synod in respect of those matters committed to it by the Constitution or which may hereafter be assigned to it, possesses that inherent power by which it may deal with and dispose of any matter before it for which no precise or sufficient Regulation has been made and the use of such power shall be included in the minutes.

Without limiting the generality of the responsibilities of a Synod as set out in Paragraph 32 of the Constitution, a Synod shall be responsible for:

Promotion and Encouragement of the Mission of the Church

- (a) assisting Congregations and Presbyteries in their missionary responsibility through:
 - (i) producing and distributing resource materials;
 - (ii) providing training courses for Pastors, Lay Preachers, teachers, Elders and other workers and leaders;
 - (iii) providing re-training courses for Ministers;
 - (iv) recruiting and training Pastors, Lay Pastors, lay administrators and other workers;
 - (v) providing for consultations, conferences and other procedures to share missionary insights and plan programmes of witness and service;
 - (vi) undertaking such other things as, in the opinion of the Synod, will promote and encourage the mission of the Church;
 - (vii) receiving from each Presbytery within the bounds regular reports concerning the membership and mission activities of the Congregations within that Presbytery and in the light thereof the Synod

- giving such counsel or take such action as it sees fit;
- (b) forming, naming, varying the bounds of and dissolving Presbyteries within the Synod in accordance with Regulations 3.4.6 - 3.4.7 ;
 - (c) selecting those from the Synod to be members of the Assembly in accordance with Regulation 3.3.8;
 - (d) co-operating in the:
 - (i) selection of candidates for ministry in the Church; (See Reg. 2.3.2.4) and
 - (ii) process of application for the ministry of Pastor; (See Reg. 2.3.3(c))
 - (e) receiving Ministers from other denominations in accordance with Regulation 2.5.1;
 - (f) overseeing the colleges and schools and other institutions within the bounds (See Reg 3.7.4.7);
 - (g) determining the amount of money to be asked of other councils and bodies within the bounds for the purposes of the Synod including its responsibility to the Assembly;
 - (h) establishing an Advisory Committee on Ministerial Placements (to be known as the Placements Committee) (Reg 3.7.4.2);

Theological and Ministerial Education

- (i) providing for the effective supervision of theological and ministerial education within the bounds, in accordance with the Regulations, including:
 - (i) ensuring that appropriate training facilities are available, in accordance with standards prescribed by the Assembly;
 - (ii) overseeing any theological colleges within the bounds;
 - (iii) making provision for the cost of education and training of candidates for ministry, by such means as it shall determine or as directed by the Assembly;

- (iv) appointing members to the council of any theological college for which the Synod has a responsibility and through such councillors giving oversight to the proper administration and operation of the college;
 - (v) determining the procedures for the nomination and/or appointment of staff of any recognised theological colleges within the bounds and the terms of appointment;
 - (vi) appointing a Ministerial Education Board or designating an appropriate body or bodies to exercise the responsibilities of the Ministerial Education Board;
 - (vii) reporting to the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly on ministerial education;
- (j) being generally responsible to see that the discipline of the Church is exercised in accordance with the Regulations and where necessary providing for the hearing of appeals. (See Part 5 and Part 6 of these Regulations)

Property

- (k) providing for the effective supervision of property matters within the bounds, in accordance with the property Regulations, including:
 - (i) appointing the elected members of the corporate trust in accordance with the provisions of the Acts or Ordinances (as amended) as the case may be in the State or Territory concerned;
 - (ii) appointing the members of the Property Board and making any other appointments required under the provisions of the property Regulations;
 - (iii) appointing an officer to administer property affairs and related matters;
 - (iv) the general oversight and management of Synod funds and of Synod policy and procedures relating to property;
 (See Part 4 of these Regulations)
- (l) making Synod by-laws pursuant to the Constitution and Regulations;

- (m) appointing a Standing Committee and determine the number of persons to comprise the Committee and how they are to be elected.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSEMBLY (See Para 38 and 39)

3.1.6 The Assembly, in respect of those matters committed to it by the Constitution (Para 38) or which may hereafter be assigned to it, possesses that inherent power by which it may deal with and dispose of any matter before it for which no precise or sufficient Regulation has been made and the use of such power shall be included in the minutes.

Without limiting the generality of the responsibilities of the Assembly as set out in Paragraph 38 and 39 of the Constitution, the Assembly shall be responsible for:

- (a) approving confessional statements on behalf of the Church;
- (b) approving orders of service for general use within the Church and making prescriptions in particular cases; (See Reg. 2.4.5, 2.4.7, 2.8.1 – 2.8.3)
- (c) establishing such councils or other bodies as it sees fit for:
 - (i) the fulfilment of the mission of the Church;
 - (ii) the management and administration of the Church;
 - (iii) such other purposes as the Assembly may consider appropriate;
- (d) establishing a fund, to be known as the Uniting Church in Australia Beneficiary Fund, providing benefits for Ministers, for the spouses and any other dependents of deceased Ministers and for such other purposes as may be approved by the Assembly;
- (e) making due provision for the raising of funds for the support of activities under the oversight of the Assembly, and prescribing the budgeting and reporting procedures required in relation to such funds;
- (f) appointing from among its members a Standing Committee to hold office from the conclusion of the meeting of the Assembly at which it is appointed until the

conclusion of the ensuing ordinary meeting of the Assembly.

- (g) changing the number, distribution or designation of approved placements under the jurisdiction of the Assembly
- (h) approving a Codes of Ethics;
- (i) approving Policies for the Prevention of Sexual Misconduct;
- (j) for the oversight of standards of ministerial education and for establishing policies relating to standards of formation, education and training for the specified ministries, including continuing education, professional development and training. These responsibilities include, but are not limited to:
 - (i) recognition of colleges as approved centres for training for ministry;
 - (ii) determining the pre-requisites for admission to candidature and the standards of ministerial education to be required of a candidate to qualify for recognition as a Minister, including the requirements for completion of the period of discernment;
 - (iii) prescribing the areas of study and the minimum requirements within each area which shall comprise an acceptable course of study for the various ministries of the Church, including the requirements for mentoring and support for newly ordained ministers during the first three years of their ministry;
 - (iv) receive annually for review from the faculty of each recognized theological college a report on ways in which the prescriptions specified under (iii) are being met;
 - (v) maintain a roll of candidates;
 - (vi) setting standards for qualifying examinations where appropriate for applicants seeking acceptance as candidates for specified ministries and arranging for the administration of such examinations;

(vii) prescribing the conditions under which a candidate qualifies for ordination and/or recognition and issues statements certifying that the requirements of Phase Two have been fulfilled in respect of each candidate on receipt of advice from the faculty concerned that all requirements of the course have been satisfactorily met;

(viii) arranging regular consultations of staff of the several theological colleges as may be appropriate; and

(ix) determining guidelines whereby Ministers and Youth Workers shall fulfil the requirement for three to five year continuing education agreements with their Presbytery or other appointing body;

[Korean]

3.2 UNITING ABORIGINAL AND ISLANDER CHRISTIAN CONGRESS (See Division 4, Constitution)

MEMBERSHIP

- 3.2.1** (a) All Aboriginal and Islander members of the Church are members of the Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress (“the Congress”);
- (b) The categories of membership of the Congress shall be as defined by the National Conference of the Congress.

RESPONSIBILITIES

- 3.2.2.** The Congress shall have responsibility for oversight of the Church’s life and mission with and for the Aboriginal and Islander people of Australia. In fulfilling this responsibility, the Congress shall seek to work with the Assembly, Synods and Presbyteries. Its responsibilities include, but are not limited to:
- (a) supporting the proclamation of the gospel to Aboriginal and Islander people;
- (b) supporting the establishment of congregations of Aboriginal and Islander people;

- (c) taking action in the Church and in the Australian community in relation to the needs and aspirations of Aboriginal and Islander people;
- (d) encouraging the expression of Christian theology from the perspective of Aboriginal and Islander culture;
- (e) relating to Aboriginal and Islander bodies of other churches in Australia, whether directly or through ecumenical bodies;
- (f) overseeing the Church's relationship with Aboriginal and Islander organisations in Australia;
- (g) relating directly to the indigenous bodies of churches overseas and to international organisations of indigenous peoples;
- (h) appointing representatives of the Congress to the Assembly;
- (i) appointing the Ministerial Education Board of the Congress.

GOVERNING STRUCTURE

- 3.2.3** (a) The Congress shall be governed by its National Conference, which shall meet no less frequently than once every four years. The composition of the voting membership of the National Conference shall be determined by the National Conference.
- (b) The National Conference shall determine other components of the government and administration of the Congress.

OFFICERS

- 3.2.4** The National Conference of the Congress shall appoint a National Chairperson and a National Administrator, whose duties shall be determined by the National Conference. The Congress may appoint other officers as the National Conference sees fit.

REPORTS TO ASSEMBLY AND SYNODS

- 3.2.5** (a) The Congress shall report to each ordinary meeting of the Assembly and as requested to the Assembly Standing Committee.
- (b) The appropriate regional body of the Congress may report from time to time to the ordinary meeting of the Synod and to the Synod Standing Committee when requested.

TRANSFERS OF PROPERTY TO ABORIGINAL ORGANISATIONS

3.2.6 On receipt of a request from a Synod Property Board for approval of the transfer of real estate from the Church to an Aboriginal and Islander organisation, the National Executive of the Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress shall consult with the appropriate regional body or Presbytery of the Congress and with the Aboriginal and Islander organisation before making its decision. (See Reg. 4.2.1(g)).

3.3 MEMBERSHIP OF COUNCILS

MEMBERSHIP OF THE CHURCH COUNCIL

- 3.3.1** (a) The membership of the Church Council shall consist of:
- (i) the Ministers, Youth Workers and Lay Pastors who are serving in approved placements in the Congregation;
 - (ii) subject to Regulation 2.9.4(b), Pastors serving within the Congregation;
 - (iii) Community Ministers and candidates for Community Minister who are serving in community ministry in the Congregation;
 - (iv) Ministers, being members of the Congregation, who are Ministers-in-Association in accordance with Regulation 2.11.1;
 - (v) subject to paragraph (b), Elders;
 - (vi) other confirmed members or members-in-association elected by the Congregation (See Reg. 3.9.1(b) and (c))

Subject to paragraph (b), the Church Council may co-opt not more than two other confirmed members or members-in-association of the Congregation to membership of the Church Council for such term not exceeding two years as the Church Council shall determine.

- (b) Unless the Presbytery authorises otherwise, Elders shall be members of the Church Council and shall comprise at least one half of the membership of the Church Council.

ELECTIONS OF ELDERS AND CHURCH COUNCILLORS

- 3.3.2**
- (a) In electing Elders and Church Councillors, the Congregation shall recognise and appoint confirmed members or members-in-association who are endowed with gifts fitting them for the responsibilities of the office.
 - (b) Election shall be by written ballot in a meeting of the Congregation. Prior notice of intention to hold such a ballot must be given and the names of nominees shall be publicly announced at least two weeks prior to the ballot being held.
 - (c) The meeting shall declare to be elected only such persons as receive the support of a majority of those participating in the ballot, or such higher percentage of those participating in the ballot as the Congregation may have determined prior to the call for nominations.
 - (d) The maximum number of Elders and other Church Councillors to be elected, in addition to any Elders holding life tenure, shall be determined by the Congregation from time to time after advice from the Church Council.
 - (e) Elders and other Church Councillors shall be set apart by prayer in a service of worship conducted by the Minister of the Congregation, or if unavailable, by another person appointed by the Presbytery to perform this duty.
 - (f) The term of office of an Elder and an elected Church Councillor is for such period from one to five years as is stipulated by the nominee and for which period the person is then elected by the Congregation. At the expiry of the term the Elder or Church Councillor shall be eligible for re-election.

[Korean]

TERMINATION OF OFFICE OF ELDERS AND CHURCH COUNCILLORS

- 3.3.3**
- (a) An Elder and a Church Councillor respectively shall relinquish office in the Congregation and cease to be recognised if he or she:
 - (i) resigns from the particular office by notice in writing to the secretary of the Congregation;
 - (ii) declines to carry out the responsibilities of the particular office; or
 - (iii) transfers membership to another Congregation.
 - (b) If in the opinion of the Church Council an Elder or Church Councillor is no longer:
 - (i) conforming to the standards of a member of the Church; or
 - (ii) complying with its discipline (in circumstances other than in Regulation 3.3.3(d)); or
 - (iii) carrying out the responsibilities of the particular office, the Church Council may recommend to a meeting of the Congregation that the Elder or Church Councillor be removed from office and the Elder or Church Councillor shall be removed from office if the recommendation is supported by a determination of a meeting of the Congregation.
 - (c) An Elder or Church Councillor who is removed from office by a decision of the congregation, shall have a right of appeal to the Presbytery. The decision of the Presbytery to confirm removal or re-instate the Elder or Church Councillor shall be final.
 - (d) If in the opinion of the Church Council there are concerns about the behaviour of an Elder or Church Councillor whether in person or through cyber bullying (with reference to paragraph 1.6 of the Manual for Meetings) the Church Council may refer the matter to the Presbytery Pastoral Relations Committee to determine if the Elder or Church Councillor shall be removed from office. The decision of the Presbytery Pastoral Relations Committee shall be final.

[Korean]

MEMBERSHIP OF THE PRESBYTERY

- 3.3.4** The membership of the Presbytery shall consist of:
- (a) The chairperson and secretary of the Presbytery.

- (b) Ministers who are
 - (i) in active service;
 - (ii) associate members appointed officers of the Presbytery, and co-opted by the Presbytery to full membership during all or part of their term of office;
- (c)
 - (i) Pastors in approved ministry locations within the bounds;
 - (ii) Lay Preachers classified as active who are elected by the Presbytery, of such number as the Presbytery shall determine;
 - (iii) Lay Pastors, Youth Workers and Community Ministers in accordance with Regulation 2.9.7;
- (d)
 - (i) One confirmed lay member elected by each Congregation. Where a Congregation includes more than 150 confirmed members and members-in-association in total, one additional confirmed lay member may be elected by the Congregation or where a Congregation includes more than 250 confirmed members and members-in-association in total, two additional confirmed lay members may be elected by the Congregation.
 - (ii) Such further confirmed lay members as may be determined by the Synod in consultation with the Presbytery and, as appropriate, to be appointed by the Congregations, the Presbytery or the Synod;
- (e) Two confirmed members representing each of such bodies as may be determined by the Presbytery, to be appointed by those bodies, and with at least one of such representatives being a lay person.
- (f)
 - (i) Confirmed lay members as co-opted persons up to a maximum of one for each five lay members of Presbytery, such co-options being made for such reasons as the Presbytery considers appropriate, including to include persons with special gifts not otherwise available to the Presbytery, to ensure that the number of lay members is not less than the members who are Ministers and to establish a

better balance in the proportion of younger and older persons who comprise the members of the Presbytery.

(ii) Ministers who are not otherwise members of the Presbytery as co-opted persons, up to a maximum of one for each five ministerial members of Presbytery (Ministers of the Word, Deacons and Deaconesses) such co-options being made for such reasons as the Presbytery considers appropriate, including to include persons with special gifts not otherwise available to the Presbytery and engaged in a significant ministry within the bounds of the Presbytery.

~~(iii) Co options shall be for a period of one year. A co-opted member is eligible for further co option. The number of co-opted members from any one Congregation shall not exceed three lay members and three ministerial members.~~

(iii) The number of co-opted persons shall not exceed one for each five members of the Presbytery. Each co-option shall be for a period not exceeding one year. A co-opted member is eligible for further co-option. The number of co-opted members from one Congregation shall not exceed three lay members and three ministerial members.

(g) In the event of any person who is a member of the Presbytery by virtue of paragraph (c)(i), (d)(i) and (e) hereof being unable to attend a meeting of the Presbytery, the place of such person may be taken by an alternate designated for that purpose by the appointing body.

ASSOCIATE MEMBERS OF THE PRESBYTERY

3.3.5 (a) Ministers who are on leave of absence, retired or awaiting placement and candidates for Community Minister shall be associate members of the Presbytery which has oversight of them, unless they are members of the Presbytery in accordance with Regulation 3.3.4.

(b) Associate members of the Presbytery may participate in discussion but not in the deliberation or determination of any item of business of the Presbytery.

TERMS OF APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE PRESBYTERY

- 3.3.6** (a) Lay persons who are members of Presbytery in accordance with Regulation 3.3.4(c)(ii) and (d) shall be elected or appointed for a period of one year and shall be eligible for re-election or re-appointment.
- (b) Should any casual vacancy occur among the lay membership of the Presbytery the vacancy may be filled by the appropriate electing body for the balance of the term of the person replaced.
- (c) No person may hold membership in more than one Presbytery at any one time.

MEMBERSHIP OF THE SYNOD

- 3.3.7** (a) The membership of the Synod shall consist of such number as the Synod shall determine up to a maximum of 500 persons, or such other maximum number as the Assembly may approve in respect of a particular Synod, and shall include:
- (i) the President and General Secretary of the Assembly;
 - (ii) the Moderator, ex-Moderator, Moderator-elect and Secretary of the Synod at the time of convening of the Synod, and such further ex-officio members as the Synod may determine;
 - (iii) Ministers of the Word, Deaconesses, Deacons, Community Ministers, Lay Pastors and Youth Workers who are members of a Presbytery within the bounds, appointed by each Presbytery, the number being such proportion as the Synod shall determine;
 - (iv) confirmed lay members appointed or elected by each Presbytery, being not fewer than the number of ministerial members, after the Presbytery has invited Congregations to submit nominations;
 - (v) such confirmed members representing bodies directly responsible to the Synod as the Synod shall determine;
 - (vi) two candidates for the ministries of Minister of the Word, Deacon or Youth Worker, elected by the candidates for these ministries within the bounds;

- (vii) co-opted confirmed members appointed in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 3.3.7(d).
- (b) The total number of lay members shall be not fewer than the total number of ministerial members (Ministers of the Word, Deacons and Deaconesses).
- (c) A Synod through its Standing Committee shall provide for the co-optation of such additional persons as may be necessary to
 - (i) ensure that the number of lay members is not fewer than the number of ministerial members; and
 - (ii) make available to the Synod the participation of persons whose gifts and experience would be of special value and not otherwise available to the Synod; or
 - (iii) achieve a better proportion of age groups, gender balance and cross-cultural representation.
- (d) The total of co-opted persons must not exceed one tenth of those appointed or elected in accordance with Regulations 3.3.7(a)(iii) – (vi).

MEMBERSHIP OF THE ASSEMBLY

- 3.3.8** (a) The membership of the Assembly shall consist of:
- (i) ex-officio members:
 - the President of the Assembly;
 - the General Secretary of the Assembly;
 - the ex-President of the Assembly;
 - the President-elect of the Assembly;
 - the Chairperson of the Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress;
 - the National Administrator of the Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress.
 - (ii) sixteen members of the Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress appointed by it, of whom no more than eight shall be Ministers;
 - (iii) Ministers and confirmed lay members from within the bounds of each Synod appointed as follows:

- (1) number of members to be appointed from within the bounds of each Synod:

Synod	
NSW and ACT	54
Northern	10
Queensland	36
South Australia	34
Victoria and Tasmania	58
Western Australia	20

and in each case the Moderator and the Secretary of the Synod shall be included ex-officio in the members appointed by the Synod when they are available to accept appointment;

- (2) equal numbers of Ministers and lay members shall be appointed;
- (3) not fewer than one in every ten of the members shall be of a youthful age as determined by the Assembly or its Standing Committee;
- (4) each Presbytery within the bounds of the Synod shall appoint one Minister and one lay member and may appoint such number of additional members as the Synod in session decides;
- (5) the Synod shall appoint the remaining members and shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with sub-paragraph (2) and (3) regarding the total number of members appointed from within the bounds of the Synod under this paragraph (iii);
- (iv) Ministers and confirmed members appointed by bodies directly responsible to the Assembly after the Standing Committee specifies the bodies which may make appointments and the number of members who may be appointed by each of those bodies provided that the total number of members to be appointed pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed 5% of the total number of members of the Assembly pursuant to Regulation 3.3.8 (i) -(iii);

- (v) Ministers and confirmed members appointed by the outgoing Standing Committee having regard to the gifts, skills and experience needed by the Assembly provided that the total number of members appointed pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed 8% of the total number of members appointed pursuant to Regulation 3.3.8 (i) – (iii).
- (b) The appointing council or body may make provision for an alternate to attend the Assembly in the place of any member unable to be present.
- (c) A member having taken a place in the Assembly shall not thereafter be absent from the meetings of the Assembly or be replaced by an alternate without the leave of the Assembly in each case.
- (d) The Assembly shall make provision in such manner as it shall determine to ensure that the total number of lay members is not fewer than the number of ministerial members by reason of the number of ex-officio members and members appointed by the Assembly or Standing Committee who are Ministers.

MEMBERSHIP OF ASSEMBLY APPOINTED BY SYNODS

- 3.3.9**
- (a) Each Synod shall elect by written ballot such number of Ministers and lay persons as are necessary to comply with Regulation 3.3.8(a)(iii)(5).
 - (b) Nominations of persons for election as members may be by:
 - (i) any Presbytery within the bounds;
 - (ii) any member of the Synod immediately preceding the Assembly.
 - (c) Nominations must be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Synod.
 - (d) In the event of any person elected in accordance with Regulation 3.3.9(a) being unable to attend the Assembly, the vacancy shall be filled by the person with the next highest number of votes to those elected in the ballot, or otherwise by a person selected by the Moderator.

3.4 FORMATION, ALTERATION OR DISSOLUTION OF CONGREGATIONS OR COUNCILS

FORMATION AND RECOGNITION OF A CONGREGATION

- 3.4.1** (a) A Congregation shall be recognised by resolution of a Presbytery.
- (b) A Presbytery may recognise a Congregation when:
- (i) a group of people apply to be so recognised, and demonstrate that their life and mission is consistent with the purpose of a Congregation (See Reg. 3.1.1), and
 - (ii) the group of people applying have amongst them persons who hold membership of the Church in another Congregation or recorded with the Presbytery, and who seek to transfer their membership upon recognition being given, and/or those who are seeking to be recognised as members;
 - (iii) the Pastoral Relations Committee or another body authorised by the Presbytery recommends that the group applying be so recognised; and
 - (iv) the group of people applying shall include sufficient members to constitute a quorum at a meeting of the Congregation (See Reg. 3.8.5(b)).
- ~~(e) — The Presbytery shall assist the nurture and care of a new Congregation by designating an appropriate person to liaise with the Congregation on behalf of the Presbytery until the Presbytery determines such a liaison role is no longer warranted.~~
- ~~(d) — The Presbytery shall make provision for the sacraments to be celebrated in the life of a new Congregation.~~

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CONGREGATIONS

- 3.4.2** A Congregation may relate to one or more other Congregations for the better exercise of their mission, at the initiative of a Congregation or of the Presbytery. Ongoing structured relationships between Congregations require Presbytery approval.

DISSOLUTION OF A CONGREGATION

- 3.4.3** (a) A Congregation shall be dissolved or cease to be recognised when, in the opinion of the Presbytery it is not capable of and / or unwilling to fulfill the purpose, functions and responsibilities specified in Regulation 3.1.1.
- (b) A Presbytery may dissolve and cease to recognise a Congregation for reasons which it considers are in the best interests of the mission, witness and service of the Church within the bounds of the Presbytery.
- (c) In the application of this Regulation:
- (i) the Presbytery shall take proper account of the purpose, functions and responsibilities of the Congregation as the primary expression of the corporate life of the Church;
 - (ii) the Presbytery shall consult adequately with the Congregation and with any other Congregation to which the Congregation is related by the Presbytery and shall provide the Congregation(s) with the reasons for any proposals and for any decision which it makes;
- (d) When a Congregation is no longer recognised the Presbytery shall ensure:
- (i) that each member of the Congregation is transferred to a roll of another Congregation;
 - (ii) that all rolls and other records of the Congregation are placed in the custody of an appropriate officer of the Church;
 - (iii) that proper arrangements are made for the pastoral care of the members and adherents, persons in placement and any property affected; and
 - (iv) that the matter is reported to the Synod.

AMALGAMATION OR DIVISION OF CONGREGATIONS

- 3.4.4** (a) Where a Presbytery, at its own initiative or at the initiative of one or more of its Congregations, considers that it is in the best interests of the mission, witness and service of the Church, it may:
- (i) amalgamate two or more Congregations; or

- (ii) divide a Congregation into two or more portions, and each portion may then be recognised as a Congregation or become amalgamated with another Congregation or Congregations;
- (b) In the application of this Regulation:
- (i) the Presbytery shall take proper account of the purpose, functions, responsibilities and rights of the Congregation as the primary expression of the corporate life of the Church;
 - (ii) the Presbytery shall ensure that any Congregation and any other Presbytery affected shall consult adequately, and shall provide any such Congregation and other Presbytery with the reasons for any proposals and for any decisions which it makes;
 - (iii) each Presbytery and Congregation affected has a responsibility to listen faithfully to one another;
- (c) The Presbytery shall ensure that:
- (i) that, in the amalgamation of Congregations pursuant to (a) above, all rolls and other records of the Congregations affected accompany those Congregations;
 - (ii) that in dividing a Congregation pursuant to (a) above, all rolls and other records of the Congregations being divided, are placed in the custody of the appropriate officer(s) of the Church;
 - (iii) that in each case proper arrangements are made to deal with any property affected;
 - (iv) that the matter is reported to the next meeting of the Synod.

FORMATION OF THE CHURCH COUNCIL OF A CONGREGATION

- 3.4.5** (a) The Congregation shall form a Church Council and make such other provisions as are appropriate for the fulfillment of its responsibilities.
- (b) In determining the composition of the Church Council or any committee or other body, the Congregation shall have regard to the principle that in accordance with the call and gifts of the Spirit each member shall have a part in the

ministry of the Church, and that government of the Church will be “entrusted to representatives, men and women, bearing gifts and graces with which God has endowed them for the building up of the Church” (Basis of Union Para. 15).

- (c) The Presbytery may authorise the appointment of one Church Council where Congregations are related to each other.
- (d) Church Councils of related Congregations may act conjointly in respect of all or some of the responsibilities described in Regulation 3.1.2.

FORMATION OF A PRESBYTERY

- 3.4.6** (a) A Presbytery shall be formed by the Synod, which shall determine the name of the Presbytery, fix its bounds and arrange for its first meeting, provided that:
- (i) where any such proposal is initiated in the Synod, each Presbytery affected shall be given opportunity to consider the proposal and to make a submission thereon to the Synod before the matter is determined;
 - (ii) where any proposal is initiated in a Presbytery, notice of the proposal shall be furnished to any other Presbytery affected, such Presbytery to have opportunity to make a submission thereon to the Synod before the matter is determined;
- (b) The Synod shall determine the basic requirements that must be met for the establishment or continuance of a Presbytery;
- (c) The minute of the Synod constituting the Presbytery shall be inserted in the first minutes of the Presbytery.
- (d) The time and place for the first meeting of a Presbytery shall be determined by the Synod, which shall appoint a member of the Church to convene, constitute and preside over the meeting till such time as the Presbytery elects a chairperson.

DISSOLUTION OR ALTERATION OF THE BOUNDS OF A PRESBYTERY

3.4.7 The Synod may dissolve or alter the bounds of a Presbytery on its own initiative or at the request of the Presbytery, provided that:

- (a) where any such proposal is initiated in the Synod, each Presbytery affected shall be given opportunity to consider the proposal and to make a submission thereon to the Synod before the matter is determined;
- (b) where any proposal is initiated in a Presbytery, notice of the proposal shall be furnished to any other Presbytery affected, such Presbytery to have opportunity to submit its comment to the meeting of the Synod which shall determine the matter;
- (c) the Synod shall determine the basic requirements that must be met for the establishment or continuance of a Presbytery;

FORMATION OF A SYNOD

3.4.8 A Synod shall be a council of the Church formed by the Assembly, and shall have such name and such bounds, responsibilities and relationships with other councils of the Church as the Assembly shall prescribe. In cases where the proposal to form a new Synod affects the bounds of an existing Synod the Assembly shall advise such existing Synod(s) of the proposal and shall consider any submissions from the such Synod(s) in regard thereto.

DISSOLUTION OR ALTERATION OF THE BOUNDS OF A SYNOD

3.4.9 The Assembly may dissolve or alter the bounds of any Synod provided that:

- (a) the Synod may request the Assembly so to do;
- (b) a Synod requesting the Assembly to alter the bounds of the Synod shall, either before or at the time of presenting the request, notify any other Synod affected by the proposal;
- (c) the Assembly shall advise Synods that may be affected, of any proposal and any Synod concerned shall have the right to make a submission concerning any proposed

dissolution or alteration which originates otherwise than by its own request;

- (d) any Presbytery or other body affected may make a submission concerning such proposal.

3.5 MEETINGS OF CONGREGATIONS AND COUNCILS

MEETINGS OF THE CONGREGATION

3.5.1 Participation in the meeting of the Congregation

- (a) The following persons shall be entitled to participate in the decision phase at meetings of the Congregation, (referred to in this Regulation as voting members):
 - (i) all Ministers, Pastors, Youth Workers and Lay Pastors who hold membership in the Congregation;
 - (ii) all other confirmed members of the Congregation;
 - (iii) all members-in-association with the Congregation;
 - (iv) all Ministers, Pastors, Youth Workers and Lay Pastors serving in approved placements in the Congregation.

Adherents and members not yet confirmed may participate in discussion but not in the determination of any item of business at the meetings.

Chairperson and Secretary

- (b) The meeting of a Congregation shall appoint a chairperson and a secretary. They shall hold office for periods determined by the Congregation. If the elected chairperson or secretary is not present at a meeting, the Congregation may appoint another of its members to act as chairperson or secretary.

General meetings

- (c) (i) General meetings of the Congregation shall be held at least twice in each year and shall be convened by the chairperson and secretary or, if there is a vacancy in one of those positions, by the remaining officer;

- (ii) At least once each year at a meeting of the Congregation financial reports shall be presented and policies, plans, budgets, appointments and other matters within the responsibility of the Congregation shall be determined.

Special Meetings

- (d) (i) The chairperson and secretary of the Congregation may convene a special meeting, due notice being given, and shall do so if requested in writing by at least seven members eligible to vote or a number representing at least 10% of the members eligible to vote, whichever is the greater, of the Congregation. A special meeting shall deal only with matters specified in the notice of meeting.
- (ii) If, in the opinion of the Pastoral Relations Committee of the Presbytery, circumstances warrant, the chairperson of the Presbytery or the chairperson's nominee may convene a general or special meeting of the Congregation.

Notice of Meetings

- (e) Due notice of all meetings shall be given at least one week prior to the date of the meeting, either by public announcement at a time of public worship or by such other means as the Congregation may determine.

Joint Meetings

- (f) Related Congregations may hold a joint meeting of the Congregations, on the initiative of any of the related Congregations or of the Presbytery. (See Reg. 3.4.2)

MEETINGS OF THE CHURCH COUNCIL

3.5.2 The Church Council shall meet at least quarterly on dates to be determined by the Council to deal with all matters relating to the responsibilities of the Council having particular regard to any matters referred to the Council by the Congregation. Additional meetings shall be held when convened by the chairperson or at the direction of a Congregational meeting, Presbytery, Synod or Assembly.

SPECIAL MEETINGS OF THE CHURCH COUNCIL

3.5.3 The chairperson shall convene a special meeting of the Church Council within fourteen days of being so requested by five or more members of the Council or by no fewer than half in number of the membership of the Council, whichever is the less. The business of the special meeting shall be restricted to the matters listed in the notice convening the meeting.

MEETINGS OF THE PRESBYTERY

- 3.5.4**
- (a) Unless otherwise determined by the Synod, a Presbytery shall meet at least twice a year and at such other times as the Presbytery may determine.
 - (b) A Presbytery shall not meet while the relevant Synod or the Assembly is in session.
 - (c) The Presbytery shall fix the date, time and place of its regular meetings.
 - (d) When, in the opinion of the chairperson and secretary, a change of date, time or place of meeting is warranted they may appoint another date, time or place provided that each member of the Presbytery is given at least fourteen days notice in writing.

SPECIAL MEETINGS OF THE PRESBYTERY

- 3.5.5**
- (a) The chairperson shall convene a special meeting:
 - (i) if in the opinion of the chairperson, urgent business warrants the holding of a special meeting; or
 - (ii) on written request from at least seven members of the Presbytery or a number representing at least 10% of the members of the Presbytery, whichever is the greater.
 - (b) At least fourteen days' notice of a special meeting of the Presbytery shall be given to each member in writing. The notice shall state the nature of the business to be considered.
 - (c) The business of a special meeting shall be restricted to the matters listed in the notice convening the meeting.

MEETINGS OF THE SYNOD

- 3.5.6**
- (a) Each Synod shall hold an ordinary meeting at a frequency determined by the Synod and at least once every three years between ordinary meetings of the Assembly.
 - (b) The first session of each ordinary meeting of the Synod shall consist of a public act of worship and whenever applicable an incoming Moderator shall be installed in conjunction with that act of worship.
 - (c) The Synod or its Standing Committee shall fix the time and place for the commencement of the next ordinary meeting of the Synod.

SPECIAL MEETINGS OF THE SYNOD

- 3.5.7**
- (a) A Synod may hold special meetings at such other times and for such purposes as the Synod determines.
 - (b) A special meeting of the Synod may be convened by the Moderator or the Synod Standing Committee for special and urgent reasons.
 - (c) For the purposes of (a) and (b) the members of the Synod shall be those listed on the roll of members of the last ordinary meeting of the Synod who are still eligible to be appointed as Synod members, provided that where a member is unable to attend a special meeting or has become ineligible to be appointed as a Synod member, the appointing body may appoint a replacement member.

MEETINGS OF THE ASSEMBLY

- 3.5.8**
- (a) The Assembly shall meet as required by the provisions of paragraphs 41, 42 and 43 of the Constitution.
 - (b) The date and place of an ordinary meeting of the Assembly shall be determined at the preceding ordinary meetings of the Assembly,
 - (c) The Standing Committee may vary the date and place for urgent or special reasons, provided that the variation does not exceed ninety days unless a majority of the Synods or their Standing Committees concur. The Standing Committee shall determine what notice of the amended date shall be given.

- (d) Each meeting of the Assembly shall be presided over by the President or, in the temporary absence of the President, by the ex-President. If the ex-President be not available the Assembly shall elect one of its members to preside during the absence of the President.
- (e) Each Assembly shall fix its hours of session and shall determine the order in which the business shall be taken, having regard to the advice of the General Secretary.

3.6 OFFICERS OF COUNCILS

OFFICERS OF THE CHURCH COUNCIL

3.6.1 Chairperson

- (a) The Church Council shall elect annually one of its members as chairperson.
- (b) If the elected Chairperson is not present at a meeting, the Church Council may appoint another of its members to act as Chairperson of that meeting.

Secretary

- (c) The Church Council shall appoint annually from among its members a secretary who shall:
 - (i) keep minutes of meetings of the Church Council,
 - (ii) take care of all records and papers of the Congregation, except such as are within the specific responsibility of any other body or officer, and
 - (iii) carry out other duties as the Church Council may require.

Treasurer

- (d) The Church Council shall appoint annually from among its members a treasurer;
- (e) The treasurer shall receive all moneys on behalf of the Church Council and pay them into a bank account of an approved financial institution (See Reg. 3.8.7), keep proper books of account and furnish financial statements to the Church Council and Congregation at the end of each year and at such other times as the Church Council or Congregation may require.

OFFICERS OF THE PRESBYTERY

3.6.2 Officers of the Presbytery may be appointed on an honorary basis or, subject to the approval of the Synod, on a full or part-time stipendiary basis.

Chairperson

- (a) A chairperson of the Presbytery shall be elected at a meeting of the Presbytery by a vote taken in such manner as the Presbytery may determine. The chairperson shall be a confirmed member of the Church.
- (b) The chairperson shall be elected for such term up to five years as the Presbytery may determine.
- (c) The duties of the chairperson shall be to constitute, preside over and generally direct the business of the meetings of the Presbytery, to exercise pastoral oversight and to perform such other duties as may be prescribed.
- (d) If the position of chairperson falls vacant, the duties of chairperson shall devolve upon the most recent former chairperson of the Presbytery and, if no such person be available, the Moderator of the Synod shall appoint a chairperson. In either case such person shall serve until the Presbytery is able to meet and elect a chairperson.
- (e) Should the chairperson be temporarily unavailable to perform the duties of the office, the Presbytery may appoint an acting chairperson who shall exercise all the duties of the office until such time as they are resumed by the chairperson.

Secretary

- (f) The Presbytery shall elect a secretary for such period up to five years as the Presbytery may determine. The secretary shall be a confirmed member of the Church.
- (g) The duties of the secretary shall include:
 - (i) convening meetings, preparing the agenda and keeping a record of all proceedings of the Presbytery;

- (ii) attending to all other correspondence on behalf of the Presbytery, including advising all affected parties of the decisions of the Presbytery;
 - (iii) maintaining and having custody of the books and records of the Presbytery, including the roll of the Presbytery, except such as may be assigned to other officers;
 - (iv) furnishing information and reports to the Synod and Assembly and to other bodies as required;
 - (v) dealing with property, disciplinary and other matters in accordance with Regulations;
 - (vi) performing such other duties as may be assigned by the Presbytery.
- (h) Should the secretary be temporarily unable to perform the duties of the office or should the office of secretary fall vacant, the Presbytery may appoint an acting secretary who shall have full authority and responsibility to perform all the duties of the office until such time as the secretary is available to resume those duties or another secretary is elected.

Treasurer

- (i) The Presbytery shall appoint a treasurer for such period up to five years as the Presbytery shall determine.
- (j) The treasurer shall receive all moneys on behalf of the Presbytery and pay them into a bank account of an approved financial institution (See Reg. 3.8.7), keep proper books of account and furnish financial statements to the Presbytery at the end of each year and at such other times as the Presbytery may require.

Maximum Term of Officers

- (k) The retiring chairperson, secretary and treasurer shall be eligible for re-election for a further term or terms of office up to a maximum of ten consecutive years.

3.6.3 OFFICERS OF THE SYNOD

ELECTION OF THE MODERATOR

- 3.6.3.1** (a) The Moderator shall be elected by the Synod subject to the following provisos and subject to such further procedures as may be determined by the Synod:
- (i) a Moderator shall be elected and designated Moderator-elect by a meeting of the Synod prior to the one at which the person will take office;
 - (ii) the election shall be by written ballot;
 - (iii) nominations may be submitted by the Presbyteries.
- (b) Should a Moderator-elect for any reason be unable to take up the office of Moderator, the Synod when constituted shall, as its first business, elect an acting Moderator and shall as soon as convenient thereafter elect a Moderator.
- (c) The Moderator of the Synod shall be elected for such period up to three years as the Synod shall determine and shall hold office from the time of installation until the next Moderator is installed.
- (d) Any person having fulfilled a term as Moderator shall not be eligible for re-election until after the expiry of one further term, unless the provisions of this Regulation have been waived by the Assembly in respect of the particular Synod.
- (e) When, by reason of death, illness, absence or other cause, the Moderator is unable to fulfil the duties of the office, the ex-Moderator or a person appointed by the Standing Committee shall act and shall have all the powers and authorities of a Moderator until such time as the Moderator resumes responsibilities or a new Moderator is elected.

DUTIES OF THE MODERATOR

3.6.3.2 The duties of the Moderator shall include:

- (a) giving general and pastoral leadership to the Ministers and people within the bounds;
- (b) assisting and encouraging the expression and fulfilment of the mission and witness of the Church;
- (c) counselling and advising, as may be necessary and helpful, to ensure that the life of the Church expresses the

faith, policies, standards and procedures to which it is committed;

- (d) presiding over the meetings of the Synod, its Standing Committee and such other of its boards and committees as may be required by the by-laws of the Synod;
- (e) filling, in respect of appointments normally made by the Synod and, in consultation with the Standing Committee and other bodies concerned, such vacancies as may arise between meetings of the Synod and for the filling of which other provision has not been made;
- (f) giving an interpretation where necessary of any doubtful or disputed decision of the Synod, such interpretation to be authoritative until confirmed or varied by the next meeting of the Synod or of the Standing Committee;
- (g) speaking on public issues on behalf of the Synod;
- (h) representing the Church as may be desirable on public occasions and in inter-church councils;
- (i) administering the discipline of the Church as may be required by any Regulation, by-law or rule;
- (j) enquiring, when the Moderator considers it expedient so to do, into any grievance, complaint or other circumstance which, in the opinion of the Moderator, adversely affects the good name of the Church or the order and peace of its Congregations or the progress of the work of God and seeking a remedy for such situations; in so doing the Moderator shall consult with one or more past Moderators and the chairperson of any Presbytery concerned.

APPOINTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF SYNOD

- 3.6.3.3** (a) The Synod shall appoint a Secretary of the Synod.
- (b) The initial term of office shall normally be five years. The appointment shall be reviewed during the initial appointment and during any extension of appointment. Any extension may be for a period of up to five years.

- (c) Should a vacancy occur in the office of Secretary between ordinary meetings of the Synod, the Standing Committee of the Synod shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy until the next ordinary meeting of the Synod.

DUTIES OF SECRETARY

3.6.3.4 The Secretary of the Synod shall have a pastoral and advisory role and be responsible for:

- (a) preparing all material for presentation in the agenda of the Synod, attending to the proper conduct of the business of the Synod and keeping copies of reports and other documents furnished to the Synod by the committees, councils and boards;
- (b) ensuring the accuracy and arranging for the distribution of the minutes of the Synod;
- (c) maintaining complete and accurate records as are required by the Synod;
- (d) attending to other correspondence of the Synod, including to convey the resolutions of the Synod as may be required to those concerned;
- (e) acting as the liaison officer of the Synod with the Presbyteries and other bodies within the bounds;
- (f) providing all necessary reports and information as may be required by the Assembly;
- (g) acting as secretary of the Standing Committee;
- (h) discharging such other duties as the Synod may prescribe.

3.6.4 OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY

ELECTION OF THE PRESIDENT

3.6.4.1 (a) A President shall be elected at each ordinary meeting of the Assembly to preside over that Assembly, and to hold office until the next succeeding President is installed.

- (b) During the ordinary meetings the Assembly shall by ballot designate a person as President-elect to assume office at the next ordinary meeting of the Assembly.
- (c) Nominations for inclusion in the ballot for the President-elect may be made either by a Synod, a Presbytery, or a regional or national committee of the Uniting Church Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress or by two persons who have been appointed to be members of the Assembly at which the election is to be held, it being necessary in each case that the nomination be submitted in writing on a form containing the consent of the nominee.
- (d) Nominations will close ninety days prior to the date of the commencement of the meeting of the Assembly at which an election is to be held.
- (e) The method of voting shall be as the Assembly determines, provided that no person shall be declared elected until that person has obtained an absolute majority of the votes cast;
- (f) It shall be the responsibility of the Assembly as soon as may be practicable after the constituting of the Assembly to install the President, such installation to be in conjunction with an act of worship.
- (g) Should a President-elect for any reason be unable to take up the office of President, the Assembly when constituted shall, as its first business, elect a President to take office immediately, and shall as soon as convenient thereafter elect a President-elect in the normal way.
- (h) If the President is unable to fulfil the responsibilities of the Presidency then, either at the request of the President or of the General Secretary, the ex-President shall become the Acting-President and shall have all the responsibilities of the President until such time as the President resumes those responsibilities or a new President takes office.

If the ex-President also be unavailable, the General Secretary shall be the Acting-President for a period not exceeding three months during which time the Assembly

or the Standing Committee shall elect an Acting-President.

DUTIES OF THE PRESIDENT

3.6.4.2 The duties of the President shall be to give spiritual leadership and encouragement to the Church generally, to represent the Church as appropriate, to give counsel as occasion requires and to do such other things as may be requested or advised by the Assembly.

PRESIDENTIAL RULINGS

- 3.6.4.3** (a) The President shall give a ruling on request from any member of the Assembly or from the Moderator of any Synod on behalf of any member within the bounds of the Synod, subject to the following provisions:
- (i) that any such request must be presented in writing and be accompanied by a statement of the relevant facts;
 - (ii) that the request is related to an interpretation of the intention of a resolution of the Assembly or interpretation of the Constitution or Regulations or a decision as to whether the action of any body within the Church conforms to the Constitution, the relevant Regulations, by-laws or rules;
 - (iii) that the President shall invite any person or body who in the opinion of the President is directly affected to submit a statement;
 - (iv) that a ruling shall be given after the President has taken such advice as the President considers appropriate;
 - (v) that a ruling when given shall be conveyed in writing to the applicant, to any person or body directly affected, to the General Secretary of the Assembly and to the Moderator of each Synod who shall arrange for it to be published or circulated;
 - (vi) that each ruling shall be binding until confirmed, varied, modified, rescinded or over-ruled by the Assembly or by the Standing Committee on its behalf.
- (b) Notwithstanding (a) the President shall not be obliged to give a ruling if:

- (i) the President considers that it would not be in the interests of the Church to do so; or
- (ii) the ruling is sought in respect of hypothetical circumstances; or
- (iii) there is a genuine dispute as to the material facts in respect of which the ruling is sought.

APPOINTMENT AND DUTIES OF THE GENERAL SECRETARY

- 3.6.4.4** (a) The Assembly shall appoint a General Secretary to hold office for such term, to receive such stipend and allowances and to be installed in such manner as the Assembly shall determine.
- (b) The duties of the General Secretary, as executive officer of the Assembly, shall be to give general leadership to the Church, to ensure execution of Assembly policy, to coordinate Assembly activities, to oversee the management of Assembly staff, and to do such other things as the Assembly may require. The General Secretary shall be a member ex-officio of all Assembly bodies.
- (c) Should the position of General Secretary become vacant between ordinary meetings of the Assembly, the President, on advice from the Standing Committee, shall make a temporary appointment or otherwise arrange for the responsibilities of the General Secretary to be carried out pending the making of a new appointment by the Assembly.

3.7 COMMITTEES, BOARDS AND OTHER BODIES OF COUNCILS OF THE CHURCH

CHURCH COUNCIL COMMITTEES

- 3.7.1** (a) The Church Council may appoint an Executive and other committees or task groups to assist the Church Council in any of its responsibilities.
- (b) Membership of the committees and task groups of the Church Council shall not be restricted to members of the Church Council but at least one member of each of such committees and/or task groups shall be appointed from among the members of the Church Council.

- (c) Any Executive, committee or task group shall have only an advisory role, unless it has been given a specific power to act, and shall report to the Church Council on a regular basis.

PRESBYTERY COMMITTEES

- 3.7.2**
- (a) The Presbytery shall establish:
 - (i) a Standing Committee;
 - (ii) a Pastoral Relations Committee;
 - (iii) a Property Committee; (See Reg. 4.3.1) and
 - (iv) such other committees or task groups as may be prescribed or as it deems necessary or desirable.
 - (b) The Presbytery shall appoint the membership of all committees or task groups and may disband any committees or task groups formed under (a)(iv).
 - (c) Any committees established pursuant to Regulation 3.7.2(a)(iv) shall have such powers and responsibilities as may be prescribed or as the Presbytery may determine, including the powers and responsibilities of the Presbytery as it may delegate.
 - (d) A majority of the membership of the committees shall be members of the Presbytery.
 - (e) The Presbytery may appoint any person it considers appropriate to a task group established under Regulation 3.7.2(a)(iv); however, no task group may have a delegation of the powers and responsibilities of the Presbytery unless a majority of the members of the committee are members of the Presbytery.

PASTORAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE

3.7.3 Membership

- (a) The Pastoral Relations Committee shall consist of the Presbytery's representatives to the Placements Committee together with at least three other persons appointed by the Presbytery, provided that the membership shall include at least two Ministers and two lay persons.

Responsibilities

- (b) The responsibilities of the Pastoral Relations Committee shall include:
- (i) overseeing on behalf of the Presbytery the pastoral relations between the Ministers, Lay Pastors, Youth Workers, Community Ministers and Pastors and Congregations within the Presbytery;
 - (ii) being accessible to Ministers, Lay Pastors, Youth Workers, Community Ministers and Pastors and Congregational representatives for the purpose of giving counsel on matters relating to pastoral relationships and responsibilities;
 - (iii) counselling Ministers, Lay Pastors, Youth Workers, Community Ministers and Pastors for their encouragement and enrichment in the fulfillment of their ministries, including reference to the Code of Ethics;
 - (iv) providing such reports as may be required by the Presbytery, with due regard to the confidentiality of information given to the Committee;
 - (v) conferring with Ministers, Lay Pastors, Youth Workers, Community Ministers, Pastors and Congregations to ascertain relevant information in all cases where changes in placement or appointment are involved and advising the Presbytery regarding those matters;
 - (vi) dealing with matters relating to the placement or appointment of Ministers, Lay Pastors, Youth Workers, Community Minister and Pastors as may be delegated to it;
 - (vii) dealing with complaints as set out in the Regulations on Church Discipline;
 - (viii) making provision for the appropriate pastoral support and accountability of Ministers, Lay Pastors, Youth Workers, Community Ministers and Pastors in active service who are not in approved placements;
 - (ix) reviewing the list of Ministers, Lay Pastors or Youth Workers under its care who are awaiting placement with a view to assisting them either to return to active service or to make other appropriate vocational decisions or suggesting to a Church Council that an invitation be extended to the Minister to become a Minister-in-Association;

- (x) determining the manner of appointment of persons to preside at worship and preach in a Congregation during times when there is no Minister in placement.

Chairperson

- (c) The Presbytery shall appoint one of its members to chair the Pastoral Relations Committee.

3.7.4 SYNOD COMMITTEES, BOARDS AND OTHER BODIES

SYNOD STANDING COMMITTEE (See Para 36, Constitution)

3.7.4.1 Membership

- (a) The membership of the Synod Standing Committee shall consist of:
 - (i) the Moderator, the ex-Moderator, the Moderator-Elect and the Secretary of the Synod as ex-officio members;
 - (ii) such other ex-officio members as the Synod may determine;
 - (iii) other members of the Synod elected by it to serve until the next ordinary meeting of the Synod;
 - (iv) no more than two persons co-opted by the Standing Committee.

Only members of the Synod are eligible for membership of the Standing Committee.

- (b) The lay members shall be not fewer in number than the Ministerial members.

Meetings

- (c) The Standing Committee shall:
 - (i) meet at such times and places as are determined by the Committee or as called by the Moderator; and
 - (ii) appoint a chairperson of the meeting if neither the Moderator nor the ex-Moderator is available.

Responsibilities

- (d) The Standing Committee is empowered to act on behalf of the Synod between meetings of the Synod in respect of

any of the responsibilities of the Synod except such as the Synod may determine.

- (e) The Standing Committee shall deal with matters referred to it by the Synod.
- (f) In dealing with matters which have not been referred, unless otherwise prescribed by the Synod:
 - (i) the quorum shall be two-thirds the number of members of the Standing Committee; and
 - (ii) if a decision on a matter cannot be made by the consensus procedures and in order to carry the relevant motion, a majority of three-fourths of those present shall be required.
- (g) The Standing Committee shall report its decisions to the next ordinary meeting of the Synod, which shall give directions as to the publishing thereof and as to any further action that may be required.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON MINISTERIAL PLACEMENTS (See Reg. 3.1.5 (h))

3.7.4.2 Membership

- (a) The Placements Committee shall consist of:
 - (i) a chairperson, elected by each ordinary meeting of the Synod;
 - (ii) the Secretary of Synod (or nominee);
 - (iii) one or two persons, as determined by the Synod, appointed by each Presbytery;
 - (iv) up to six persons elected by the Synod Standing Committee, after advice from the Placements Committee taking account of factors such as gender, age, ethnicity, rural/urban, specialist knowledge/experience and the need for Deacons and Youth Workers to be represented.

Responsibilities

- (b) The Placements Committee shall:
 - (i) determine, after consultation with the Presbyteries and the relevant bodies of the Synod, the full list of placements;
 - (ii) change the number, distribution or designation of approved placements within the bounds of the Synod on the following basis:

- (1) within a Congregation: on the recommendations of the Presbytery and a meeting of the Congregation;
 - (2) within a Presbytery: on the recommendation of the Presbytery;
 - (3) within the Synod: on the recommendation of the relevant Synod body.
- (iii) exercise an overview of placements having regard to the interests of the whole Church;
 - (iv) take initiatives towards:
 - (1) the deployment of available ministry in such a way that approved placements with imperative needs are not left vacant;
 - (2) ensuring that Ministers with particular needs are suitably placed;
 - (v) at any time initiate (after consultation with the Ministers, Congregations, Presbyteries and other bodies concerned) action (including the disturbance of existing placements) to provide a Minister for a Priority placement;
 - (vi) supply relevant information to persons or bodies concerned with calling a Minister.
 - (vii) negotiate with other Synods and bodies concerned regarding the transfer of Ministers between Synods;
 - (viii) recommend to Joint Nominating Committees the names of Ministers, ordinands, Lay Pastors and Youth Workers considered to be suitable for a placement (See Reg. 2.6.1 – 2.6.6);
 - (ix) recommend to Joint Nominating Committees the names of Pastors considered suitable for placement under Regulation 2.6.6.

MINISTERIAL EDUCATION BOARD

3.7.4.3 Membership

- (a) Ministerial Education Boards shall include both lay and ministerial members and, in those Synods in which there is a theological college constituted by the Synod, the Ministerial Education Board shall also include representatives of the faculty of the theological college, representatives of its student body and such heads of

university colleges with which the theological college is associated, as may be determined by the Synod.

- (b) The Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress shall appoint a Ministerial Education Board with responsibilities as provided in Regulations 3.7.4.3(c) in relation to Aboriginal and Islander candidates.

Responsibilities

- (c) The responsibilities of the Ministerial Educational Board shall include the following:
 - (i) in relation to theological colleges constituted by the Synod:
 - (1) providing for adequate academic and administrative staffing, accommodation and facilities for the work of the theological college and determining the terms and conditions of appointment for staff other than those specified in clause (2);
 - (2) reporting for the decision of the Synod upon all matters relating to the appointment and termination of appointment of the principal, professors and teachers in the theological college except as hereinafter provided;
 - (3) determining the conditions under which study leave shall be granted to members of the staff of the theological college and making adequate provision;
 - (4) being responsible for the income and expenditure of the theological college and preparing an annual budget for the Synod.
 - (ii) in relation to candidates:
 - (1) referring candidates to a faculty or a theological college council which shall determine the appropriate course of studies for ministerial education and, where that faculty is not within the same Synod, entering into negotiations through the Ministerial Education Board of the Synod concerned for the reception of the candidate and for the meeting of the costs involved;

- (2) making provision for scholarship aid, living allowances and accommodation for candidates;
 - (3) determining, on the advice of the faculty or theological college council, requests from candidates for leave of absence or deferral of studies and advising Presbyteries and the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly accordingly;
 - (4) co-operating and consulting with and reporting to Presbytery in regard to matters relating to candidates;
 - (5) receiving from the faculty or theological college council and forwarding to Presbytery any recommendations concerning termination of candidature on academic or other grounds.
- (iii) either separately or in co-operation with the Synod or agency of the Church:
- (1) making provision for the continuing education of Ministers and Youth Workers, post-graduate and other forms of advanced ministerial education, and other theological education and for relating ministerial and lay education to the overall life and mission of the Church;
 - (2) making, on the advice of the faculty or theological college council, by-laws to govern admission to courses, suspension from courses, fees, discipline and other matters relating to students who are not candidates;
 - (3) appointing members of selection panels other than the Presbytery representatives and making facilities available for the proper and professional appraisal of applicants for the ministries of the Church;
 - (4) reporting as may be requested on the qualifications of any Minister applying for recognition and acceptance on transfer from another church;
 - (5) nominating to the Synod the persons to represent the Synod on the Ministerial Education Commission;

- (6) ~~co-operating with the Ministerial Education Commission in the planning and financing of regular consultations for the staff of the several theological colleges;~~
 - (7) ~~reporting annually to the Synod and to the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly;~~
 - (8) appointing such committees as may be appropriate for the effective fulfillment of the responsibilities of the Board;
 - (9) ensuring resources are available to assist members and the Church in the period of discernment (see Regulation 2.3.1).
- (iv) appoint a community ministry committee, which shall advise the Board on the educational requirements for each candidate.
- (d) In a Synod where a theological college is recognised by the Synod as a teaching institution for training students for ministry but is not constituted by the Synod, the Ministerial Education Board shall undertake all responsibilities in Regulation 3.7.4.3(c) not otherwise legislated for in the constitution and by-laws of the theological college concerned and shall make recommendations to the Synod concerning any financial support of such theological college.

THEOLOGICAL COLLEGES

- 3.7.4.4** (a) ~~For such theological colleges as the Synods may establish and maintain, each such Synod shall provide for appropriate staffing, educational resources, management, administration and finance, and, subject to any relevant Regulations or to any decision of the Ministerial Education Commission Assembly, shall specify the responsibilities of the college.~~
- (b) The colleges established by Synods may offer programmes and courses in theological education for students who are not candidates, provided that the requirements for training candidates for specified ministries are fully met.

- (c) Courses offered by a theological college established by a Synod shall be available to any persons seeking to undertake such courses and willing to abide by the rules laid down by the Ministerial Education Board on the advice of the faculty or college.

THE FACULTY

3.7.4.5 (a) Within each theological college established by a Synod and recognised by the Assembly, there shall be a faculty responsible to the Synod, to the Ministerial Education Board and to the ~~Ministerial Education Commission~~ Assembly.

- (b) The faculty shall comprise the principal, all full-time teaching members of the staff of the theological college who have been appointed to their office by the Synod, or who are recognised by the Synod as constituting the faculty, together with any others appointed on the nomination of the faculty by the Synod or the Ministerial Education Board.

(c) The faculty shall be responsible to the Assembly through the ~~Ministerial Education Commission~~ for meeting prescriptions in respect of training of Ministers and for the standard and quality of education which it offers Ministers

- (d) The faculty shall be responsible with the Ministerial Education Board to the Synod for the work of the theological college constituted by the Synod, and for theological education within the Synod.
- (e) The faculty shall share with Presbyteries the responsibility for the pastoral care and oversight of candidates for the ministry. (See Reg. 2.4.2)
- (f) Where appropriate a Synod may approve the council of the theological college or other appropriate body exercising some or all of the responsibilities of the faculty specified above.

FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS AND INVESTMENTS BODY

3.7.4.6 (a) A Synod may establish a body or bodies authorised to:

- (i) invest and manage funds on behalf of the Synod or on behalf of any Presbytery, Congregation or other body within the bounds of the Synod;
- (ii) accept money on deposit;
- (iii) borrow, raise, secure the payment of money or otherwise obtain financial accommodation including by the issue of debentures, bonds or other securities;
- (iv) advance or lend money or otherwise make financial accommodation available or enter into financial transactions with or without security, at such rate of interest (if any) or for such other consideration (if any) and on such terms as to repayment and otherwise as the Synod may authorise;
- (v) issue, draw, accept, endorse or discount bills of exchange, promissory notes, payment orders or other negotiable instruments;
- (vi) enter into any transaction for the purpose of reducing the risk of loss or increasing the prospect of gain arising from changes in interest, discount or currency exchange rates or other rates or factors affecting financial markets;
- (vii) guarantee, indemnify or be surety for the payment of money or performance of contracts or obligations by any person with or without securing the liabilities so incurred.

Subject to Regulation 3.7.4.6(b), all investments borrowings and other transactions authorised by this Regulation are to be made in the name of the Property Trust and within such guidelines as the Synod shall determine.

- (b) The body responsible for the management and administration of any fund may invest in its own name monies not immediately required for the purposes of that fund, provided that the amount and the period do not exceed the limits prescribed by the Synod and that the investment is of a nature approved by the Synod. Where the amount or period of a proposed investment exceeds the limits set down by the Synod the specific approval of the Synod shall be obtained for the investment made by

the Synod investment agency on behalf of the fund concerned.

INSTITUTIONS

3.7.4.7 (a) For the purposes of this Regulation, unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates:

- (i) **institution** means any body whether incorporated or unincorporated established by or on behalf of the Church or any of the uniting churches or in which the Church participates for a religious, educational, charitable, commercial or other purpose;
- (ii) person includes a church, a body corporate and an unincorporated body;
- (iii) **the Church** includes any body of the Church.

(b) Subject to any directions by the Assembly on matters of policy, the Synod, paying due regard to the responsibilities of any other body:

- (i) shall determine what institutions shall be continued, established, conducted or discontinued by or on behalf of the Church;
- (ii) may authorise the establishment or continuation of any institution by the Church conjointly with another person, or require the withdrawal of the Church from any institution which has been or may hereafter be established by the Church conjointly with another person;
- (iii) may approve or authorise the participation of the Church in, or the association of the Church with, any institution, or may terminate or cause to be terminated any such participation or association;
- (iv) may authorise affiliation of the Church with, or membership of the Church in, such bodies (being bodies conducting or connected or associated with an institution or with which an institution is associated) as shall seem appropriate to the Synod and may terminate or cause to be terminated any such affiliation or membership;
- (v) may make any such determination, authorisation, approval, termination or requirement subject to conditions and from time to time vary the conditions.

- (c) The Synod may authorise the separate incorporation of any institution or the participation of the Church in, or its association with, an incorporated institution.
- (d)
 - (i) The property of any institution referred to in paragraph (b)(i) shall, subject to any special trusts which may be applicable, be vested in the appropriate Synod Property Trust unless the Synod determines otherwise;
 - (ii) In the case of each other institution referred to in paragraph (b) the Synod may concur in the property of that institution being vested in the Synod Property Trust or in such other person and subject to such terms and conditions as to the Synod shall seem proper.
- (e) In respect of institutions established or conducted by or on behalf of the Church and the Church's participation in or association with other institutions and its membership of or affiliation with bodies pursuant to paragraph (b)(iv) the Synod may:
 - (i) oversee and from time to time review the same;
 - (ii) appoint an official visitor thereto for the purpose of exercising oversight;
 - (iii) intervene in such manner as it is able and as it considers necessary or proper in the interests of the Church.
- (f) Subject to any by-laws and any conditions applicable pursuant to paragraph (b)(v), an institution which is established or conducted by or on behalf of the Church or the council or other authority administering the institution:
 - (i) shall be responsible and accountable for its proper management to the Synod or such body as it designates;
 - (ii) may exercise all the powers and functions delegated to it by the Synod or such body as it designates; and
 - (iii) shall report and present audited financial statements to the Synod or such body as it designates at least annually and at other times as the Synod requires.

- (g) Where an institution is established and conducted by the Church conjointly with any other person, the provisions of paragraph (f) shall apply, subject to any relevant provisions contained in any constitution or any other instrument relating to the joint establishment and conduct of the institution.
- (h) Where an institution is primarily responsible to a body of the Church within the bounds of a particular Synod, that Synod shall have the powers and responsibilities given to the Synod under this Regulation.
- (i) In relation to an institution, and to the extent to which the Church is concerned:
 - (i) The constitution or other instrument whereby an institution is established, continued or conducted by or on behalf of the Church shall:
 - (1) specify the name, purpose and management procedures of the institution;
 - (2) provide for effective representation of the Synod, the Presbytery, the Church Council or other body as the case may be on the managing or controlling authority of the institution;
 - (3) provide for the furnishing of regular reports and financial statements to the Synod or such body as it designates.
 - (ii)
 - (1) The Synod shall be responsible for granting or approving the constitution or other instrument whereby the institution is established, conducted or continued and shall have authority to amend, revoke or suspend the operation of such constitution or instrument, notwithstanding any provisions within the constitution or other instrument.
 - (2) No alteration of such constitution or other instrument shall be operative unless and until it is approved by the Synod.

3.7.5 ASSEMBLY COMMITTEES, BOARDS AND OTHER BODIES

ASSEMBLY STANDING COMMITTEE (See Para 47, Constitution)

3.7.5.1 Membership

- (a) The Assembly Standing Committee shall consist of
 - (i) the President, President-elect, ex-President and General Secretary of the Assembly;
 - (ii) the Chairperson and the National Administrator of the Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress;
 - (iii) 18 members of the Assembly elected by the Assembly; and
 - (iv) no more than four persons co-opted by the Standing Committee.
- (b) The elected membership shall include at least one person from each Synod.
- (c) The number of lay members of the Standing Committee shall be not fewer than the number of members who are Ministers.
- (d) In the election of members, paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be applied in that sequence in determining the persons elected.
- (e) The elected membership shall include no more than ~~six~~ five persons from any Synod.
- (f) The Standing Committee may act notwithstanding any vacancy in its membership. Any vacancy may be filled by the Standing Committee appointing a member of the same status, whether Minister or lay person, as the person who caused the vacancy. If the person whose place has become vacant was the only elected member of the Standing Committee from a Synod, the new member shall be from the same Synod.
- (g) Only members of the Assembly are eligible for membership of the Standing Committee.

Meetings

- (h) Meetings of the Standing Committee shall be held as required to transact the business and shall be called by the General Secretary:
 - (i) as may be directed by a previous meeting of the Committee;
 - (ii) as requested by the President;
 - (iii) as approved by the President on advice from the General Secretary as to business to be done;
 - (iv) as requested in writing by not fewer than half the members of the Committee, the request to state the purposes of the proposed meeting.

~~(i) Any matter coming before the Standing Committee for determination may be dealt with by postal or electronic vote, provided that no such matter shall be deemed to be resolved in the affirmative unless at least four fifths of the members of the Committee vote for the affirmative and further provided that if within seven days after the referral of such matters to the members of the Committee any three or more members give written notice that they require the matter to be referred to a duly convened meeting of the Committee, the postal or electronic vote shall be of no effect.~~

- (j) The following persons may attend the meetings of the Standing Committee as observers with the right to speak but not to vote:
 - (i) Secretaries of Synods, the Associate General Secretary and the National Director, Theology and Discipleship;
 - (ii) such Assembly staff members as the President and General Secretary, after consultation, may invite, having regard to the agenda.
- (k) At least thirty days' notice in writing shall be given convening meetings of the Standing Committee, provided that such time may be reduced if, in the opinion of the President, an earlier meeting is required for urgent reasons.

Responsibilities

- (l) The Standing Committee shall:

- (i) transact such business as may be referred to it by the Assembly and such other business as may be required or be desirable to be done on behalf of the Assembly between meetings of the Assembly, except such as may be precluded by the Assembly;
- (ii) in order to assist the Assembly in its discernment, at least ten months prior to an Assembly meeting, advise the Church on the challenges and issues which may be faced by the President and the Assembly in the seven subsequent years;
- (iii) offer guidance to the President on priorities to be pursued, and the way in which the responsibilities named in Regulation 3.6.4.2 may be exercised, taking into account the particular gifts and graces of the President;
- (iv) report its decisions to Synods, Presbyteries and the next meeting of the Assembly.

AUDIT, FINANCE AND RISK COMMITTEE

3.7.5.2 Membership

- (a) The Assembly shall establish an Audit, Finance and Risk Committee which shall consist of:
 - (i) a Chairperson appointed by the Standing Committee;
 - (ii) four other persons at least two of whom are not employees of the Church or Ministers; and
 - (iii) the General Secretary and the senior financial officer of the Assembly who shall be ex officio non-voting members.
- (b) The members shall be appointed by the Standing Committee at its first meeting after each ordinary meeting of the Assembly.
- (c) All members shall hold office until a new committee is appointed according to Regulation 3.7.5.2(b).
- (d) Casual vacancies may be filled by appointment by the Standing Committee.

Responsibilities

- (e) The Committee shall:

- (i) be accountable to the Assembly and its Standing Committee;
- (ii) make to the Assembly such reports and recommendations on financial matters and policies as the Assembly may require or the Finance and Audit Committee considers appropriate.
- (iii) assist the Standing Committee to discharge its responsibility to exercise due care, diligence and skill in relation to:
 - (1) selection and application of accounting policies;
 - (2) financial budgeting, recording, monitoring and reporting;
 - (3) management and internal controls;
 - (4) business policies and practices;
 - (5) compliance with applicable laws, regulations, standards and best practice;
- (iv) review and if necessary initiate improvements in the quality of internal and external financial reporting to the Assembly and its agencies;
- (v) review and if necessary initiate improvements in the effectiveness of internal and external audit functions and advise regarding auditors;
- (vi) provide a formal forum for communication between the Standing Committee, senior financial management and the external auditor;
- (vii) monitor audit and risk management systems put in place by Assembly agencies;
- (viii) initiate action to investigate or intervene in any agency/activity of the Assembly where such action is warranted by an audit finding or risk situation.

MINISTERIAL EDUCATION COMMISSION

3.7.5.3 Membership

- (a) The Assembly shall establish a Ministerial Education Commission which shall consist of:
 - (i) a chairperson and a secretary appointed by the Assembly;
 - (ii) the principal (or an alternate appointed by the principal) of each theological college recognised by the Assembly;

(iii) two persons appointed by each Synod, one of whom shall have expertise in education for lay specified ministries;

(iv) one person appointed by the Presbytery of Tasmania;

(v) two persons appointed by the Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress; and

(vi) the chairperson of each working group appointed by the Commission, provided that a working group may appoint another of its members active in the ministry concerned to serve as a member of the Commission in the place of the chairperson of the working group;

(b) Persons appointed under the provisions of Regulation 3.7.5.3(a)(i) shall hold office between consecutive ordinary meetings of the Assembly. Any vacancies occurring in such appointments within that period shall be filled by the relevant appointing body or principal.

Responsibilities

(c) The responsibilities of the Ministerial Education Commission shall be to:

(i) recommend to the Assembly the colleges to be recognised by the Church as approved centres for training for ministry;

(ii) recommend to the Assembly the pre-requisites for admission to candidature and the standards of ministerial education to be required of a candidate to qualify for recognition as a Minister or Youth Worker, including the requirements for completion of the period of discernment;

(iii) prescribe the areas of study and the minimum requirements within each area which shall comprise an acceptable course of study for the various ministries of the Church, including the requirements for mentoring and support for newly ordained ministers during the first three years of their ministry;

(iv) receive annually for review from the faculty of each recognised theological college a report on ways in which the prescriptions specified under (iii) are being met;

- (v) maintain a roll of candidates;
- (vi) set standards for qualifying examinations where appropriate for applicants seeking acceptance as candidates for specified ministries and to arrange for the administration of such examinations;
- (vii) prescribe the conditions under which a candidate qualifies for ordination and/or recognition and issue a statement certifying that the requirements of Phase Two have been fulfilled in respect of each candidate on receipt of advice from the faculty concerned that all requirements of the course have been satisfactorily met;
- (viii) arrange regular consultations of staff of the several theological colleges as may be appropriate;
- (ix) recommend to the Assembly guidelines whereby Ministers and Youth Workers shall fulfil the requirement for three to five year continuing education agreements with their Presbytery or other appointing body; and
- (x) do such other things as may be required of it by the Assembly.

Executive of the Ministerial Education Commission

- (d) There shall be an executive committee of the Commission which shall consist of:
 - (i) the chairperson and secretary of the Commission as appointed under Regulation 3.7.5.3(a)(i);
 - (ii) the other members of the Commission resident within a Synod designated by the Assembly;
 - (iii) up to four additional persons (who need not be members of the Commission but who shall be resident in the designated Synod) appointed by the Commission for a term of not more than three years and under such conditions as the Commission shall determine;
 - (iv) up to two additional persons (who need not be members of the Commission but who shall be resident in the designated Synod) co opted by the above members of the executive committee for a term of not more than three years and under such conditions as the committee shall determine.

- (e) The executive committee may act for and on behalf of the Commission between its meetings in all matters except as may be specifically precluded by the Commission.

3.8 REGULATIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL COUNCILS AND CONGREGATIONS

PRINCIPLE FOR APPOINTMENTS

- 3.8.1** In determining the composition of the council the appointing body shall have regard to the principle that in accordance with the call and gifts of the Spirit each member shall have a part in the ministry of the Church, and that government of the Church will be “entrusted to representatives, men and women, bearing gifts and graces with which God has endowed them for the building up of the Church” ” (Basis of Union Para. 15).

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES

- 3.8.2** A Congregation or council may appoint and disband committees for such periods, on such terms and with such responsibilities as it deems appropriate.

OTHER OFFICERS

- 3.8.3** A Congregation or council may appoint other officers upon such conditions and to have such responsibilities as the council shall determine.

CONDUCT OF MEETINGS

- 3.8.4** (a) Meetings of a congregation, council or a standing committee shall be conducted in accordance with “A Manual for Meetings in the Uniting Church” unless the congregation, council or standing committee has adopted other standing orders or meeting procedures.
- (b) Decisions made by a council or standing committee other than in a meeting, by electronic means, shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in 5.18 of “A Manual for Meetings in the Uniting Church” unless the council or standing committee has adopted other standing orders or meeting procedures.

- (bc) If the presiding officer of a meeting of a congregation or council (or its standing committee) is unavailable then the meeting shall elect a chairperson for that meeting.

QUORUMS FOR MEETINGS

- 3.8.5** (a) If a quorum is not present the meeting shall be reconvened by the chairperson and if the chairperson be unavailable by the secretary. If a quorum be not present at the reconvened meeting the business of the meeting may be conducted by those present.

Congregation

- (b) A quorum for a meeting of the Congregation shall consist of eight voting members or one-tenth of the voting members of the Congregation whichever number is the greater, unless otherwise determined by the Presbytery in respect of a particular Congregation.

Church Council

- (c) A quorum for a meeting of the Church Council shall consist of one half of the total membership of the Church Council.

Presbytery

- (d) A quorum for a meeting of the Presbytery shall consist of one-third of the voting members representing at least half the number of the Congregations of the Presbytery. If a Minister, Youth Worker, Pastor or Lay Pastor is serving in an approved placement in more than one Congregation, that person shall be deemed to represent all those Congregations for the purpose of determining whether at least half the number of Congregations are represented at the meeting.

Synod

- (e) A quorum for a meeting of the Synod shall consist of half the number of members of the Synod within which number at least two-thirds of the Presbyteries shall be represented.
- (f) Except as provided in Regulation 3.7.4.1(f)(i), a quorum for a meetings of the Synod Standing Committee shall consist of half the number of members on the Committee

Assembly

- (g) A quorum for a meeting of the Assembly shall consist of half of the number of members of the Assembly representing at least half the number of the Synods.
- (h) A quorum for a meeting of the Assembly Standing Committee shall be half the number of members of the Committee.

FUNDS OF CONGREGATIONS, COUNCILS OR OTHER BODIES

3.8.6 Congregations, Church Councils, Presbyteries, Synods, the Assembly or other bodies may establish funds to provide for the proper discharge of their purposes, responsibilities and objects, and they shall respectively be managed and administered by such persons or bodies and in such manner as the Church Council (or Church Councils working collaboratively), Presbytery, Synod or Assembly may determine.

ACCOUNTING AND AUDIT

3.8.7 Books of Account

- (a) All funds of the Church shall be accounted for using proper, approved methods of accounting. The body responsible for funds shall keep proper books of account. The books of account shall include all receipts and disbursements received or made, all credits and debts owing or due and all other relevant matters necessary including a full explanation of the accounts. The body responsible shall, upon the request of the chairperson of the Church Council or other appointing body or the Synod Property Officer or any person authorised by any one of them, produce the books of account together with all supporting or relevant accounts, receipts, and documents for inspection, and shall permit extracts to be taken and copies to be made by any such authorised officer.

Monies to be banked

- (b) All monies received from time to time shall be placed to the credit of an account in the name of the body responsible in any one or more of the financial institutions approved by the Synod. The body responsible shall appoint two or more persons to operate on such account

Audit

- (c) The books of account shall be audited and certified by the auditors at least once in every year and at such other times

as may be required by the chairperson of the Church Council or other body responsible as the case may require.

Appointment of Auditors

- (d) The auditor or auditors shall be appointed annually. Subject to the variation in (e) below, the auditor(s) shall be a qualified accountant or, if more than one, shall include at least one qualified accountant. For the purpose of this Regulation a qualified accountant means:
- (i) a person who is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia or the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants, or
 - (ii) any other person who has qualifications and experience requisite for registration as a company auditor under the Corporations Act 2000 as amended or replaced from time to time and who in the opinion of the appointing body is a fit and proper person to undertake the responsibility.

Variations to Qualifications

- (e) Where the gross receipts of a Congregation or body or fund in the year is below a figure that equates to 2.5 times the notional stipend the books of account may be audited and certified by two person who are not qualified in terms of (d) above, but who are, in the opinion of the body responsible, fit and proper persons to undertake the responsibility. Notional stipend for the purpose of this Regulation means the amount determined for the year by the Board of Directors of Benefund Limited.

Eligibility as Auditor

- (f) The auditor appointed shall not be a member of the board, council or committee whose accounts are being audited unless a Presbytery with respect to accounts of Congregations or Congregational organisations within its bounds, or the Synod Property Board with respect to accounts of other councils or organisations, determines, at the request of the appointing body, that special circumstances exist. In such case a member of the board, council or committee may be appointed to be auditor.

Presentation of Accounts

- (g) Audited financial statements bearing an audit or independent reviewer's report in such form as the Synod may prescribe shall be submitted to the Church Council or other appointing body or the body responsible for their administration and control, as may be appropriate, at least once in every year, and to the Synod and the Presbytery Property Committee (in respect of Congregations and their organisations) whenever required.

Budgets

- (h) Comprehensive and detailed budgets should be prepared for every Congregation, Presbytery, Synod, the Assembly and other body with an established fund during the current year for the next succeeding year in the manner directed and approved by the relevant council responsible for the fund.

3.9 ALTERNATIVE LOCAL CHURCH STRUCTURES

PARISH MISSIONS

- 3.9.1** (a) A Synod, after consultation with the Presbytery, may designate a Congregation or related Congregations within its bounds as a Parish Mission if, in the opinion of the Synod, such Congregation is responsible for approved ministries of such special character and extent that the Congregation should be allowed to do one or more of the following:
- (i) to look beyond its own membership and bounds for additional persons to assist in the general oversight and management of the responsibilities of the Congregation;
 - (ii) to seek additional financial support by appeal beyond the bounds of the Congregation, provided that such appeals shall not be addressed to Congregations without prior consent of the appropriate body appointed or designated by the Synod;
 - (iii) to make a case for the extension of ministerial placements beyond the normal maximum term when the proper exercise of the special ministries so requires.

- (b) Except as may be determined in accordance with (c), the Presbytery may, in respect of each Parish Mission, appoint any number from one to ten persons to be members of the Church Council in addition to those listed in Regulation 3.3.1. The Church Council may nominate to the Presbytery names of persons to be considered when such appointments are being made.
- (c) Synod may, at its discretion, determine that in regard to any particular Parish Mission the Synod or a Synod body determined by it shall make the additional appointments to Church Council set out in (b).
- (d) A Parish Mission, in addition to such reports as would normally be made by a Congregation to the Presbytery, shall report annually to the Synod or a body determined by the Synod regarding the special ministries and shall present financial statements as the Synod shall determine.
- (e) If, in the opinion of the Synod, after consultation with the Presbytery, the special ministries no longer justify the designation of Parish Mission, the designation and the provisions pertaining thereto shall be withdrawn following reasonable notice to the Congregation concerned.

FAITH COMMUNITIES

- 3.9.2**
- (a) A Presbytery may recognise as a Faith Community a grouping of people who;
 - (i) are seeking to explore the implications of faith in God, gathering in order to serve the community and/or nurturing one another in faith; or
 - (ii) are worshiping together and seeking to relate to the Church for nurture and support, and
 - (iii) apply to the Presbytery to be recognised as a Faith Community.
 - (b) A Faith Community may include confirmed members of the Church who hold their membership in a Congregation or who have their membership recorded with the Presbytery.
 - (c) A Faith Community will order its life, under the oversight of the Presbytery, so as to encourage its participants,

develop its mission, and be accountable for its resources, and may seek the guidance of a Presbytery about possible ways to do so.

- (d) A Faith Community may appoint leaders from its participants and may designate a participant to attend meetings of the Presbytery.
- (e) A Faith Community may apply to Presbytery to be recognised as a Congregation. A Presbytery may request a Faith Community to make such an application.
- (f) A Presbytery may cease to recognise a Faith Community.

CHURCH COUNCILS IN SMALL CONGREGATIONS

- 3.9.3**
- (a) Where a Congregation has no more than 30 confirmed members and members-in-association (as listed in Regulation 1.6.1), the Presbytery may, at the request of the Congregation, authorise the Congregation to determine that all those who are members of the Congregation shall comprise the Church Council.
 - (b) The authorisation shall continue until:
 - (i) the Congregation decides that it will cease to operate under these Regulations and forms a Church Council under Regulation 3.3.1; or
 - (ii) it is withdrawn by Presbytery after consultation with the Congregation (which shall be carried out by the Presbytery at least every five 5 years); or
 - (iii) the expiry of the period of 12 months mentioned in (c) or the longer period authorized under (c) of this Regulation , as the case may be.
 - (c) This Regulation shall cease to apply to the Congregation and the Congregation shall form a Church Council in accordance with the Regulation 3.3.1 at the expiry of a period of 12 months after the number of confirmed members and members-in-association of the Congregation grows to more than 40 or at the expiry of such longer period as the Presbytery may authorise where it considers it is in the best interest of the Church to do so.

- (d) (i) A meeting of a Congregation in which all confirmed members and members-in-association of the Congregation comprise the Church Council shall also be a meeting of the Church Council and vice versa unless the meeting is convened only as a meeting of the Church Council.
- (ii) The quorum for a meeting of the Congregation which is also a meeting of the Church Council and the quorum for a meeting which is convened only as a meeting of the Church Council shall be one quarter of the confirmed members and members-in-association. (See Reg. 3.8.5).
- (e) Regulation 3.3.1(b) does not apply to Congregations in which the confirmed members and members-in-association comprise the Church Council.

[Korean]

3.10 EXEMPTIONS, ALTERNATIVES AND ALTERATIONS

EXEMPTIONS AND ALTERNATIVE REGULATIONS

3.10.1 The Assembly in plenary session, or its Standing Committee (if in that Committee's opinion special circumstances exist or it is necessary or convenient in order to give effect to any resolution of the Assembly) by resolution:

- (a) may grant exemption from compliance with all or any of the Regulations; and
- (b) may make alternative Regulations in respect of all or any such matters

in either case to have application either generally or only to such persons, congregations, councils and other bodies and in such circumstances and subject to such conditions as may be specified by resolution.

The granting of an exemption from compliance with a Regulation or Regulations does not have the effect of exempting any person,

congregation, council or other body from complying with the Constitution and other Regulations.

ALTERATIONS TO REGULATIONS

3.10.2 (a) These and any other Regulations may be amended by addition, deletion or alteration by a decision of the

(i) Assembly, ~~or~~

(ii) Assembly Standing Committee as the case may be where the Assembly in session has resolved to delegate the authority to amend to the Standing Committee:

provided that details of any proposed amendment have been published in the agenda of the Assembly or the Standing Committee or stated in a notice of ~~motion~~ proposal which has been duly given in accordance with standing orders and which specifically states or necessarily implies that any such proposal involves an amendment to the Regulations.

(b) Amendments to the Regulations shall have effect from the time of passing of the relevant resolution or at such other time as the Assembly, ~~or the Standing Committee,~~ as the case may be may specify.

(c) Any act or decisions made under Regulations prior to the amendment thereof shall not be rendered invalid by reason of such amendment but shall subsequently be varied to comply with the amended Regulations if so directed by the Assembly or other ~~authority~~ body concerned.

(d) Any body within the Church affected by Regulations may request the Assembly to amend the Regulations.

4. PROPERTY

4.1 DEFINITIONS

In Part 4 unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates:

Agency includes any body not separately incorporated or any person acting in the name or on behalf of the Church;

Building includes any building used solely or in part for educational, charitable, social, residential, business, commercial or professional purposes;

Chairperson includes the deputy chairperson and other person acting as chairperson;

Church building means any building ordinarily used for the holding of services for the worship of God;

Lease includes:

- (i) any lease, sub-lease, or licence of land or premises granted or taken on behalf of or for the benefit of the Church or any body of the Church,
- (ii) any surrender or variation of lease, sub-lease, or licence, or consent to either transfer or sub-lease, underlease or sub-licence any lease, sub-lease or licence of land or premises.

Proceeding means any action, suit, application or proceeding in any court or other tribunal, a reference to arbitration, or other proceeding of conciliation, mediation or adjudication whether judicial or arbitral or not;

Property means property of whatsoever nature whether real or personal, and includes money, investments, and rights relating to property;

Property Trust means a Property Trust constituted under the Uniting Church in Australia Act or Ordinance of the State or Territory concerned;

Responsible body means a body that is responsible for the management and administration of property, and which either itself carries out those responsibilities or appoints another body to undertake them either in whole or in part;

Standing Committee means the Standing Committee of Synod by whatever name known or the executive committee or other body having authority to act on its behalf;

Trust property means property vested in or acquired by a Property Trust.

SYNOD PROPERTY BOARD

FUNCTIONS OF PROPERTY BOARD

4.2.1 Each Synod shall appoint a Property Board which shall:

- (a) advise the Synod with respect to policies relating to property within the bounds of the Synod;
- (b) supervise the implementation of the Synod's policies in regard to property within the bounds of the Synod;
- (c) consult where appropriate and advise Presbyteries, Church Councils, institutions and other agencies of the Church with respect to property matters within their bounds;
- (d) receive proposals with respect to property matters submitted to it by the Presbyteries, Church Councils, institutions or agencies, ensure that each proposal is in accordance with the policies of the Synod with respect to property matters, development and mission and give the final decision with respect to such proposals;
- (e) initiate proposals with respect to property matters;

- (f) carry out functions (b) to (e) above in respect of departmental, institutional and other property outside the jurisdiction of Presbyteries and Church Councils;
- (g) only approve the transfer of any real estate vested in a Uniting Church Property Trust to any Aboriginal and Islander organisation with the prior approval of the National Executive of the Uniting Aboriginal and Islander Christian Congress; (See Reg. 3.2.6) and
- (h) perform such other duties and functions with respect to property matters as may be referred or delegated to it by the Synod from time to time.

DELEGATION TO PRESBYTERY

- 4.2.2** (a) A Synod Property Board may delegate to:
- (i) the Property Committee of any Presbytery, or
 - (ii) another body within the Synod, or
 - (iii) a Church Council of a Congregation which is designated as a Parish Mission or a committee of that Church Council, or
 - (iv) the Property Officer, and / or specified positions
- any of its powers of consent or approval in relation to property, provided that the financial liability involved, or the value of the property concerned, does not exceed such sum or sums as the Synod may determine from time to time.
- (b) A Synod Property Board may withdraw such delegation, either generally or in a particular case, at any time.
 - (c) The delegation shall be made subject to such conditions as the Assembly or the Synod Property Board shall determine from time to time.

MEMBERSHIP

- 4.2.3** The Synod shall determine the membership and terms of appointment of members of the Synod Property Board provided that the membership shall include
- (a) the Synod Property Officer ex officio; and

- (b) at least two other members of the Property Trust.

PRESBYTERY PROPERTY COMMITTEE

PRESBYTERY PROPERTY COMMITTEE

- 4.3** (a) Each Presbytery shall appoint a Presbytery Property Committee and shall determine the membership and term of appointment of members of the Committee.
- (b) A Presbytery Property Committee, subject to any relevant by-laws and directions of the Presbytery, shall:
- (i) advise Church Councils and other bodies within the bounds of the Presbytery with respect to property matters for which they are responsible;
 - (ii) receive and consider applications from Church Councils and other bodies within the bounds of the Presbytery with respect to property matters as provided by these Regulations having regard to:
 - the mission of the Church within the bounds of the Presbytery,
 - the policies of the Synod and Presbytery,
 - financial feasibility,
 - design and location,
 - any other relevant matter;
 - (iii) submit proposals from any Church Council or other body within the bounds of the Presbytery to the Synod Property Board with recommendations for final decision;
 - (iv) initiate proposals with respect to property matters within the bounds of the Presbytery; and
 - (v) regularly inspect or arrange for the regular inspection of properties for which the Presbytery and Church Councils and other bodies within the bounds of the Presbytery are responsible and propose and report to Presbytery such action as may seem desirable to ensure that the properties are maintained in good and safe condition.
- (c) A Presbytery may authorise the Presbytery Property Committee or another committee or committees to take responsibilities in respect of such one or more of the

- properties for which the Presbytery is itself responsible, including:
- (i) the supervision and use of the property;
 - (ii) maintaining the property in good repair;
 - (iii) reporting in respect of such matters as the Presbytery may require; and
 - (iv) such other matters as the Presbytery may determine.
- (d) In a matter of extreme urgency the Presbytery Property Committee may remit any application received by it to the Synod Property Board which shall be entitled to deal with such application without any recommendation thereon having been made by the Presbytery Property Committee, and in cases where the Moderator certifies that circumstances of extreme urgency exist, the Moderator may authorise the Synod Property Officer and the Synod Secretary to make a decision and take action in the name of the Synod Property Board, such action to be subsequently reported to the Board and to the Presbytery Property Committee.

THE CHURCH COUNCIL

RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROPERTY

- 4.4.1** Subject to the Regulations, the by-laws of the Synod and the rules of Presbytery, the Church Council shall be responsible for the management and administration of all property of the Church acquired or held for the use of the Congregation, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing shall:
- (a) be responsible for the care and maintenance of property;
 - (b) subject to clause (e) of this Regulation, determine the use of land and buildings;
 - (c) deal with proposals for the acquisition or disposal of any property or the creation or extinguishment of any rights or interests in property by whatever means;

- (d) consider and if thought fit make recommendations concerning erection, demolition, alteration or enlargement of church buildings and other buildings;
- (e) consult with a Congregation regarding any proposal concerning property that would have a substantial effect on the life, witness and service of the Congregation;
- (f) be responsible for the financial affairs and the management and investment of all funds related to property;
- (g) do such other things as are necessary or appropriate for the use and management of all property acquired or held for the Congregation.

NOTICE OF BUSINESS

- 4.4.2** (a) Unless at least seven days' notice convening the meeting and specifying the business that shall be dealt with at the meeting has been given it shall not be competent to pass any resolution recommending or resolving to:
- (i) erect, enlarge, demolish, remove or substantially alter any building;
 - (ii) incur any expense for repairs exceeding such sum as may be determined by the Synod from time to time;
 - (iii) sell, mortgage, exchange, lease, grant or extinguish any estate, right or interest in any land, or surrender or accept the surrender of any lease;
 - (iv) acquire any land or interest in land;
 - (v) alter the general purposes for which any land or building is or may be used;
 - (vi) invest any funds other than on short-term deposit with any of the financial institutions approved by the Synod in accordance with Regulation 3.8.7(b);
 - (vii) appropriate any funds except for current expenses.
- (b) It shall be competent for the Church Council to deal with and resolve any of the matters referred to in Regulation 4.4.2(a), notwithstanding that the prescribed notice has not been given, if a majority of those present at the meeting of the Church Council resolve to waive such notice, provided that the majority of votes cast in favour

of such waiver shall be not less than three-fifths of the total membership of the Church Council.

ANNUAL PROPERTY REVIEW

4.4.3 At least once in every year the Church Council shall receive the audited accounts and review the following matters in respect of each property for which it is responsible:

- (i) the state of repair;
- (ii) the adequacy of the insurance cover;
- (iii) arrangements made in respect of public risk insurances and personal accident insurances for voluntary workers;
- (iv) the financial position in respect of each property.

4.4.4 In exercising the responsibilities set out in Regulation 4.4.1 the Church Council may itself carry out all these responsibilities or may appoint one or more committees to be responsible to the Church Council in respect of such one or more properties as the Church Council may specify for:

- (i) the supervision and use of the property;
- (ii) maintaining the property in good repair;
- (iii) such other responsibilities as the Church Council may determine;
- (iv) reporting in respect of such matters as the Church Council may require.

PROPERTY OTHER THAN CONGREGATIONAL PROPERTY

PROPERTY OTHER THAN CONGREGATIONAL PROPERTY

- 4.5**
- (a) Assembly property shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 4.10.1.
 - (b) In the case of property (other than property for which a Church Council is the responsible body), acquired or held for the use of a Synod, a Presbytery, or any body within the bounds thereof, the responsible body shall be that council or body.
 - (c) The responsible body shall determine the manner in which such property is managed and controlled.

PROPERTY DEALINGS

PROPERTY PROPOSALS

- 4.6.1** (a) A proposal for the purchase, sale, mortgage, lease or the granting or acquiring or disposing of or surrender of any estate or interest in any real property or the erection, demolition or enlargement of a church or other building, or any borrowing of money, may originate in a Church Council or other responsible body or a committee thereof, or in a Congregation.
- (b) In the event of any such proposal originating in a Congregation or a committee and being accepted for examination and decision, immediate written notice of such proposal shall be given to the Church Council or other responsible body, and when appropriate the originating body shall give advice of its recommendations in respect of such proposal.
- (c) No such proposal may be put into effect before approval is given in accordance with the Regulations.

LEASES

- 4.6.2** (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this Regulation, a lease shall not be granted without the prior approval of the Synod Property Board.
- (b) Approval to grant or vary a lease or accept any surrender thereof may be given by the Church Council or other responsible body where:
- (i) the term of the lease (including any options for renewal) does not exceed 3 years, and
 - (ii) the premises are not a Church building, a Church hall or a Minister's residence.
- (c) A lease shall not be taken without the prior approval of the Synod Property Board.
- (d) All leases shall be executed by a Property Trust unless otherwise authorised by the Synod Property Board on such terms as it thinks fit.

- (e) All leases shall be taken or granted in the name of a Property Trust.
- (f) Each lease, or a copy thereof, shall be lodged with the Property Officer of the Synod.
- (g) This Regulation applies notwithstanding anything elsewhere contained in the Regulations.

PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS

4.6.3 Unless special circumstances are declared to exist by Synod or its Standing Committee, no real estate shall be acquired, sold, mortgaged or (except as provided in Regulation 4.6.2) leased, or any rights, easements or other estates or interests therein granted or created, assigned or surrendered, or contracts entered into in respect of such matters or in respect of the erection, enlargement, structural alteration, improvement or demolition of any substantial building or the borrowing of any money unless the same shall be approved by the Church Council or other responsible body, the Presbytery and the Synod in the manner required.

APPLICATIONS FOR APPROVAL

4.6.4 Application to the Presbytery or the Synod for approval of any proposed property transaction shall be made in such form and accompanied by such information as the Synod Property Board may require.

EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS AND MAKING OF AGREEMENTS

CERTIFICATION OF DOCUMENTS AND AGREEMENTS

4.7.1 All documents, agreements in writing and proposals for agreements, to be executed or made by or on behalf of a Property Trust and to which Regulation 4.6.3 applies, shall be submitted to the Property Officer of the Synod accompanied by a certificate in the form required by the Property Trust certifying that the document agreement or proposal has been approved in accordance with Regulation 4.6.3.

EXECUTION OF DEEDS

4.7.2 Any deed, instrument, contract or agreement relating to any property or matter to which the Regulations apply which, if made or executed by an individual could be, or would (under common or statute law) be required to be, in writing and under seal, may be made or executed under the seal of the Property Trust.

MAKING OF AGREEMENTS AND EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS NOT UNDER SEAL

- 4.7.3** (a) Any instrument, contract or agreement relating to any property or matter intended to be evidenced in writing but not under seal (whether or not required by law to be in writing) shall be made in writing under the authority and on behalf of the Property Trust in the circumstances and manner, and by the person or persons, authorised by the Property Trust.
- (b) Any contract relating to any property or matter which if made between individuals would by law be valid although made by parol only (and not reduced to writing) may be made under the authority and on behalf of the Property Trust, in the circumstances and manner, and by the person or persons, authorised by the Property Trust.

DOCUMENTS CONSEQUENTIAL ON AN AGREEMENT

4.7.4 In the event of a document to be executed by or on behalf of the Property Trust being consequential upon an agreement entered into by the Property Trust such document may be executed, provided the solicitor or other person properly submitting the same certifies the document to be consequential and in order for execution.

AGREEMENT TO BE BINDING

4.7.5 Any deed, instrument, contract or agreement made in accordance with the foregoing provisions shall be effectual in law and shall bind the Property Trust or any responsible body and all other parties thereto and may be varied or discharged in the manner in which it is authorised to be made.

4.8 APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS OF SALE

4.8 The proceeds of any sale of real estate shall, subject to any special trusts upon which it is held, be applied so far as the proceeds will extend in the following order:

- (a) in the discharge of any encumbrances and liabilities whether personal or otherwise lawfully created or contracted or such of them or such part thereof respectively as it may be found necessary or expedient so to discharge;
- (b) in the fulfillment of the conditions (if any) imposed by the Synod when consenting to such sale;
- (c) towards any one or more of the objects hereinafter mentioned:
 - (i) promoting the mission of the Church;
 - (ii) assisting or increasing the funds of any body of the Church;
 - (iii) erecting a new Church building, Church hall, residence or other building on any site vested in the Church;
 - (iv) carrying out improvements and enlargements to any such existing buildings;
 - (v) purchasing land as a site for a Church building, Church hall, residence or other building to be under the control of the Church Council concerned or any other body of the Church;
 - (vi) contributing to the funds, objects or charities under the control or direction of the Presbytery, Synod or the Assembly;
 - (vii) such other purposes as the Synod may approve.

4.9 LEGAL ACTIONS AND ARBITRATIONS

- 4.9**
- (a) The Property Trust in the State or Territory where proceedings are being taken may sue or be sued in its name on behalf of the Church or any agency of the Church or in relation to trust property.
 - (b) Proceedings shall not be instituted or defended by or in the name of a Property Trust, the Church, or any agency of the Church, without the prior approval of:

- (i) the Standing Committee of the Synod in the State or Territory in which the proceedings are being taken or of the Moderator of that Synod, or
 - (ii) in cases of urgency, the Property Officer of that Synod or the chairperson of the Presbytery within the bounds of which the action arose or the property affected by the proceedings is located.
- (c) All persons shall be entitled to rely upon a statement that the required consent has been given, if signed by an officer of the body by which or by the person by whom, the consent was given, without proof of the signature of that person.

4.10 ASSEMBLY PROPERTY

- 4.10.1**
- (a) All real property acquired or held for or on behalf of the Assembly or any agency of the Assembly (hereinafter called Assembly property) shall be managed and administered by
 - (i) the governing body of the agency concerned; or
 - (ii) such officer or body as the Assembly or its Standing Committee designates.
 - (b) Proper books of account shall be kept in respect of all Assembly property and shall be audited annually and at such other times as the President or the General Secretary may require.
 - (c) A copy of the audited accounts shall be given to the General Secretary forthwith after the completion of the audit.
 - (d) Assembly property shall not be purchased, sold, mortgaged, encumbered or leased; and
 - (i) no legal or equitable estate or interest in Assembly property shall be granted, transferred, assigned or surrendered; and
 - (ii) no building on Assembly property shall be erected, demolished, enlarged or substantially altered,

- without the consent of the Assembly or its Standing Committee or such other committee as the Assembly or its Standing Committee may designate.
- (e) The legal title to Assembly property shall be vested in the Property Trust of the Church in the State or Territory in which the property is situated, except as may otherwise be approved by the Assembly Standing Committee.
 - (f) All documents necessary to be executed by a Property Trust in respect of Assembly property shall be executed by it upon being furnished with a certificate signed by the President or General Secretary or such other person as the Standing Committee of the Assembly shall appoint, evidencing that the document is in order for execution.
 - (g) The Assembly or its Standing Committee may give directions in respect of Assembly property.

4.11 MISCELLANEOUS

UNSAFE BUILDINGS

- 4.11.1** (a) Notwithstanding any Regulation or by-law, a Synod Property Officer or Synod Secretary shall have the power, in respect of any property within the bounds of a Synod, owned by the Property Trust of that Synod or any body of the Church, which does not comply with any governmental regulation or requirement or is reported to the Synod Property Officer as being in an unsafe or dangerous condition, to do any or all of the following:
- (i) temporarily or permanently close any building;
 - (ii) obtain a professional audit or report in relation to the state of the property or any activity conducted thereon;
 - (iii) ensure that work is undertaken to make safe or obtain compliance;
 - (iv) require repayment by the body having oversight of the property of any amount expended by the Synod pursuant to this Regulation;
 - (v) after consultation with the body having the oversight of the property recommend to the Standing Committee of the Synod:

- (1) disposal of the property where it is impossible or impracticable to make the property safe or to rectify the non-compliance;
 - (2) demolition of any building, or;
 - (3) future use of the property.
- (b) The Standing Committee of the Synod shall have power to determine, or to delegate to its Property Board the right to determine, matters relating to the use or disposal of property or demolition of any building when a recommendation is made pursuant to Regulation 4.11.1(a).

INDEMNITY

- 4.11.2** (a) Any person acting under the express or implied authority of the Church and who is not an independent contractor shall be indemnified out of trust property against all liability for any matter or thing done or liability incurred except in the case of fraud, criminal act, gross negligence or wilful misconduct.
- (b) Without detracting from the generality of paragraph (a), a member of a Church Council or other body responsible for the management and administration of property shall be indemnified out of trust property against liability for any matter or thing done or liability incurred in the performance of functions as a member thereof except in the case of fraud, criminal act, gross negligence or willful misconduct.

CUSTODY OF DEEDS

- 4.11.3** All deeds and documents of title relating to trust property shall, unless lodged with some person or corporation as security for a loan, be placed in the custody of such person or persons as may be prescribed by the Synod or the Assembly as may be appropriate.

UNITED WORK

- 4.11.4** A responsible body may make property available for the purposes of united work with any other denomination or denominations upon such terms and conditions as may be

approved from time to time by the Synod or the committee of the Synod appointed by it for that purpose.

TO FURNISH INFORMATION

4.11.5 A responsible body shall furnish such information regarding property affairs, including audited accounts, as the Presbytery or the Synod or any body so authorised by either of them requires from time to time.

REGISTER OF PROPERTIES

4.11.6 A Synod register of properties shall be kept in such form and by such person as shall be prescribed by the Synod.

INSPECTION OF REGISTER

4.11.7 The register shall be kept properly posted up and shall be made available for inspection by any member of a responsible body, or the chairperson or secretary of a Presbytery, the Moderator or Property Officer of the Synod, or any person authorised by any of them.

RETURNS

4.11.8 Each responsible body shall furnish such returns to the Presbytery and Synod as shall be prescribed by the Presbytery and the Synod respectively.

NATIONAL PROPERTY POLICY

- 4.11.9** (a) Where two or more Congregations or faith communities share, or will share, the use of a Church property that is under the management and administration of a Church Council of (one of) the Congregation(s), they will enter into a culturally sensitive memorandum of understanding (not a tenancy agreement) that shall
- (i) specify usage rights of each Congregation or faith community;
 - (ii) provide for an appropriate sharing of costs; and
 - (iii) specify the manner in which the responsibilities listed in Regulation 4.4.1 and other relevant Regulations of the Church will be jointly undertaken in respect of the shared property.
- (b) The memorandum of understanding will be negotiated in consultations between the participating Congregation(s) (through their Church Council(s)) and faith

community/ies and their Presbytery or Presbyteries, taking into account the ministry and mission needs of each participating Congregation and faith community and any relevant policies of the Assembly and the Synod.

- (c) Where there is shared use as mentioned in 4.11.9(a) or where another Congregation or faith community requests that it be permitted to share the use of a Church property that is under the management and administration of a Church Council
 - (i) if there is disagreement or a failure to resolve issues between the participating Congregation(s) and faith community/ies after the consultations referred to in 4.11.9(b), the Presbytery may decide the matters in issue and will promptly notify them of its decision: and
 - (ii) if one or more of the Church Council(s) or faith communities that has participated in the consultations, shall be dissatisfied with the decision of a Presbytery made under sub-paragraph (i), it may appeal to the Synod Standing Committee against the decision.

The Synod Standing Committee may appoint a body or panel to consider the appeal and the decision of the appeal body or panel shall if it thinks fit replace the decision of the Presbytery and be a final decision

- (d) The Presbytery
 - (i) may dispense with the requirement that the responsibilities mentioned in Regulation 4.11.9(a)(iii) be jointly undertaken if it considers that it is appropriate to do so and the dispensation may be granted for a specified time and subject to conditions; and
 - (ii) shall have authority to implement any changes to use, management or administration of a Church property, that it considers are necessary or desirable to implement a memorandum of understanding made pursuant to Regulation 4.11.9(a) or a decision made in accordance with Regulation 4.11.9(c).

- (e) A Synod may determine policies and processes to assist Presbyteries, Church Councils and faith communities in the implementation of this Regulation.
Where there is more than one Presbytery, they shall determine the manner in which the responsibilities of the Presbytery under this Regulation will be exercised by one or both of them.

CLASSIFYING PROPERTY FOR ALTERNATIVE MISSIONAL USE

- 4.11.10** (a) In this Regulation:
- (i) “Alternative Missional Use” means use of property or the income from or proceeds of sale of property by or for
 - * new Congregations, faith communities or new worship gatherings within existing church buildings;
 - * future new Congregations or faith communities, as stipulated by Synod upon recommendation from the Presbytery;
 - * Congregations with inadequate property resources;
 - * any Congregation which in the opinion of the Presbytery has significant engagement in mission;
 - * Synod or Presbytery approved strategic mission initiatives; or
 - * such other missional priorities as the Synod determines;
 - (ii) “property” means real property and includes any building and fixed improvement and may also include any non-fixed property used in conjunction with the building if the non- fixed property is specifically included in property that is available for “Alternative Missional Use”;
 - (iii) “Congregational Property” means property acquired or held for the use or benefit of the Congregation and for which the Church Council is responsible for management and administration.
- (b) Congregational Property will be classified as available for “Alternative Missional Use” where

- (i) the Congregation and Church Council resolve to make the property available for “Alternative Missional Use”; or
 - (ii)
 - (1) the Presbytery convenes a consultation with the Congregation and its Church Council, and the purposes of the consultation specifically include consideration of whether a recommendation should be made by the Presbytery that any of the Congregational Property should be classified as available for ‘Alternative Missional Use’;
 - (2) the Presbytery in session, after appropriate consultation with the Congregation, recommends that the Synod classify all or part of a property held for the use of that Congregation as “available for Alternative Missional Use”; and
 - (3) the Synod or Synod Standing Committee in session resolves to make the classification.
- (c) In any consultation between Presbytery and a Congregation as referred to in Regulation 4.11.9 (b)
- (i) the Presbytery shall take proper account of the purpose, functions, responsibilities and rights of the Congregation as described in the Regulations;
 - (ii) the Presbytery and the Congregation have a responsibility to listen faithfully to one another; and
 - (iii) the Presbytery shall take into account any effect on an existing placement.
- (d)
- (i) Where the Presbytery recommends to the Synod that the Synod classify a property as available for” Alternative Missional Use” the Presbytery shall provide to the Synod (and at the same time to the Congregation) written reasons for the recommendation.
 - (ii) Before resolving to classify a property as available for “Alternative Missional Use” the Synod must give the Congregation and its Church Council an opportunity to make written submissions to the Synod regarding the proposed classification.

- (e)
 - (i) When a property or income from or proceeds of sale of property is classified as available for “Alternative Missional Use” a Presbytery may transfer responsibility for the management and control of the property or the benefit of use or income from the property or proceeds of sale of the property to another body (which may be the Presbytery itself);
 - (ii) Prior to transferring the responsibility or benefit, the Presbytery shall ensure that appropriate arrangements are made for the care of the affected Congregation and its mission, and shall ensure that appropriate opportunities are made for the affected Congregation through its Church Council to make a contribution in the process that identifies the “Alternative Missional Use” to which the resources for which its Church Council was previously responsible, are put.

- (f) If, notwithstanding a resolution of the Synod referred to in Regulation 4.11.10 (b)(ii), responsibility for the management, control or benefit or use (as the case may be) has not been transferred to another body within three (3) years of the Synod or the Synod Standing Committee resolution:
 - (i) the classification shall cease to operate; and
 - (ii) responsibility for the management and control or the benefit of use of the property shall remain with the existing Congregation and its Church Council.

- (g)
 - (i) A Church Council may appeal against a decision pursuant to Regulation 4.11.10 (b)(ii) to classify property as available for “Alternative Missional Use” on the ground that the process was not in accordance with Regulations 4.11.10(a),(b), (c) and (d);
 - (ii) The appeal shall be heard by an appeal panel constituted under Part 6 of these Regulations.

5. CHURCH DISCIPLINE

5.1 DEFINITIONS

5.1.1 In this Part 5 of the Regulations unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates:

Complainant means the person who is making a complaint;

Complaint means a complaint about the conduct, teaching or ministry of a Minister;

Minister means a Minister as defined in Paragraph 3 of the Constitution, and also includes a Community Minister, Lay Pastor, Youth Worker, Pastor, Synod Secretary, Moderator, Assembly General Secretary, President and Presbytery Minister;

Pastoral Relations Committee means the Pastoral Relations Committee of the Presbytery;

Respondent means a Minister against whom a complaint has been made;

Standing Committee means the Standing Committee of the Synod.

DISCIPLINE IN THE CHURCH

5.1.2 Discipline in the Church is the exercise of spiritual authority with a view to honouring Christ the Head of the Church and ensuring the spiritual well-being of its members.

BY WHOM EXERCISED

5.1.3 Discipline is to be exercised by the Church Council on behalf of the Congregation in the case of members, except in the case of allegations of sexual misconduct, and by the Presbytery and Synod in the case of Ministers.

5.2 THE DISCIPLINE OF MEMBERS

PASTORAL CARE OF MEMBERS

- 5.2.1** (a) In cases where:
- (i) in the opinion of the Church Council, any member of the Church appears to disregard the privileges and obligations of membership or to disregard the discipline of the Church, the Council shall endeavour by visitation and pastoral counsel to restore the relationship of the member to the life of the Church.
 - (b) Any member who declines to renew a satisfactory relationship with the life of the Church shall be advised of the possibility that the name of that member may be removed from the membership roll and shall be given opportunity either in person or in writing to make a submission on the matter to the Church Council.

SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP

5.2.2 Where the Church Council has determined that the member has failed to respond to the pastoral care and invitation to renew a satisfactory relationship with the life of the Church, the Church Council may:

- (a) suspend the rights and privileges of membership; or
- (b) remove the name of the member from the membership roll.

The member shall be notified in writing of any such action.

RIGHT OF APPEAL

- 5.2.3** (a) A person whose membership rights and privileges have been suspended, or whose name has been removed from the membership roll, may within one month after receipt of the notification in writing require reconsideration by the Church Council. If not satisfied with the outcome of such reconsideration as notified in writing, the person may within one month after receipt of the notification, appeal to the Presbytery by notice in writing. The Presbytery, either itself or by a committee appointed for the purpose, shall determine the matter.

There shall be no right of further appeal.

The person concerned may make a submission personally or in writing to the body considering the matter.

- (b) In the event of an appeal of a member being sustained the member's name shall be returned to the roll of members and the suspension removed forthwith.

RESTORATION OF MEMBERSHIP

- 5.2.4** (a) A person whose name has been removed from the roll of a Congregation pursuant to Regulations may have it reinstated by a decision of the Church Council.
- (b) A person whose name has been removed from a membership roll of a Congregation for disciplinary reasons shall not be enrolled as a member of any other Congregation without the prior knowledge of and advice from the council which is responsible for the maintenance of the roll from which the person's name was removed.

ALLEGATIONS OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT AGAINST MEMBERS OR ADHERENTS

- 5.2.5** (a) Where a complaint of sexual misconduct is made against a member or adherent the Policies for the Prevention of Sexual Misconduct shall apply, to the exclusion of the process outlined in Regulation 5.2.1.
- (b) The Policies for the Prevention of Sexual Misconduct are binding documents of the Church and require that allegations of sexual misconduct against members and adherents of the Church be dealt with as sensitively and expeditiously as possible. When an allegation is made in the manner prescribed in the relevant Policy. The Presbytery and the Church Council shall ensure that the relevant policy is adhered to.

5.3 THE DISCIPLINE OF OFFICERS

RESPONSIBILITY OF OFFICERS

- 5.3** Any person appointed to hold office within the Church shall, unless otherwise provided, be responsible to the body making the appointment as to the manner in which the duties of that office are performed.

5.4 THE COUNSELLING AND DISCIPLINING OF MINISTERS

COMPLAINTS

5.4.1 A complaint may be made:

- (a) to the chairperson of the Presbytery:
 - (i) by any member of the Church, provided that in the case of a complaint regarding the chairperson of the Presbytery (being a Minister) it shall be made to the secretary of the Presbytery who shall refer the complaint to the Synod Committee for Counselling and report the referral to the Pastoral Relations Committee; or
 - (ii) by the secretary of a Presbytery when so directed by the Presbytery; or
- (b) to the Synod Committee for Counselling by the Secretary of the Synod if so directed by the Moderator, the Synod or its Standing Committee.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PRESBYTERY

5.4.2 Subject to these Regulations, the counselling and discipline of Ministers shall be the responsibility of the Presbytery and in the exercise of such responsibility it shall:

- (a) help them to discern and fulfil their vocations;
- (b) assist them in the nurturing of their gifts;
- (c) provide encouragement and counsel for the enrichment of their ministry;
- (d) advise, admonish, correct and assist them where they appear to require guidance and support;
- (e) assist and encourage observance of the Code of Ethics;
- (f) advise and discipline Ministers in relation to breaches of the Code of Ethics; and

- (g) deal with complaints made against them.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF PASTORAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE

- 5.4.3**
- (a) The Pastoral Relations Committee shall, at such intervals as the Presbytery may determine, counsel each Minister under its oversight.
 - (b) If the Pastoral Relations Committee be concerned that a Minister does not continue to hold to the affirmations and undertakings made at ordination or setting apart, it shall report to the Presbytery, which may take such further action by way of counselling or otherwise as it thinks fit.
 - (c) The chairperson of the Presbytery shall refer to the Pastoral Relations Committee any complaint
 - (i) with which the chairperson is unable to deal with adequately by counselling; or
 - (ii) which in the chairperson's opinion, warrants no further action.
 - (d) The Pastoral Relations Committee shall:
 - (i) confer with the respondent and with the complainant with a view to resolving the matter amicably;
 - (ii) if it thinks fit enquire into the complaint; and
 - (iii) report to the Presbytery.
 - (e) At any stage after a complaint is referred to it, the Pastoral Relations Committee may determine that the complaint warrants no further action.
 - (f) When requested by the respondent or by the complainant or where it considers it is necessary to do so, the Pastoral Relations Committee shall refer the complaint to the Synod Committee for Counselling.

5.5 SYNOD COMMITTEE FOR COUNSELLING

- 5.5**
- (a) The Synod shall appoint a committee to be known as the Committee for Counselling and shall appoint its chairperson.
 - (b) The Moderator and the Secretary of the Synod shall not be eligible for membership of the Committee.
 - (c) Members of the Committee shall hold office for a term of three years and shall be eligible for reappointment.
 - (d) A Synod may appoint members of the Church who are members of a Congregation beyond the bounds of the Synod as members of its Committee for Counselling.
 - (e) The chairperson or the chairperson's nominee shall chair the Committee and convene its meetings.
 - (f) Three members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum. The members of the Committee who shall constitute the Committee for the purposes of dealing with a particular complaint shall be determined by the chairperson.
 - (g)
 - (i) Where at any stage a member of the Committee, who is one of the Committee dealing with a complaint, withdraws, the remaining members of the Committee may continue to act, so long as at least three members are present and participating.
 - (ii) A person shall be taken to have withdrawn for the purposes of this Regulation, if that person, for any reason, be unwilling or unable to continue to participate.
 - (iii) Where the term of office of a member of the Committee expires and is not renewed, such member may, notwithstanding that membership of the Committee has ceased, continue to act as a member of the Committee dealing with a particular complaint with which the Committee had been dealing prior to that cessation but which had not been finalised prior thereto.
 - (h) In dealing with any complaint referred or made to it the Committee shall counsel and confer with the Respondent,

the Complainant and such other persons as it considers desirable with a view to resolving the matter amicably, and make reports to the Synod, the Presbytery and other bodies as it thinks appropriate.

- (i) At any stage after a complaint is referred to it, the Committee may determine that the complaint warrants no further action.
- (j) If the Committee be satisfied that the matter cannot be dealt with adequately by counselling and that the complaint warrants further action it shall refer the matter to the Committee for Discipline.

5.6 SYNOD SEXUAL MISCONDUCT COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE

INTRODUCTION

5.6.1 The Church addresses allegations of sexual misconduct through two distinct processes.

The first process is undertaken by Sexual Misconduct Complaints Committee (SSMCC). It engages with the Complainant, the person against whom the complaint is made and, where necessary, affected persons and Church officers, by investigating the complaint and seeking an agreed outcome that encourages healing and maintains the integrity of ministry within the Church. Where possible, the SSMCC acts pastorally. The SSMCC is able to form opinions on issues of fact for the purpose of deciding on action which the Regulations authorise it to take. Its tools include conversation, inquiry, mediation and collaborative resolution. Legal representation is not permitted before the SSMCC.

The second process is undertaken by the Committee for Discipline. The SSMCC may refer a complaint to the Committee for Discipline. The process undertaken by the Committee for Discipline is similar to the process a court undertakes. The person against whom the complaint is made may be represented by a lawyer or by a member of the Church before the Committee for Discipline. The Committee for Discipline makes findings of fact

and may determine disciplinary outcomes affecting the person against whom the complaint is made.

DEFINITIONS

5.6.2 In Regulations 5.6.1 to 5.6.18, unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires:

Adviser means the person designated by the Convenor, to assist the Complainant in processing a complaint or the Respondent in facing a complaint through Church procedures;

Agreed Outcome is the document signed by the chairperson of the panel selected to deal with the complaint, the Complainant and the Respondent and any other affected person who joins in the agreement at the invitation of the Committee and which includes the actions undertaken or agreed to be undertaken by the parties to the document;

Chairperson means the chairperson of the Committee and whenever the Chairperson is unavailable, includes the Deputy Chairperson or other person acting as Chairperson;

Committee means the Synod Sexual Misconduct Complaints Committee appointed by the Synod pursuant to Regulation 5.6.4;

Complaint means a written, signed complaint of sexual misconduct against a Minister which includes a request that the matter be investigated. The complaint may be of a single incident or a series of incidents.

Convenor means the person appointed to be the Synod Convenor of Advisers;

Minister means a Minister (as that term is defined in Regulation 5.1.1) or Candidate (as that term is defined in Regulation 2.1.1) involved in field education;

Pastoral Relationship means the relationship between a Minister and another person:

- (a) in which the Minister is providing spiritual care for the person; or

- (b) where the person has looked to the Minister for guidance, protection or care; or
- (c) where the person has made contact with the Minister in their responsibility or function as Minister;

Pastoral Strategy means the plan for the management of the complaints process, including the care for the Congregation or faith community and how matters of confidentiality shall be addressed;

Presbytery Minister means the Presbytery Minister in placement and includes any other person appointed to act in such capacity by whatever name known;

Procedural Fairness refers to the matters set out in Regulation 5.6.11(a);

Sexual misconduct means one or more of the following:

- (a) sexual harassment: any unwelcome sexual advance, or unwelcome request for sexual favours to a person, or engagement in other unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature in relation to that person, in circumstances in which a reasonable person, having regard to all the circumstances, would have anticipated the person complaining would be offended, humiliated or intimidated;
- (b) sexual assault: any unwelcome sexual behaviour that may occur along a continuum from verbal insult to sexual intercourse, that makes a person threatened or afraid;
- (c) sexual conduct prohibited by criminal law;
- (d) sexualisation of a pastoral relationship: any interaction, consensual or otherwise, in which the Minister engages in sexualised behaviour with or towards a person with whom he or she is in a pastoral relationship, which is in breach of the Code of Ethics.;

Support person means the person not otherwise involved in the complaint process who provides emotional support for either the Complainant or the Respondent;

Synod means the Synod of the Church, within the bounds of which the Presbytery, in which the Minister is enrolled, falls.

COMPLAINTS OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

- 5.6.3**
- (a) Where a complaint of sexual misconduct is made against a Minister the procedures in Regulations 5.6.3 to 5.6.18 inclusive shall apply to the exclusion of the procedures contained in Regulations 5.4.1 to 5.5.1 inclusive.
 - (b) The Chairperson shall determine whether any allegations contained in a complaint amount to a complaint of sexual misconduct against a Minister.
 - (c) When a complaint which is determined by the Chairperson to be a complaint of sexual misconduct includes other matters of complaint of a non sexual nature, the Chairperson may determine that the whole complaint shall be dealt with by the Committee.

COMMITTEE

- 5.6.4**
- (a) The Standing Committee shall appoint a Committee to be known as the Synod Sexual Misconduct Complaints Committee and shall appoint its Chairperson. The Standing Committee may also appoint a Deputy Chairperson. Appointments shall be for a term of up to three years.

Other persons may be co-opted to membership of the Committee from time to time by the Chairperson with the prior consent of the Synod Secretary where particular skills or experience are required (for example, experience in indigenous or migrant ethnic issues). They may be co-opted for a specific period not exceeding three (3) years or for the purpose of serving on a panel to deal with a particular complaint.

- (b) A Synod may delegate these appointments to another Synod by written agreements between the Synods.

- (c) The Committee shall consist of not fewer than three persons and shall include:
 - (i) at least one member with expertise in sexual abuse issues;
 - (ii) at least one member who is considered skilled in mediation and conciliation.
- (d) Not less than 25 percent of the members of the Committee shall be Ministers, and not less than 25 percent shall be lay persons.
- (e) The members of the Committee need not be members of the Church but the number of non-Church members must be fewer than the number of members of the Church.
- (f) The majority of the Committee shall be women.
- (g) The Chairperson shall be a member of the Church and shall preferably be a woman.
- (h) If a Deputy Chairperson is appointed, the Deputy Chairperson shall fulfil the responsibilities of the Chairperson when the Chairperson is unavailable, unable or unwilling to act.
- (i) The quorum of a panel selected by the Chairperson from amongst the members of the Committee to deal with a particular complaint shall, subject to paragraph (j) of this Regulation, be three, of whom the majority shall be members of the Church and normally the majority shall be women.
- (j) Where any member withdraws the remaining members of the panel may continue to act provided that the number of remaining members is not less than two (2).
- (k) Unless the Standing Committee considers that there are special circumstances no member shall serve for more than nine years consecutively.

- (l) Neither the Moderator, the Synod Secretary nor any member of the Committee for Discipline shall be a member of the Committee.
- (m) The Chairperson or the Chairperson's nominee shall chair the panel selected to deal with a complaint and convene its meetings.
- (n) The Synod shall arrange training for the members of the Committee.
- (o) Members of the Committee may be drawn from any Synod provided written agreement has been reached between the Synods.
- (p) A panel selected to deal with a complaint shall be, and have the powers of, the Committee for the purpose of dealing with that complaint, and may agree to deal jointly with more than one complaint against the same Respondent including a separate complaint made pursuant to Regulation 5.6.10 (e) (iii) or a composite complaint made pursuant to Regulation 5.6.10 (e) (iii) in such manner as it shall decide.

ADVISERS

5.6.5

- (a) The Standing Committee shall appoint advisers. In cases of urgency the Synod Secretary, on the advice of the Convenor, may appoint advisers. The Synod shall arrange training for the advisers.
- (b) To be eligible for appointment an adviser shall have appropriate skills and/or knowledge such as:
 - (i) counselling and support skills;
 - (ii) advocacy skills;
 - (iii) knowledge of sexual misconduct issues;
 - (iv) knowledge of the processes and structures of the Church;
 - (v) knowledge of the options available to Complainants including legal and community resources.
- (c) Preferably at least one adviser shall have expertise in the area of child sexual abuse and at least one contact person

- or adviser shall have expertise in working with male victims.
- (d) The Convenor may designate an adviser to provide assistance to a person concerned about conduct which may amount to sexual misconduct before a complaint has been made.
 - (e) An adviser, depending upon the assistance required, will seek to:
 - (i) listen to the person who is concerned about conduct which may amount to sexual misconduct;
 - (ii) discuss with that person whether the conduct complained of would, if substantiated, appear to be sexual misconduct as defined in these Regulations;
 - (iii) inform the person of their rights and responsibilities;
 - (iv) provide information about the Church's complaints and disciplinary processes and other options available to the person;
 - (v) help the person to consider and choose the appropriate option for dealing with the conduct; and
 - (vi) assist a person to make a complaint.
 - (f) An adviser shall not be responsible for investigating or seeking to resolve a complaint.
 - (g) An adviser who is designated to a Complainant or a Respondent, will seek to:
 - (i) assist the Complainant in processing a complaint or the Respondent in facing a complaint through Church procedures;
 - (ii) ensure that the Complainant or Respondent is adequately informed at all stages of the progress of the complaint; and
 - (iii) be available, if the Complainant or Respondent so wishes, to speak at any meeting regarding the complaint that the Complainant or Respondent is required to attend.
 - (h) The Standing Committee may withdraw the appointment of any adviser.

CONVENOR OF ADVISERS

- 5.6.6**
- (a) The Synod shall appoint the Convenor.
 - (b) When a complaint is made, the Convenor shall offer to designate an adviser to each of the Complainant and the Respondent. The designation shall be made if the Complainant or Respondent concurs with the designation.
 - (c) If the Convenor deems it appropriate or if requested, the Convenor shall endeavour to designate an adviser to any other person affected by the alleged misconduct.

MAKING A COMPLAINT

- 5.6.7**
- (a) Anyone who wishes to make a complaint may do so to the chairperson of the Presbytery, the Presbytery Minister, the Moderator, the Synod Secretary, or the Chairperson of the Committee.
 - (b) A complaint must be put in writing and signed and include a request that the matter be investigated.
 - (c) A complaint shall be referred to the Chairperson as soon as possible.
 - (d) Nothing in these Regulations shall prevent a person from making an informal approach, orally or in writing, to any of the persons referred to in (a) for advice or information with respect to sexual misconduct. Such an approach cannot become a complaint unless it is put in writing with a request that the complaint be investigated.
 - (e) Where a complaint relates to a Respondent's prior service within the bounds of another Synod the complaint shall be dealt with within the Synod in which the Respondent is currently serving, except where:
 - (i) the Complainant and Respondent agree that it be dealt with within the other Synod, or
 - (ii) the Synod in which the Respondent is currently serving determines to transfer to the other Synod all its powers and responsibilities in relation to discipline of the Respondent concerning the Respondent's period of service in the other Synod

(refer Constitution paragraph 70(d)), in which case the other Synod shall deal with the complaint.

RECEIVING A COMPLAINT

- 5.6.8** (a) As soon as possible after receiving the complaint, the Chairperson shall inform the Respondent of the complaint; initially in person or by telephone, followed by a letter giving details of the complaint.
- (b) The Chairperson shall give prompt confidential notice of the complaint together with relevant information to the Synod Secretary, the Moderator, the chairperson of the Presbytery of the Respondent, the Convenor and where appropriate the chairperson of the Presbytery of the Complainant.
- (c) Upon receipt of notice, the Presbytery Chairperson(s) (of both the Complainant and Respondent if necessary), in consultation with the Chairperson of the Committee and others as appropriate will arrange for the development of a Pastoral Strategy to assist in managing pastoral issues in relation to the Congregation or faith community.

ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS

- 5.6.9** (a) Each of the Complainant and the Respondent, attending any meeting of or arranged by the Committee, may be accompanied by their adviser and by a person providing emotional support.
- (b) The person providing emotional support shall not have the right to speak at any meeting unless at the request or with the consent of the person supported, and invited to do so by the chairperson of the panel of the Committee that is dealing with the complaint.
- (c) The Complainant and the Respondent shall not be legally represented before the Committee.

INVESTIGATION AND RESPONSE TO COMPLAINTS

- 5.6.10** (a) Where the Chairperson determines that allegations contained in a complaint amount to a complaint of sexual misconduct against a Minister, the complaint shall be investigated and dealt with by the Committee with a view

to facilitating a response that takes into account the interests of the Complainant and the Respondent, and the values by which the Church lives. To that end the Chairperson may appoint a person or persons to investigate matters connected with the complaint and report to the Committee.

- (b) In exercising its responsibilities under these Regulations, the Committee shall have regard to the following guidelines:-
 - (i) it shall endeavour to act pastorally in its dealings with the Complainant, the Respondent and other affected persons;
 - (ii) it shall seek an Agreed Outcome that encourages healing and maintains the integrity of ministry of the Church;
 - (iii) it shall make use of the tools of conversation, enquiry, mediation and collaborative resolution in seeking an Agreed Outcome; and
 - (iv) it shall not act as an adjudicative body but shall only form opinions on issues of fact when necessary for the purpose of deciding on action to be taken pursuant to paragraph (e) of this Regulation.
- (c) The nature of the investigation shall be by inquiry and not be adversarial and the Committee may inform itself in such manner as it sees fit. The investigation may proceed without both parties being present as the Committee sees fit.
- (d) The Committee shall inform the Complainant, the Respondent and any potential witness that their statements may be recorded and may form part of an investigation report which may accompany a referral to the Synod Committee for Discipline.
- (e) At any stage of its investigation the Committee may:
 - (i) determine that the complaint warrants no further action on the ground that it is frivolous, vexatious, misconceived or unable to be substantiated;
 - (ii) consider allegations of, or information regarding, other conduct of the Respondent of which the

- Committee becomes aware and which it considers should be dealt with in conjunction with the complaint;
- (iii) recommend to the Chairperson or to the Standing Committee that action be taken to cause a separate complaint to be made in respect of allegations or on the basis of information of which the Committee has become aware, or to cause a composite complaint to be made including the allegations which were made in the initial complaint and additional allegations or information from other persons or complainants;
 - (iv) refer the complaint or a matter which has arisen from or during the Committee's process for conciliation or mediation;
 - (v) refer the complaint or a matter which has arisen from or during the Committee's process to the Synod Committee for Discipline to be dealt with as a complaint under Regulation 5.7.2;
 - (vi) refer a matter arising out of the complaint or which has arisen from or during the Committee's process to the Pastoral Relations Committee or the Moderator; the referral may contain recommendations by the Committee concerning counselling, professional supervision, training or other appropriate responses arising out of the complaint and investigation; and may require reporting back to the Committee for further consideration and action by the Committee; and enter into an Agreed Outcome.
- (f) An Agreed Outcome:
- (i) shall be entered into as a result of negotiations or following a mediation or conciliation;
 - (ii) shall bind the parties to it;
 - (iii) may include, but is not limited to, undertakings by the Respondent to:
 - accept the validity of the complaint, and apologise;
 - provide financial restitution;
 - undergo therapeutic or pastoral counselling;
 - accept supervision; and

- participate in courses of training; and
- (iv) shall not preclude the Committee from referring the complaint to the Synod Committee for Discipline under paragraph (e) (v) of this Regulation.
- (g) Where the Committee determines to refer the complaint or a matter which has arisen from or during the Committee process for conciliation or mediation, the Committee shall provide the report of its investigation, including any relevant documents, to the conciliator or mediator.
- (h) Where any of the terms of an Agreed Outcome are not fulfilled, the Committee shall determine what further action shall be taken including possible referral to the Committee for Discipline to be dealt with as a complaint under Regulation 5.7.2(b) or referral to another council of the Church.
- (i) Where the Committee makes a referral to the Synod Committee for Discipline, the Committee shall provide a report of its investigation, including any relevant document received or created in the course of the investigation, including but not limited to a signed statement from any witness, to the Synod Committee for Discipline.
- (j) A copy of any Agreed Outcome and any other decisions will be provided to the Complainant and the Respondent.

PROCEDURAL FAIRNESS

- 5.6.11** (a) The Committee will ensure that:
- (i) the Respondent is given sufficient information regarding the complaint to know what is being alleged;
 - (ii) the Respondent is given the opportunity and sufficient time to prepare and present a response;
 - (iii) no person who is closely associated with the Complainant or Respondent shall participate as a member of the Committee in relation to that complaint.

- (b) Nothing which is said in the course of discussions with any person appointed to conciliate with any party, shall be given in evidence or used in any way in any proceedings before the Synod Committee for Discipline, or before any court or other tribunal whatsoever, except to the extent compellable by law.
- (c) The record of an Agreed Outcome shall be part of the Committee's records and may be given in evidence or used in any proceedings before the Synod Committee for Discipline.

RESIGNATION

5.6.12 (a) A Respondent, whose placement has been concluded, shall normally remain under the pastoral and administrative oversight of the Presbytery in which the Respondent was enrolled at the time of the complaint and, subject to these Regulations, that Presbytery shall be responsible for the counselling and discipline of the Respondent with reference to the complaint and for the processing thereof.

(a) A Presbytery shall not accept the resignation from the ministry by a Respondent before the conclusion of all processes relating to a complaint under Regulations 5.5.1ff and, in the case of a complaint referred under Regulation 5.6.10(e)(v), the conclusion of all processes relating to the complaint under Regulations 5.7.1ff, unless the Presbytery determines that there are special circumstances which are approved by the Chairperson.

(c) A complaint may continue to be processed under these Regulations, notwithstanding the conclusion or termination of the placement, the resignation of a Respondent from the ministry, the retirement of the Respondent or the granting to the Respondent of leave of absence.

THERAPY EXPENSES

5.6.13 (a) The Committee may at any time where it feels it is appropriate, recommend to the Moderator and the Synod Secretary that the Synod meet the expenses of therapy for

the Complainant and/or the Respondent which relate to the circumstances of the complaint.

- (b) Such expenses shall be met from Synod funds.

CONFIDENTIALITY AND PRIVACY

5.6.14 (a) Subject to these Regulations confidentiality shall be observed by all parties.

- (b) Proceedings before the Committee shall be held in private but the Committee may permit such persons as it thinks fit to attend meetings of the Committee.

- (c) Unless otherwise authorised by the Chairperson or otherwise determined by the Committee no member of the Committee or any person attending a meeting thereof shall divulge outside the Committee any information concerning the complaint or the proceedings.

- (d) The Committee may make reports to such persons as it thinks fit, at any time, but shall consider carefully whether it is at that time appropriate in all the circumstances and in the best interests of the Church.

- (e) The Chairperson may make such public statement concerning the proceedings as the Committee considers appropriate.

- (f) Appropriate information may, with the approval of the Chairperson, be made available to a Congregation regarding the handling of any complaint.

- (g) A breach of confidentiality by the Respondent may be referred to the Committee for Discipline under Regulation 5.7.2 (b).

- (h) A breach of confidentiality by the Complainant may be taken into account by the Committee in its resolution of the Complaint.

APPEAL

5.6.15 (a) The Complainant or the Respondent may lodge an appeal:

- (i) against a determination by the Chairperson made pursuant to Regulation 5.6.10(a);
 - (ii) against a determination by the Committee made pursuant to Regulation 5.6.10(e)(i); or
 - (iii) on the grounds that the Committee has acted contrary to procedural fairness.
- (b) An appeal against a decision made pursuant to Regulations 5.6.10(a) or 5.6.10(e)(i) shall be lodged within 14 days of receipt of the communication of the decision. An appeal on the grounds of a breach of procedural fairness may be lodged at any time but no later than 14 days after the signing of an Agreed Outcome or the receipt of communication of a decision of the Committee under Regulation 5.6.10.(e)(v) or (vi).
- (c) The appeal shall be made to the Moderator who shall appoint an appeal committee of three persons to consider it. At least one member of the appeal committee shall have legal expertise. In the event of an appeal against a decision made pursuant to Regulation 5.6.10(a) the appeal committee shall either dismiss the appeal or uphold the appeal and substitute its own decision for that of the Chairperson. In the event of an appeal against a decision made pursuant to Regulation 5.6.10(e)(i) or on the grounds of a breach of procedural fairness the appeal committee shall either dismiss the appeal or if it upholds the appeal remit the complaint to the Committee for its reconsideration. The appeal committee may make a recommendation to the Chairperson whether the panel that dealt with the complaint or a new panel should undertake the reconsideration.
- (d) Upon receipt of an appeal the Moderator shall inform the committees, councils and individuals involved of the pending appeal.
- (e) Appeals will be dealt with expeditiously.
- (f) Legal representation before the Appeal Committee is permitted only by leave of the Appeal Committee.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

- 5.6.16** (a) If criminal legal proceedings relating to the alleged sexual misconduct are commenced against the Respondent no further action regarding the Complaint shall be taken by the Committee until such time as any criminal legal proceedings are concluded.
- (b) If civil proceedings relating to the alleged sexual misconduct are commenced against the Respondent, the Committee may defer dealing with the complaint.

PUTATIVE ABUSE

- 5.6.17** (a) Where the Moderator, the Synod Secretary, the chairperson of a Presbytery or the Chairperson receives information which provides reasonable grounds for believing that there has been sexual misconduct by a Minister but no complaint has been made, that person shall seek to take whatever steps are reasonable to clarify the matter.
- (b) If, thereafter, that person considers that there are reasonable grounds for believing that sexual misconduct has occurred, that person shall seek to ensure that a complaint is made.
- (c) If that person considers there are no reasonable grounds for such a belief, that person shall, after consultation with the Minister, seek to ensure that the Minister's name is cleared.

NEW PLACEMENT

- 5.6.18** Except in special circumstances approved by the Chairperson a new placement of a Respondent shall not be made nor shall a call to a Respondent be sustained, while the complaint has not been resolved or determined.

5.7 SYNOD COMMITTEE FOR DISCIPLINE

APPOINTMENT

- 5.7.1** (a) The Synod shall at least once every three years appoint a committee to be known as the Committee for Discipline.

- (b) The Committee shall consist of not less than seven persons appointed by the Synod.
- (c) Not less than two members of the Committee shall be Ministers and not less than two shall be lay persons.
- (d) The Committee shall elect its own chairperson and the Standing Committee shall appoint a person (not being a member of either the Committee for Counselling or the Synod Sexual Misconduct Complaints Committee) to convene the Committee and act as the secretary thereof.
- (e) The chairperson of the Committee shall be entitled to exercise a deliberative but not a casting vote.
- (f) The Moderator, Synod Secretary and any person who is a member of the Committee for Counselling or the Synod Sexual Misconduct Complaints Committee shall not be a member of the Committee for Discipline.
- (g) A Synod may appoint members of the Church who are members of a Congregation beyond the bounds of the Synod as members of the Committee for Discipline.
- (h) Any casual vacancy on the Committee shall be filled by a person appointed by the Standing Committee or, where time does not permit, by the Moderator.

COMPLAINTS

5.7.2 The Committee shall consider any complaint to the effect that a Minister has:

- (a) wilfully and persistently neglected the duties of a Minister;
- (b) wilfully failed to comply with any provision of the Constitution, of any Regulation, rule or resolution of the Church or any body of the Church, or any terms of a conciliated outcome or Agreed Outcome under Regulation 5.6.10, or any lawful direction of the Moderator made pursuant to Regulation 3.6.3.2(i);

- (c) advocated doctrine contrary to that which the Church has determined essential to the faith;
- (d) engaged in grave conduct unworthy of a Minister; or
- (e) wilfully failed to comply with the principles contained in any Code of Ethics approved by the Assembly or the Assembly Standing Committee;

which has been:

- (i) referred to it by the Committee for Counselling or the Synod Sexual Misconduct Complaints Committee; or
- (ii) made to it by a member of the Church at the direction of the Standing Committee.

No other complaint shall be considered by the Committee.

MEETINGS

5.7.3

- (a) A quorum of the Committee shall be three members present during the whole of the proceedings.
- (b) Where at any stage after the hearing of the proceedings before the Committee have actually commenced and before the Committee's report on the proceedings has been presented to the Standing Committee, a member of the Committee, engaged in considering the complaint, withdraws from the proceedings for any reason, the remaining members of the Committee may continue to act, so long as at least three members are present and participating. Unless the Respondent agrees, there must be at least one member of the Committee hearing the matter who is a Minister and at least one who is a lay person.
- (c) A person shall be taken to have withdrawn for the purposes of this Regulation, if that person, for any reason, be unwilling or unable to continue to participate.
- (d) Where the term of office of a member of the Committee expires and is not renewed, such member may, notwithstanding that membership of the Committee has ceased, continue to act as a member in any proceedings in

which the member is participating and which had been commenced but not finalised before that cessation.

- (e) The members of the Committee who shall constitute the Committee for the purposes of dealing with a particular complaint shall be determined by the chairperson of the Committee.

PROCESS

5.7.4

- (a) The Moderator shall for the purposes of a proceeding before the Committee appoint a person as advocate who shall be responsible for the presentation of the case in support of the complaint and the Moderator may from time to time appoint a substitute as required.
- (b) The complaint with which the Committee is required to deal shall be particularised by the advocate in writing to the secretary of the Committee who shall forthwith deliver a copy to the chairperson of the Committee, the Respondent, the Moderator, the Synod Secretary and the chairperson of the Presbytery which has oversight of the Respondent.
- (c) The chairperson of the Committee may require the advocate to furnish fuller particulars of the complaint.
- (d) Prior to the proceedings before the Committee, the Standing Committee (or, in cases of urgency, the Moderator) shall appoint or engage a legal assistant to the Committee for the purpose of the proceedings.
- (e) The legal assistant shall be a member of the Church and desirably a practising barrister or solicitor.
- (f) The legal assistant shall attend the proceedings and provide the Committee with such advice on procedure and other legal matters as the Committee at any time desires.
- (g) The Committee shall act in accordance with the rules of natural justice and as expeditiously as possible. In its procedure and its decisions it shall be governed by equity and good conscience and it may inform itself in such manner, as it thinks fit in the circumstances.

- (h) The Committee may receive into evidence any report of the investigation of the Synod Sexual Misconduct Complaints Committee provided that a copy of the report has been made available to the Respondent, the person who made the complaint to the Synod Sexual Misconduct Complaints Committee and the advocate.
- (i) The Committee shall hear the advocate and the Respondent and shall consider such material as they desire to present so long as the Committee considers it to be relevant. The Committee may give such weight as it thinks appropriate to the contents of any report received into evidence pursuant to (h). It shall permit the advocate and the Respondent to call such persons to testify before it on such matters as are appropriate. Such persons may be cross examined by the other party but unless leave has been given by the Committee such cross-examination shall only be for the purpose of clarifying or amplifying the testimony or of testing the recollection of the person with regard to the facts concerning which testimony has been given.
- (j) The advocate and the Respondent may appear personally before the Committee or be represented legally or by another member of the Church. If the Respondent does not appear the Committee may proceed in the absence of the Respondent.
- (k) The proceedings before the Committee shall be recorded either manually or mechanically.
- (l)
 - (i) The Committee may determine that the record of evidence shall be transcribed.
 - (ii) If the Committee so determines, the transcript shall be made available for examination by the advocate and by the Respondent (or by their representatives) and either may obtain a copy upon payment of the charge therefore.
 - (iii) If the Committee determines that the record shall not be transcribed, either the advocate or the Respondent may require a transcript to be made and provided on payment of the transcript cost.

- (m) Proceedings before the Committee shall be held in private and, unless otherwise determined by it, no member of the Committee nor any other person who has been involved in the proceedings shall divulge any information concerning the proceedings to any person except to the extent compellable by law.
- (n) The Committee may at any time refer all or any of those concerned for counselling in such manner as it thinks fit.
- (o) The Committee shall consider the substantial merits of the case and shall record such findings of fact and other conclusions as it thinks necessary in the circumstances and decide whether or not the complaint has been made out.
- (p) The complaint shall only be held to be made out if the majority of the members of the Committee who dealt with the matter be so satisfied on the balance of probabilities.
- (q) As soon as practicable after the conclusion of the proceedings the Committee shall notify the advocate, the Complainant and the Respondent whether it has dismissed the complaint or found it made out and shall supply each of them with a copy of its findings of fact and other conclusions.
- (r) Where the Committee finds the complaint made out it shall, after giving the Respondent and if it thinks fit the advocate an opportunity to be heard on the question of any disciplinary action to be taken, determine:
 - (i) that no action be taken;
 - (ii) that the Respondent be admonished;
 - (iii) that the Respondent be suspended from placement or candidature for such period and on such conditions as it specifies;
 - (iv) that the Respondent's placement or candidature be terminated;
 - (v) that the Respondent be suspended from the exercise of all or any of the functions of a Minister for such period and on such conditions as it determines;

- (vi) that the recognition of the Respondent as a Minister be withdrawn.
- (s) The Committee, whether it has dismissed the complaint or has found it made out, may determine:
 - (i) to make written comment on any aspect of the proceedings in a report to the Standing Committee and/or the Presbytery exercising oversight of the Minister;
 - (ii) that the Respondent be required to undergo therapeutic or pastoral counselling;
 - (iii) that the Respondent be subject to supervision;
 - (iv) that the Respondent participate in courses of training;
 - (v) that the Respondent pay financial restitution;
 - (vi) that the Respondent be stood aside from the exercise of all or any functions of a Minister on such conditions as it determines.
- (t) The secretary of the Committee shall present to the Standing Committee a report of the proceedings.
- (u) The report shall contain the complaint, the findings and decisions of the Committee, including the action taken under (r) and under (s). The report shall include such other material as the Committee considers appropriate.
- (v) The Secretary of the Synod shall send a copy of the report to the Moderator, the Complainant, the advocate, the Respondent and the chairperson of the Presbytery which has oversight of the Respondent.
- (w) After consulting the chairperson or secretary of the Committee for Discipline, the Complainant, and the chairperson of the Presbytery which has oversight of the Respondent, the Moderator (or the Secretary of the Synod on the Moderator's behalf) may make such public statement concerning the proceedings as the Moderator considers appropriate.
- (x) The Moderator and the chairperson of Presbytery may make a statement to a congregation and/or to relevant bodies about proceedings where appropriate, and shall

ensure appropriate pastoral support for such Congregations and/or bodies.

- (y) The Standing Committee shall take such action as is necessary to implement the decision of the Committee for Discipline and shall advise the Respondent and the Presbytery.
- (z) The expenses properly incurred by the advocate shall be paid by the Church. The Committee may certify that it is reasonable in the circumstances that the expenses of the Respondent be paid in whole, or in part, or to a specified amount, by the Church. The Standing Committee shall determine the funds from which such expenses shall be paid.

STANDING ASIDE OF A MINISTER

- 5.7.5** (a) The Moderator, in the exercise of the duties and responsibilities of the Moderator under Regulation 3.6.3.2(i) may, at any time following the making of a complaint and upon such terms as the Moderator sees fit, stand aside a Respondent from the performance of ministerial duties pending the conclusion of all process relating to the complaint under Part 5 of the Regulations if such action be considered necessary for the well-being of the Church. The Moderator may inform such people of this action as the Moderator considers necessary in all the circumstances. The Moderator may terminate the standing aside at any time.
- (b) Such standing aside shall not deprive the Respondent of stipend, allowances and the use of any residence occupied by the Respondent, who shall properly assist any person responsible for the carrying on in the meantime of the duties attaching to the Respondent's placement.

WITHDRAWAL OF RECOGNITION OF A MINISTER

- 5.7.6** (a) If the recognition of the Respondent is withdrawn the stipend and other allowances of the Respondent shall continue to accrue for 30 days after the meeting of the Standing Committee at which the report under Regulation 5.7.4(t) is presented, and any housing then occupied by

the Respondent shall be vacated as soon as possible but in any case within such 30 days.

- (b) Payments made from other funds of the Church shall be determined in accordance with the Regulations governing such funds but any period during which a Respondent is stood aside pursuant to Regulation 5.7.5(a) shall not be included in the determination of the length of ministerial service.

APPEAL FROM THE COMMITTEE FOR DISCIPLINE

5.7.7 The advocate, complainant or respondent may appeal from the decision of the Committee for Discipline to the Synod which shall refer the matter to the Convenor of the Standing Appeal Panel to be dealt with under Part 6 of these Regulations.

STAY OF PROCEEDINGS

5.7.8 Where the Standing Committee has referred an appeal in accordance with Regulation 5.7.7, the Standing Committee may determine that the operation of any decisions made or actions taken pursuant to Regulations 5.7.4(r) or (s) be suspended on such conditions as it thinks fit until the appeal is determined.

6. APPEALS

The provisions of this Part 6 only apply to rights of appeal specifically granted elsewhere in these regulations where reference is made to this Part 6 or a Regulation within Part 6. Part 6 does not provide any rights of appeal independently of specific references elsewhere in these Regulations.

APPEAL PANEL

- 6.1**
- (a) The Synod shall appoint a panel of persons to be known as the Synod Standing Appeal Panel and shall appoint its convenor (“the Convenor”). Appointments shall be for a term of 3 years, unless the Synod determines otherwise.
 - (b) A Synod may delegate these appointments to another Synod by written agreements between the Synods involved.
 - (c) The Synod Standing Appeal Panel shall normally consist of 5-15 members at least one third of whom shall have legal expertise.
 - (d) The members of the Synod Standing Appeal Panel shall be members of the church catholic recognised by the Church for the purposes of this Regulation.
 - (e) At least one third of the Synod Standing Appeal Panel shall be women, and at least one third shall be men.
 - (f) No person shall serve as a member of the Synod Standing Appeal Panel for more than 9 years consecutively.
 - (g) Neither the Moderator nor the Synod Secretary shall be a member of the Synod Standing Appeal Panel.
 - (h) A Synod Standing Appeal Panel may include members who reside within the bounds of another Synod provided written agreement has been reached between the Synods.
 - (i) Where the Convenor decides it is warranted he or she may apply to the Synod for payment to be made to any person or persons for serving on an Appeal Panel or for payment of any other costs or expenses incurred in the course of the Appeal or alternatively the Synod may decide to

remunerate members of an Appeal Panel on such terms as the Synod sees fit.

TIME FOR APPEALS TO WHICH THIS PART 6 APPLIES

- 6.2**
- (a) A person having the right under these Regulations to appeal under this Part 6 shall, within 21 days of receiving the Original Decision, deliver to the Synod Secretary a written request for an appeal to be heard. The Synod Secretary shall promptly deliver the request to the Convenor.
 - (b) The request for appeal shall contain details of the particular grounds of appeal, including any procedural or factual bases, and to the extent possible, all material upon which that party intends to rely. The date the request for appeal is received is the Lodgment Date.
 - (c) “Original Decision” means the decision which is being appealed pursuant to this Part 6.
 - (d) An appeal commenced pursuant to this Part 6, is referred in these Regulations as “the Appeal” and the person who requests the Appeal is referred to in the Regulations as “the Appellant”.

APPOINTMENT OF APPEAL PANEL

- 6.3**
- (a) Within 21 days of the Lodgment Date the Convenor shall appoint a panel of 3 members to deal with the Appeal (“the Appeal Panel”), select a chairperson of the Appeal Panel (“the Chairperson”) and provide members of the Appeal Panel with copies of the documents delivered to the Synod Secretary pursuant to Regulation 6.2 (a) (“the Appeal Papers”).
 - (b) At least one member of each Appeal Panel shall have legal expertise, and as far as possible each Appeal Panel shall have members of both genders.
 - (c) In addition to the members of the Synod Standing Appeal Panel, the Moderator may, on the application of the Convenor, appoint a person or persons from outside the Synod Standing Appeal Panel and/or outside the Church

to serve as a member of an Appeal Panel where that person or persons' expertise would assist.

- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the members of an Appeal Panel shall be members of the Synod Standing Appeal Panel.
- (e) An Appeal Panel shall not include any member of the body which made the Original Decision or any member who the Convenor determines is closely associated with the Appellant or persons directly affected by the Original Decision.

NATURE OF APPEALS

- 6.4**
- (a) The Appeal Panel shall act expeditiously whilst
 - (i) giving the Appellant sufficient information to know on what basis the Original Decision was reached;
 - (ii) giving the Appellant, and, in its discretion, parties directly affected by the Original Decision, the opportunity and sufficient time to prepare and present a response.
 - (b) The Appeal Panel shall be guided by equity and good conscience and may inform itself in such manner as it sees fit in the circumstances.
 - (c) Where the Appeal Panel receives new information not provided to the Original Decision-maker it may include, exclude or give a degree of weight to that information based on what it considers is equitable and in good conscience in the particular circumstances before it.

APPEAL PROCESS

- 6.5**
- (a) The Chairperson shall manage the time-table for the Appeal process and have the discretion to vary it. Unless the Chairperson shall decide otherwise, the time-table shall be as follows:
 - (i) within 14 days of the Chairperson's appointment the Chairperson shall, under cover of a letter, provide the person or body which made the Original Decision with a copy of the Appeal Papers and give that person or body an opportunity to provide further written comment. The Chairperson

shall also request copies of all documents on which the Original Decision was based, as well as any written reasons given for the Original Decision. The time allowed for this response shall be 14 days from the date of the Chairperson's letter;

- (ii) also within 14 days of the Chairperson's appointment any respondent or any other person who, or body which, in the opinion of the Chairperson is directly affected by the Original Decision, will be provided with a copy of the Appeal Papers and given an opportunity to provide further written comment. The time for doing so will be 14 days from the date of the Chairperson's covering letter;
 - (iii) copies of the documents and responses received under Regulation 6.5(a)(i) and (ii) shall be provided to the Appellant within 7 days of the time expiring under Regulation 6.5(a)(i) and (ii) above, together with a letter from the Chairperson notifying the Appellant of an opportunity to reply in writing to any matters raised by the documents. The time allowed for the reply shall be 14 days from the date of the Chairperson's covering letter giving this right of reply;
 - (iv) having received the Appellant's written reply, if any, the Appeal Panel will set a hearing date to allow the parties a right to be heard ("the Hearing"), where possible within 28 days from the expiry date for the Appellant's reply under para (iii) above. The Appeal Panel at its discretion may invite any person to attend and address the Appeal Panel, and if so, all parties will be notified of this; and
 - (v) the Appeal Panel shall give to the Appellant and Original Decision maker a copy of its written decision, including its reasons, within 14 days of the Hearing.
- (b) (i) A party to the Appeal shall be entitled to have a support person with them during the proceedings of the Appeal Panel. The support person must be a person not otherwise involved in the Appeal or the Original Decision; and

- (ii) the person providing support shall not have the right to speak during the proceedings of the Appeal Panel unless invited to do so by the Chairperson.
- (c)
 - (i) The Appeal Panel shall determine the Appeal by substituting its own decision for the Original Decision or affirming or varying the Original Decision;
 - (ii) the Appeal Panel shall endeavour to reach its decision by consensus. Failing consensus the Appeal Panel may make a decision by simple majority; and
 - (iii) the decision of the Appeal Panel shall be final, and there shall be no further right of appeal.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO ASSEMBLY DECISIONS

- 6.6**
- (a) Where the request for an appeal arises from a decision of the Assembly or a body responsible to the Assembly this Regulation 6.6 shall apply.
 - (b) Any request for an appeal shall be delivered to the General Secretary of the Assembly within the timeframe set out in Regulation 6.2.
 - (c) Within 21 days of a request for an appeal having been delivered, the President shall appoint an Appeal Panel of three persons from among the membership of the Synod Standing Appeal Panels to hear the Appeal, and shall appoint a Chairperson of that Appeal Panel. The President shall provide members of the Appeal Panel with copies of the documents delivered to the General Secretary of the Assembly (“the Appeal Papers”).
 - (d) Where the President decides it is warranted he or she may apply to the Assembly for payment to be made to any person or persons for serving on an Appeal Panel or for payment of any other costs or expenses incurred in the course of the Appeal or alternatively the Assembly may decide to remunerate members of an Appeal Panel on such terms as the Assembly sees fit.

- (e) In addition to the members of the Synod Standing Appeal Panels, the President may appoint a person or persons from outside the Synod Standing Appeal Panels and/or outside the Church to serve as a member of an Appeal Panel where that person or persons' expertise would assist.
- (f) Except as provided in paragraph (e), the members of an Appeal Panel shall be members of a Synod Standing Appeal Panel.
- (g) The Appeal Panel convened pursuant to this Regulation 6.6. shall otherwise operate in accordance with the provisions of Regulations 6.2(b), (c) and (d), 6.3(b) and (e), 6.4, 6.5 and 6.7.

CONFIDENTIALITY

- 6.7**
- (a) After the Appeal Panel has determined the Appeal it may make a written comment on any aspect of the proceedings to the Moderator or with respect to an Appeal arising under Regulation 6.6, to the President.
 - (b) After consulting with the Appellant, the Chairperson and any person the Chairperson advises is directly affected by the determination of the Appeal, the Moderator (or with respect to an Appeal under Regulation 6.6, the President)
 - (i) may make such public statement concerning the Appeal as the Moderator (or with respect to an Appeal under Regulation 6.6, the President) considers appropriate; and
 - (ii) may make a statement to a Congregation and/or relevant bodies about the Appeal as the Moderator (or with respect to an Appeal under Regulation 6.6, the President) considers appropriate and ensure appropriate pastoral support for such congregations and/or bodies.
 - (c) Except as provided in Regulations 6.7(a) and 6.7(b), all matters concerning the Appeal including the Appeal proceedings shall be confidential. Unless otherwise determined by the Appeal Panel, no member of the Appeal Panel nor any other person who has been involved

in the proceedings shall divulge any information about it –
except to the extent compellable by law.